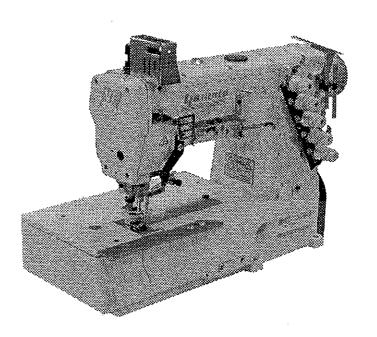
# *Ijamato*

# Instruction Manual

# HIGH SPEED FLAT BED CHAINSTITCH MACHINE

# VF2300M CLASS



Thank you for having purchased the Model VF2300M series.

Before using your VF2300M series, please read this instruction manual and understand the contents well. After reading this instruction manual, please keep it in a location where it is easy to access for operators.

M. VARATO CEUINO ALACUME ALCO CO ITA

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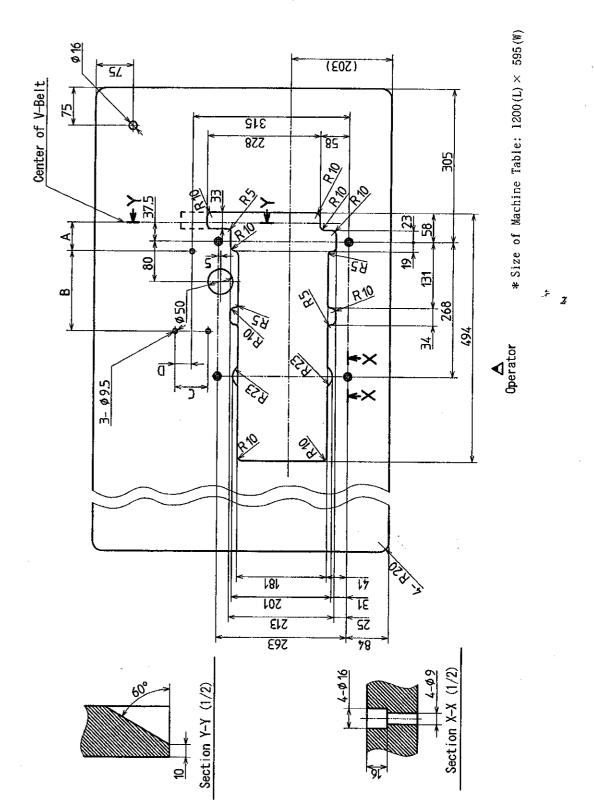
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# 1. Installation

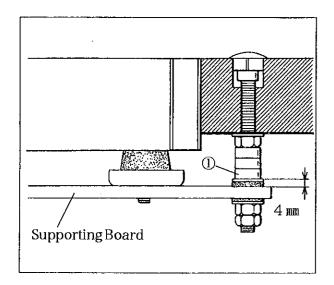
# 1-1 Diagram for cutting Table (semi-submerged type)

Applicable models: VF2300M class

Note: Refer to the instruction manual of motor for the dimension of motor installation hole: A, B, C, and D.



# 1-2Installing Supporting Board (semi-submerged type)

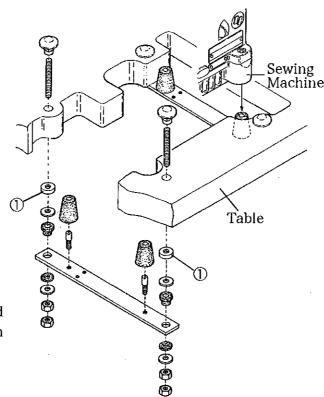


Referring to the figure, install the machine correctly. After fixing Screws on Supporting Board, fix the Board to Table. Then put Rubber Cushions on the Screws on which mount the machine securely.

☆Required number of Spacer①

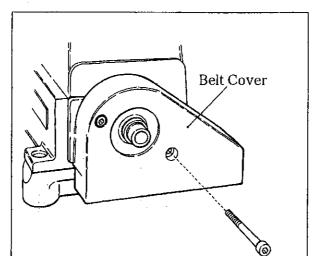
#### VF2300M class

thickness of Table	number of Spacer ①
40mm	3pcs. ×4=12pcs.
45mm	2pcs. ×4=8pcs.
50mm	lpc. ×4=4pcs.



## 1-3 Fixing Belt Cover

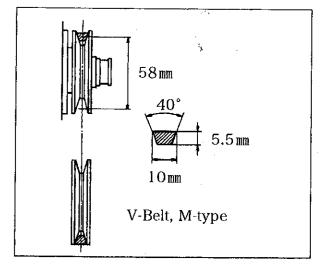
Fix Belt Cover as shown in the figure.



## 1-4 Motor and Belt

Use Clutch Motor of 3-phase, 2-pole 550W (3/4HP) and V-Belt of M-type. Position Motor so that its center aligns with the center of Machine Pulley when the Pulley is shifted to the left by treadling Pedal.

Diameter of Motor Pulley	Rotation per minute of Machine (rpm)	
(mm)	50Hz	60Hz
85mm		4600
90mm		4900
95mm		5200
100mm	4500	5500
105mm	4700	5700
110mm	5000	6000
115mm	5200	
120mm	5400	
125mm	5600	
130mm	5800	



\* The diameters of Pulleys on the market are at intervals of 5 mm; the above measurements are the nearest ones to the calculated value.

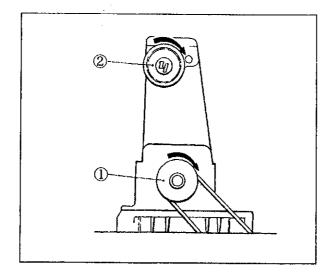
÷ 2

# 2. Sewing speed and turning direction

The maximum sewing speed and ordinary speed are shown in the table below.

To ensure your machines optimal performance long life, it is recommended to rotate at the speed about 15 - 20% lower than max. speed for initial 200 hours (about 1 month) and then at ordinary speed.

The turning direction of Pulley(1) is clockwise like Handwheel(2) as shown in the figure.



model	max. sewing speed	ordinary sewing speed
VF2300M class (with Top Cover Thread Mechanism)	6000 rpm	5500 rpm

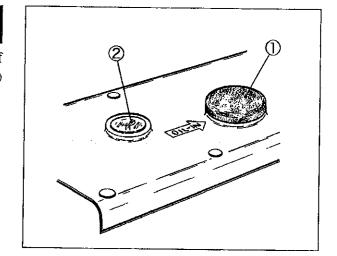
# 3. Lubrication

# 3-1 Lubricating oil to be used

The YAMATO SF OIL No. 28 should be used as lubricating oil.

### 3-2 Feeding oil

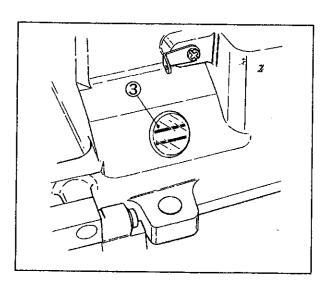
Be sure to replenish it with oil up to the upper line of Oil Sight Gauge ③ by removing rubber Seal Plug ① indicated "OIL-IN" before operation.



# 3-3 Oil Sight Gauge and Oil Sight Top Nozzle

Check Oil Sight Gauge ③ everyday before operating machine and if the oil is below the lower line, supply oil.

Make sure that oil comes out of Nozzle2.

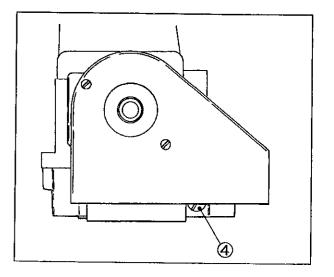


# 3-4 Changing oil

To ensure your machine optimal performance long life, oil must be changed completely after 250-hour operation.

Change oil as follows:

- (1) Remove V-Belt from Pulley and remove machine from table.
- (2) After removing Screw (4), drain oil. Take care not to smear V-Belt with oil.
- (3) After draining oil, be sure to tighten Screw4.
- (4) For replenishing oil, refer to 5-2 "Feeding oil".



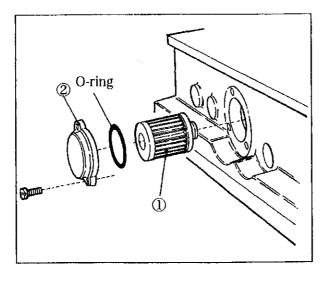
## 3-5 Checking and replacing Oil Filter

When Oil Filter ① is clogged with dirt, the proper lubrication is impossible.

Check Filter every 6 months. When the oil does not or very little comes out of Nozzle though sufficient oil is in reservoir, check the Filter.

To check Oil Filter, remove Oil Filter Cap②. When Oil Filter is clogged, replace it.

Note: Be careful not to spill the oil on Filter when removing Oil Filter Cap.



# 4. Proper operation

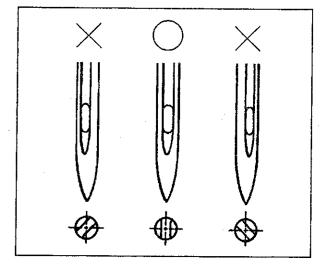
## 4-1 Needle system

Needle to be used is Schmetz or Organ UY128GAS. There are many Needle sizes and most suited size should be selected depending on thickness and kind of material.

			-			
Japanese sizes	9	10	11	12	13	14
Metric sizes	65	70	75	80	85	90

## 4-2 Fixing Needle

When replacing Needle, fix it correctly with its scarf just facing backward as shown in the figure.



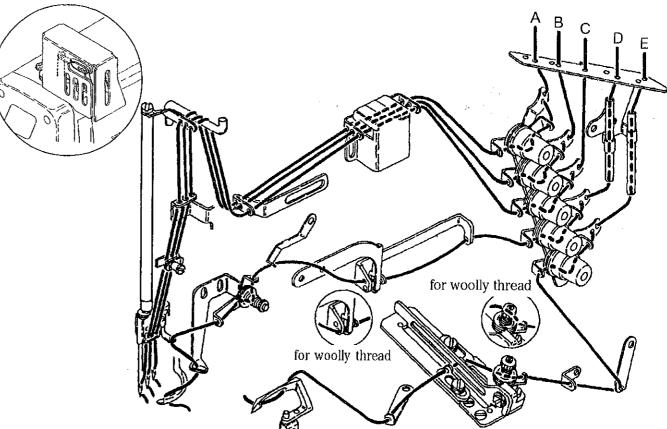
## 4-3 Threading

Thread correctly referring to the figure.

Incorrect threading may cause troubles such as skipping stitch, thread breakage, uneven seam.

A, B, C: needle thread, D: top cover thread, E: looper thread

\* The figure shows the threading for 3-needle machine. (For 2-needle machine, 2 needle threads are required.)



#### 4. Proper operation

### 4-4 Thread tension

Thread tension changes according to the thread to be used, needle distance, stitch length, etc.

Minimize thread tension according to the sewing condition so long as stable stitches can be formed.

Note: Refer to the clause regarding thread tension of "Adjusting Sewing Machine" on pages 12-14.

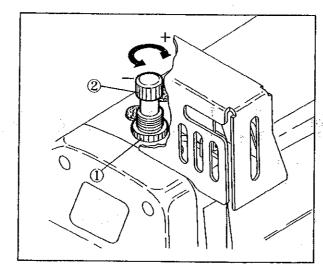
### **4-5 Pressure of Presser Foot**

6-5 Pressure of Presser Foot

To increase pressure, loosen Lock Nut① and turn Adjusting Screw② to clockwise.

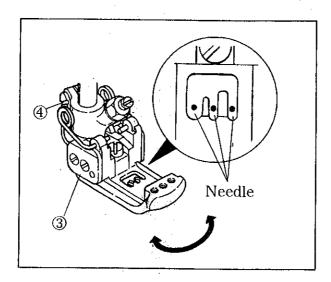
To decrease, turn the Screw@to counterclockwise.

The pressure should be minimized so long as stable stitches can be formed.



# 4-6 Adjusting Presser Foot

For adjusting lateral position of needle drop point of Presser Foot ③, loosen Screw ④ and move the tip of Presser Foot laterally against it so that the needle drops into the center of needle drop point and then tighten Screw ④.



# 4-7 Adjusting stitch length

### **⚠** CAUTION -

Whenever stitch length is adjusted, be sure to turn OFF the power and check that the motor has stopped completely. Otherwise, you may be injured.

Stitch length can be adjusted continuously from 1.4mm to 3.6 mm.

The table below shows a number of stitch per inch and per  $30\,\text{nm}$ .

atitale law ath	stitches per		
stitch length (mm)	inch	30mm	
3.6	7	8	
2.4	10.5	12.5	
1.4	18	21	

#### ☆Changing stitch length

Press Push-button () with left hand lightly until its tip can be noticed to touch inner parts.

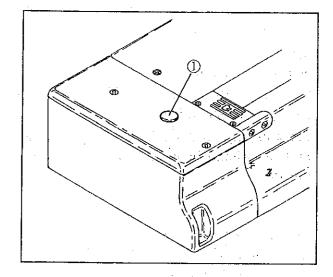
Keep pressing lightly, turn Handwheel ② with right hand until the Pushbutton drops in, then press in the Pushbutton strongly and turn Handwheel ②.

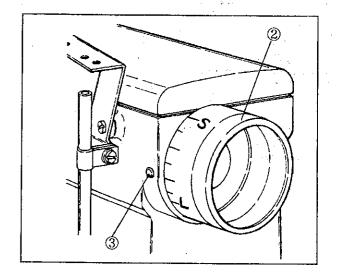
When getting graduation "L" closer to the dot ③ by turning Handwheel to clockwise, the stitch length becomes long.

At the position "L", the stitch length is about 3.6mm. When getting graduation "S", closer to the dot ③ by turning Handwheel ② to counterclockwise, the stitch length becomes short. At the position "S" the stitch length is about  $1.4\,\mathrm{mm}$ .

Even with the same graduation, the stitch length varies according to the kind and thickness of fabrics and amount differential, etc.

In that case, readjust Handwheel ② for proper position.





#### 4. Proper operation

## 4-8 Adjusting differential feed

(1) Normal differential feed (gather sewing)

Loosen Nut(1) and move Lever(2) up and down and set it at the desired position by tightening Nut(1).

When Lever is set at graduation (Long)(3), the ratio of main feed to differential feed is 1:1.

To obtain normal differential feed, raise the Lever above the graduation ③.

Graduations of upper part show 1:1.25, 1:1.5, 1:1.75, 1:2 in order from the bottom.

(2) Reverse differential feed (stretch sewing)

To obtain reverse differential feed, lower the
Lever below the graduation3.

When it is set at "S", the ratio of main feed to

(3) Adjustment of differential feed during operation To adjust differential feed during operation, connect a Chain to Lever.

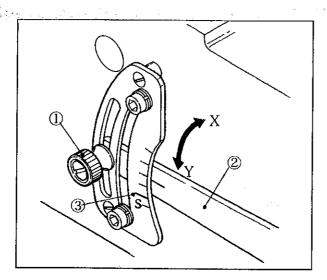
Fix Stop@(2pcs.) at the desired position to set upper and lower limits between which Lever is moved up and down.

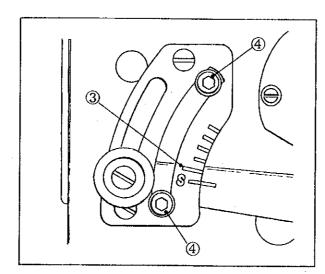
☆ The range of differential ratio varies according to the stitch length.

Please refer to the table below.

differential feed is 1:0.7.

stitch length	max. normal differential ratio	max. reverse differential ratio
3.6mm	1:1.2	1:0.7
2.5mm	1:1.6	1:0.7
2.0mm	1:1.8	1:0.7
1.4mm	1:2	1:0.7





### 4-9 "HR" and "SP" Devices

Sometimes heat generated on the needle by the friction with the material at high speed operation causes such troubles as thread breakage, skipping stitch and enlargement of needle hole on the fabrics especially when using synthetic threads and fabrics. To reduce these troubles, "HR" Device (Needle Point Cooling Device) and "SP" Device (Needle Thread Oiling Device) are attached as the standard equipment.

Most effective oil is silicone system.

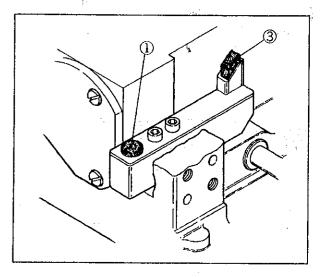
Note: Open Seal Plug① of HR Container and Lid② of SP Container and check the oil quantity.

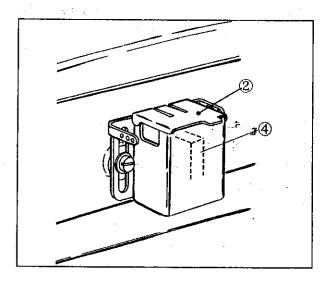
If it is running short, supply it.

We recommend to use "HR" and "SP" Devices with oil. If the oiling is not necessary judging from sewing condition, it will be better for thread and needle not to touch dry Felt in the containers.

### 

- When the device is not used, remove the felt③
  ④ from the device. If it is left in the device, the sewing condition may be adversely affected.
- When silicone oil is adhered to other than the device, be sure to wipe it off. If this precaution is not observed, a failure may result in the machine.





# 5. Adjusting Sewing Machine

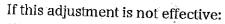
# -🛕 WARNING ----

ALWAYS turn OFF the motor switch and check that the motor has already stopped before the work. Otherwise, you may be injured.

# 5-1 Needle thread tension

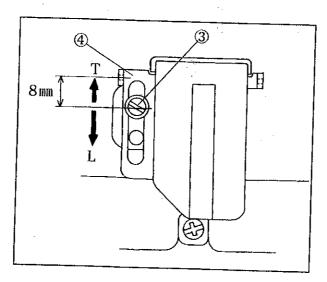
The standard distance between the left end of Needle Thread Take-up ① and the center of Screw ② (Left) is 52mm. The standard condition is that the top surface (a) of ① is level, when Needle Bar is at the top of its travel.

- (1) Loosen Screws(2).
- (2) To tighten needle thread, slide ① toward (T). To loosen, slide ① toward (L).
- (3) Tighten Screws2.



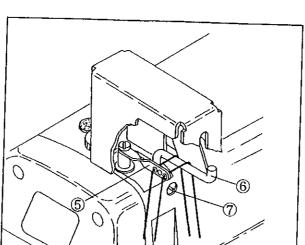
- (1) Loosen Screw3.
- (2) To tighten, slide ④ toward (T). To loosen, slide ④ toward (L).
- (3) Tighten Screw3.

Note: The standard distance is 8mm between the eye of @ and the center of Screw@.



52 mm

- ☆ When a loop of needle thread can not be formed by using stretchable thread like synthetic thread, Needle Thread Guide should be used.
- (1) Loosen Screw?.
- (2) The standard condition is that the center of eye of Needle Bar Thread Eyelet (5) is the same height with the top surface of Needle Thread Guide (6) and (5) is parallel with (6), when Needle Bar is at the bottom.
- (3) Tighten Screw 7.

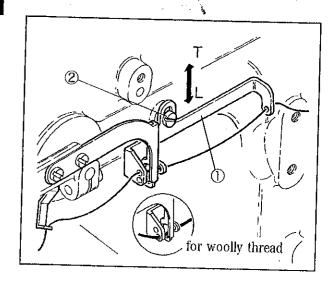


# 5-2 Top cover thread tension

- (1) To decrease the feed of thread, raise Top Cover Thread Eyelet(Right)① toward (T).
- (2) To increase, lower ① toward (L).

#### Notes

- (1) When using stretchable thread like woolly, loosen Screw② to lower ① toward (L).
- (2) When using woolly thread, thread the lower eye.



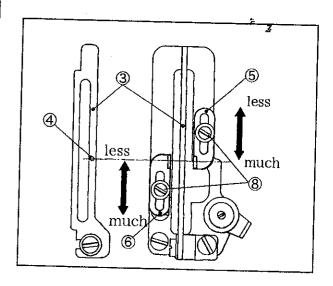
# 5-3Looper thread tension

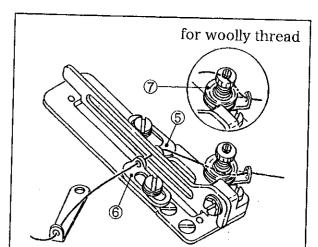
The figure shows Looper Thread Take-up area. The standard adjustment is that the holes of Eyelets⑤ and ⑥ are aligned with the dot④ on Cast-off Plate③. To increase feed of thread, loosen Screws⑧ of the Eyelets⑤ and ⑥ and move the Eyelets toward operator.

To decrease, move it away from operator.

Note: Take care not to increase feed of looper thread too much because it may cause skipping stitch.

When using woolly thread, move Eyelets ⑤ and ⑥ toward operator fully and do not pass the thread through Supplementary Tension Disc⑦.



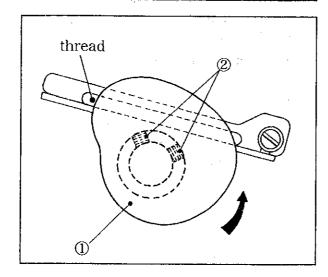


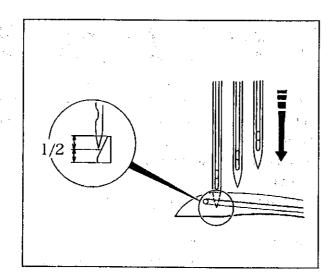
## 5-4 Position of Looper Thread Take-up

Looper Thread Take-up seen from Needle Bar side is shown below at left.

一个**不够对现在**的时候的,但是是这个一种的情况。

- (1) Loosen Screws2.
- (2) When the left Needle reaches at the half of Looper by lowering Needle Bar as shown at right, adjust so that thread is taken off at the highest point of Looper Thread Take-up().
- (3) Tighten Screws2.





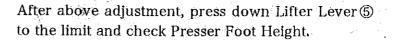
## 5-5 Removing Presser Foot and amount of Presser Foot

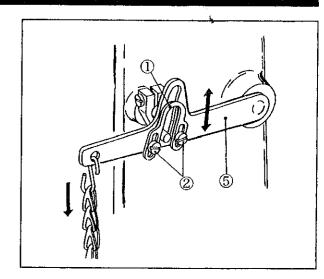
#### To remove:

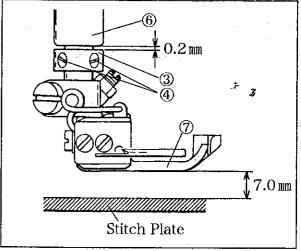
- (1) Loosen Screw② of Lifter Lever Stop① and Screws ④ of Collar③.
- (2) Press down Lifter Lever 5.

#### To adjust Presser Foot lift:

- (1) Press down ⑤ to make a space of 7.0 mm (for using Spreader?) between Stitch Plate and Presser Foot.
- (2) Tighten Screw 2.
- (3) Make a space of 0.2 mm between Presser Bar Bushing 6 and 3.
- (4) Tighten Screws 4.



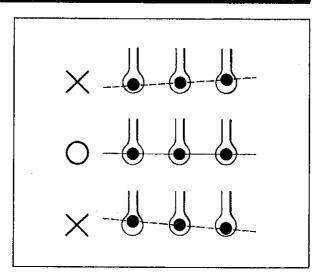




### 5-6 Relation between Needle and Stitch Plate

After adjusting the height of Needle Bar, Needles must be correctly aligned as shown by solid line.

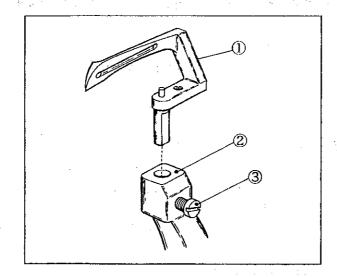
Take care not to be in the condition as shown by dotted line.



## 5-7 Fixing angle and height of Looper

- (1) Insert Looper (1) into Looper Holder (2) fully.
- (2) Tighten Screw3.

The angle of 3° and the height are set accordingly.



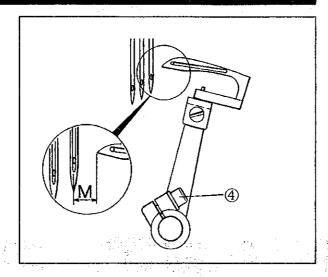
## 5-8 Movement of Looper to the right

Looper is at the rightmost position, the distance (M) is made between the center line of the right Needle and the point of Looper. According to the needle distance, the distance(M) is different. See the following table. (1) To adjust, loosen Screw@ of Looper Holder. Note: Even when the needle distance is different, the distance between the center of Needle Bar and the point of Looper is 6mm.

When Needles are at the bottom of their travel and

Needle Distance (Mark)	Movement of Looper to the right (M)	
3, 2mm (A)	4.4mm	
4. Omm (B)	<b>4.</b> Orom	
4.8mm (C)	3.6mm	
5.6mm (D)	3. 2mm	
6.4mm (E)	2. 8mn	

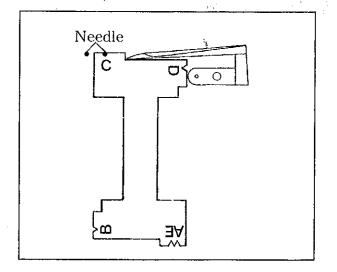
☆ For easy adjustment of the distance(M), Timing Gauge(#95220) should be used. Timing Gauge is an extra part. Please place an order with our agents or directly with us, if required.



## 5-9 Using Timing Gauge

Timing Gauge has the marks (A,B,C,D,E) for each needle distance.

- (1) Loosen Screw4 of Looper Holder.
- (2) When Looper is at the rightmost, fit the corresponding "V" groove of Timing Gauge into the right Needle and fit the point of Looper to Timing Gauge.
- (3) Tighten Screw 4.



# 5-10 Height of Needle Bar

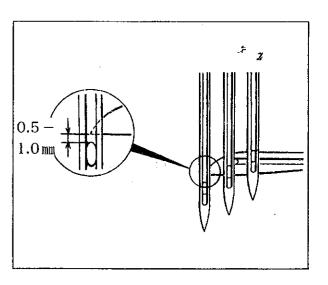
#### Notes:

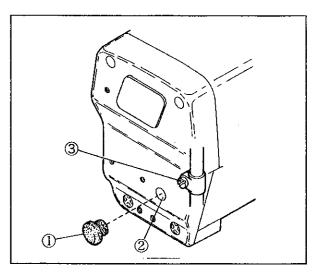
- (1) Needle must be inserted into Needle Clamp fully to be screwed.
- (2) Looper must be inserted into Looper Holder fully to be screwed.

The height of Needle is fixed on the basis of Looper. When the point of Looper is at the center of the left Needle, the height of Looper must be 0.5 - 1.0 mm above the needle eye.

#### To adjust:

- (1) Insert a screwdriver into the hole① of Head Cover.
- (2) Loosen Screw@ of Needle Bar Bracket.
- (3) Move Needle Bar up and down to adjust the height.
- (4) Tighten Screw2.

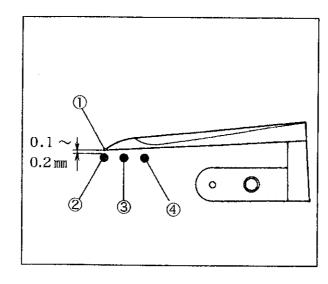




## 5-11 Longitudinal position of Needle and Looper

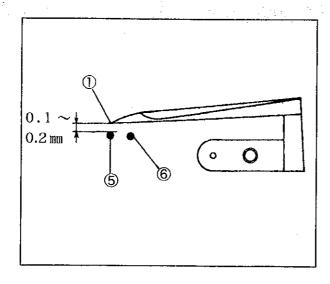
#### ☆ for 3 Needles

- (1) Loosen Screw of Looper Holder.
- (2) When the point ① of Looper meets the left Needle
  ②, the clearance between them must be 0.1 − 0.
  2 mm.
- (3) When the point ① of Looper meets the center Needle ③, a clearance between them must be 0 0.05 mm.
- When the point① of Looper meets the right Needle④, they contact slightly (about 0.2mm).
- (4) Make a clearance of 0 − 0.05mm between the point of Looper and Needle by pushing Needle Guard (Rear) against Needle .



#### ☆ for 2 Needles

- (1) Loosen Screw of Looper Holder.
- (2) When the point ① of Looper meets the left Needle ⑤, the clearance between them must be 0.1-0.2 mm.
- (3) When the point of Looper meets the right Needle (6), they contact slightly (about 0.2mm).
- (4) Make a clearance of 0-0.05mm between the point of Looper and Needle® by pushing Needle Guard (Rear).



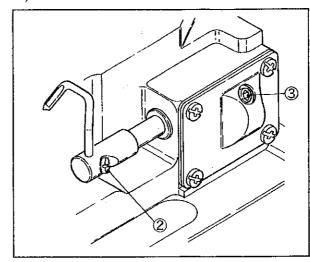
## 5-12 Needle and Needle Guard (Rear)

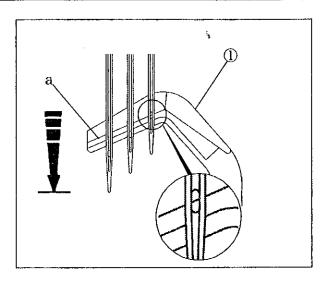
#### ☆ The height of Needle Guard(Rear)

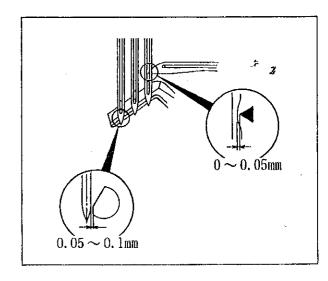
When the Needle is at its bottom position, align the line(a) on Needle Guard(Rear)① with the center of needle eye.

# ☆ Longitudinal position of Needle Guard (Rear)

- (1) Loosen Screws2 and 3.
- (2) When the point of Looper comes to the center of the right Needle, make a clearance of  $0-0.05\,\mathrm{mm}$  between Needle and Looper by pressing Needle Guard(Rear) on Needle.
- (3) Adjust a clearance of  $0-0.05\,\mathrm{mm}$  between the left Needle and Needle Guard(Rear). (Refer to the clause 7-11).

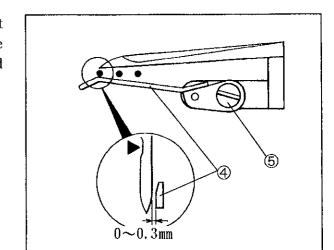






## 5-13 Needle and Needle Guard (Front)

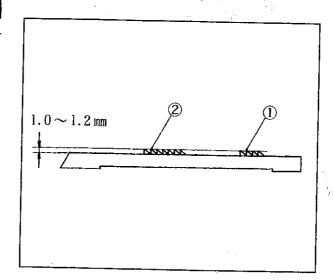
When the point of Looper comes to the center of left and right Needles, loosen Screw 5 and make the clearances of  $0-0.3\,\text{mm}$  between those Needles and Needle Guard (Front) 4.



# 5-14 Height of Feed Dogs

When Feed Dogs are at the top position, the surface of Feed Dogs and the surface of Stitch Plate are parallel with each other.

- (1) Make Differential Feed Dog (1) and Main Feed Dog (2) to be at the same height.
- (2) Make a distance of 1.0 1.2mm from the surface of Stitch Plate to the surface of Feed Dogs.



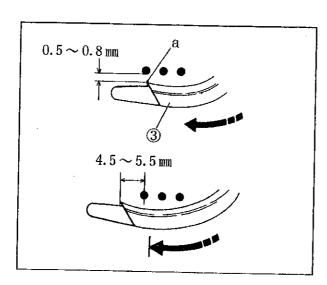
# 5-15 Needle and Spreader

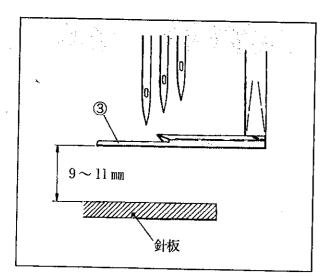
### 5-15-1 Installing Spreader

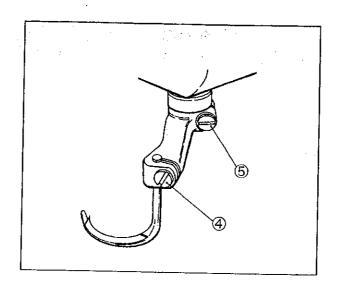
— To make a space of  $0.5-0.8\,\mathrm{mm}$  between the left Needle and the hook(a) of Spreader ①, loosen Screw ② and adjust.

To make a distance of  $9-11\,\mathrm{mm}$  from Stitch Plate to Spreader(1), loosen Screw(2) and adjust.

— To make a distance of 4.5-5.5mm from the hook(a) to the center line of the left Needle, when reaching Spreader(1) to its leftmost loosen Screw(3) and adjust.

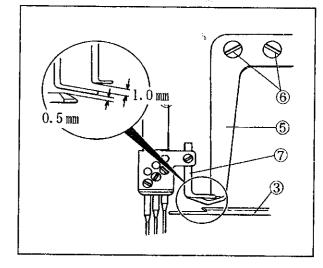






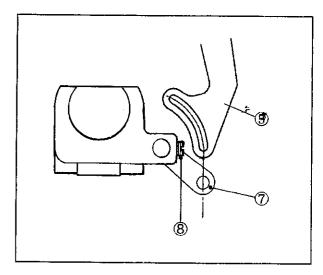
#### 5-15-2 Installing Top Cover Thread Guide

- (1) Loosen Screws® to make a space of 0.5mm between Top Cover Thread Guide® and Spreader®.
- (2) When reaching Spreader 3 to the rightmost (at the position that thread can be hooked smoothly), tighten Screws 6.



### 5-15-3 Installing Top Cover Thread Eyelet

- (1) Loosen Screw®.
- (2) When Needle Bar is at the bottom of its travel, make a space of 1.0mm between Top Cover Thread Guide and Top Cover Thread Eyelet?.
- (3) Position the eye of Top Cover Thread Eyelet ⑦ on the prolongation of slot of Top Cover Thread Guide ⑤.
- (4) Tighten Screw®.
- \* Adjust above Spreader, Top Cover thread Guide, and Top Cover Thread Eyelet properly depending on the thread.



# 6. Specifications

Dimensions	500 (L) ×250 (W) ×430 (H) mm
Weight	41kg
Stitch Type	I S O 406,407,602,605
Applications	Covering seam of knitted wear, etc.
Sewing Speed	Up to 6000rpm (during intermittent operation)
Stitch Length	1.4~3.6mm number of stitch: 7 - 18 stitch/inch 8 - 21 stitch/30mm
Needle System	Schmetz or Organ UY128GAS #65 - #90
Needle Distance	2 needles: 3.2, 4.0, 4.8mm
Tveedie Distance	3 needles: 4.8, 5.6, 6.4mm
Needle Stroke	31mm
Presser Foot Lift	7.0mm (with Top Cover Thread Mechanism)
Feed Regulation	By Pushbutton
Differential Ratio	Max. normal differential ratio: 1:2 Max. reverse differential ratio: 1:0.7
Differential Feed Regulation	Adjustment during operation is possible by moving Lever up and down from the outside.
Lubrication	Automatic Lubrication by Oil Pump
Lubricating Oil	YAMATO SF OIL NO. 28
Capacity of Oil Reservoir	1100cc
Installation	Semi-submerged type

