# **PFAFF**

3811 - 2/55 -11/55; -11/65 -14/55; -14/65; -14/71

**Instruction Manual** 

This instruction manual applies to machines from the following serial numbers onwards:

# 2200294 ---



This instruction manual applies to all versions and subclasses listed under "Specifications".

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	Contents	Chapter - Page
1	Safety	1 - 1
1.01	Directives	
1.02	General notes on safety	1 - 1
1.03	Safety symbols	1 - 2
1.04	Important points for the user	1 - 2
1.05	Operating and specialist personnel	1 - 3
1.05.01	Operating personnel	1 - 3
1.05.02	Specialist personnel	1 - 3
1.06	Danger warnings	1 - 4
2	Proper use	2 - 1
3	Specifications	3 - 1
4	Disposal of Machine	4 - 1
5	Transportation, packing and storage	5 - 1
5.01	Transportation to customer's premises	5 - 1
5.02	Transportation inside the customer's premises	5 - 1
5.03	Disposal of packing materials	5 - 1
5.04	Storage	5 - 1
6	Explanation of symbols	6 - 1
7	Controls	7 - 1
7.01	Main switch	7 - 1
7.02	Pedal	7 - 1
7.03	Presser bar lifter	7 - 2
7.04	Knee Switch	7 - 2
7.05	Edge guide (only on PFAFF 3811-2/55 model)	7 - 3
7.06	Reverse-feed control lever	7 - 3
7.07	Lever for disengaging the tape feeding device (only on the PFAFF 3811-14/	71) 7 - 4
7.08	Switch for the edge trimming device	7 - 4
7.09	Keyboard (not on the PFAFF 3811-14/71)	
7.10	Tape feeder (not on the PFAFF 3811-14/71)	7 - 6
7.11	Graphics operating panel	
7.11.01	Display	
7.11.02	Operational mode keys	7 - 8
7.11.03	Function keys	
7.11.04	Number keys	7 - 8
8	Installation and commissioning	8 - 1
8.01	Installation	8 - 1
8.01.01	Adjusting the table height	8 - 1
8.01.02	Tensioning the v-belt	8 - 2
8.01.03	Fitting the upper belt guard	8 - 2
8.01.04	Fitting the lower belt guard	8 - 3
8.01.05	Fitting the synchronizer	8 - 3

# Index

	Contents	Chapter -	- Pa	ge
8.01.06	Assembling and fitting the reel stand		8	- 4
8.02	Commissioning		8	- 4
8.03	Switching the machine on/off		8	- 5
9	Setting up			
9.01	Inserting the needle on single-needle machines		9	- 1
9.02	Threading the needle thread and regulating its tension		9	- 2
9.03	Threading the looper thread and regulating its tension		9	- 3
9.04	Threading the fixing tape (not on the PFAFF 3811-14/71)		9	- 4
9.05	Threading the bridle tape (only on the PFAFF 3811-14/71)		9	- 5
9.06	Fullness input (not on the PFAFF 3811-14/71)		9	- 6
9.07	Selecting the language (only on machines with graphics operating panel)		9	- 6
10	Sewing		. 10	- 1
10.01	Machines without graphics operating panel (manual sewing)		. 10	- 1
10.02	Machines with graphics operating panel		. 10	- 1
10.02.01	Manual sewing with one amount of fullness (program number 0)		. 10	- 1
10.02.02	Manual sewing of 2 amounts of fullness alternately (program number 1)		. 10	- 3
10.02.03	Programmed sewing (program numbers 2 – 200)		. 10	- 4
10.02.04	Program interruption			
10.02.05	Error alarms			
11	Input (only on machines with graphics operating panel)		11	- 1
11.01	Overview of the functions in the operational mode INPUT		11	- 1
11.01.01	Overview of the functions in the input menu		11	- 2
11.01.02	Selection of functions from the input menu		11	- 2
11.01.03	Explanation of the functions in input menu		. 11	- 4
11.02	Summary of the functions of the tape feeding device (only on the 3811-14/	71)	. 11	- 6
11.02.01	Explanation of the functions of the tape feeding device		. 11	- 7
11.03	Input and alteration of seam programs		. 11	- 9
11.03.01	Teach In		. 11	- 9
11.03.02	Programming / Alterations		. 11	- 11
11.04	An example of seam programming		. 11	- 12
11.05	Example of seam programming with the Teach-in function		. 11	- 15
12	Care and Maintenance			
12.01	Cleaning			
12.02	Machine oil level			
12.03	Lubricating the top feed joints		. 12	- 2
12.04	Checking/adjusting the air pressure		. 12	- 3
12.05	Cleaning the air filter of the air-filter/lubricator	•••••	. 12	- 3
13	Adjustment			
13.01	Notes on adjustment			
13.02	Tools, gauges and other equipment			
13.03	Abbreviations			
13.04	Control and adjustment aids		. 13	- 2

# Index

	Contents	Chapter	- Pag	је
13.05	Adjusting the basic machine		.13 -	3
13.05.01	Adjust the synchonizer		. 13 -	3
13.05.02	Needle to needle hole		. 13 -	4
13.05.03	Preliminary adjustment of the needle height		.13 -	5
13.05.04	Neutral position of the main feed dog		. 13 -	6
13.05.05	Neutral position of the differential feed dog			
13.05.06	Feeding motion of the main feed dog and the differential feed dog			
13.05.07	Lifting motion of the main feed dog and differential feed dog			
	(only on the PFAFF 3811-2/55 and the PFAFF 3811-14/71 models)		. 13 -	9
13.05.08	Lifting motion of the main feed dog			
13.05.09	Lifting motion of the differential feed dog			
13.05.10	Position of the main and the differential feed dog on the PFAFF 3811-2/55.			
13.05.11	Position of the main and the differential feed dog on the PFAFF 3811-14/71			
13.05.11	Positioning the main and differential feed dogs			
13.05.12	Position of the main and the differential feed dog on the			
	PFAFF 3811-11/55, -14/55, -11/65, -14/65		. 13 -	14
13.05.13	Neutral position of the top feed dog			
13.05.14	Front linkage rod to top feed drive			
13.05.15	Aligning the presser foot			
13.05.16	Lift height of the automatic presser foot lift			
13.05.17	Feeding motion of the top feed dog			
13.05.18	Top feed stroke			
13.05.19	Lifting motion of the top feed dog			
13.05.20	Stitch length limitation			
13.05.21	Basic setting of the differential adjustment mechanism			
13.05.22	Setting the standard stitch length (not on the PFAFF 3811-2/55 and -14/71)			
13.05.23	Looper avoiding motion			
13.05.24	Looper motion			
13.05.25	Looper height and looper angle			
13.05.26	Looper-to-needle clearance in sewing direction			
13.05.27	Looper-to-needle clearance crosswise to sewing direction			
13.05.28	Final adjustment of the needle height			
13.05.29	Height of rear needle guard			
13.05.29	Clearance between rear needle guard and needle			
13.05.30	Position of the front needle guard (does not apply to all machines)			
13.05.31	Guard of looper-avoiding-motion eccentric			
13.05.32	Take- up lever			
13.05.34	Basic setting of the needle thread regulator and the thread guide			
13.05.34	-			
13.05.36	Looper thread regulator and looper thread take-up Looper thread puller			
13.05.36	·			
13.05.37	Top feed dog and sewing foot pressure		. 13 -	41
13.06	Adjusting the thread-trimming device -900/71			
13.06.01	Pre-adjust the thread catcher			
13.06.02	Positioning the ball stud			
13.06.03	Position of thread catcher to needle		. 13 -	44

# Index

	Contents	Chapter - Page
13.06.04 13.06.05 13.06.06	Thread catcher interlock Tension release Cutting test	13 - 46
13.07	Adjusting the tape dispenser (not on the PFAFF 3811-14/71)	13 - 48
13.08 13.08.01 13.08.02 13.08.03 13.08.04 13.08.05	Adjusting the edge trimming mechanism  Knife stroke  Neutral position  Starting position of the cylinder  Knife height  Knife position crosswise to sewing direction	13 - 49 13 - 50 13 - 51 13 - 52
13.09 13.09.01 13.09.02 13.09.03 13.09.04	Adjusting the tape feeding device  Adjusting the knife  Setting the evaluation function of the photoelectric beam  Adjusting the air jets  Fastening the light guides	13 - 54 13 - 55 13 - 56
13.10	Parameter settings	13 - 58
13.11	Table of inputs and outputs	13 - 59
13.12	Table of inputs and outputs for the tape feeding device	13 - 60
14	Circuit diagrams	14 - 1

## 1 Safety

#### 1.01 Regulations

This machine is constructed in accordance with the European regulations indicated in the conformity and manufacturer's declarations.

In addition to this instruction manual, please also observe all generally accepted, statutory and other legal requirements, including those of the user's country, and the applicable pollution control regulations!

The valid regulations of the regional social insurance society for occupational accidents or other supervisory authorities are to be strictly adhered to!

#### 1.02 General notes on safety

- The machine must only be operated by adequately trained operators and only when the instruction manual has been fully read and understood!
- All notices on safety and the instruction manual of the motor manufacturer are to be read before the machine is put into operation!
- All notes on the machine concerning danger and safety must be observed!
- The machine must be used for the purpose for which it is intended and must not be operated without its safety devices; all regulations relevant to safety must be adhered to.
- When part sets are changed (e.g. needle, presser foot, needle plate, feed dog or bobbin), during threading, when the workplace is left unattended and during maintenance work, the machine must be disconnected from the power supply by turning off the on/off switch or removing the plug from the mains!
- Daily maintenance work must only be carried out by appropriately trained persons!
- Repairs and special maintenance work must only be carried out by qualified technical staff or persons with appropriate training!
- During maintenance or repairs on the pneumatic system the machine must be disconnected from the compressed air supply! The only exception to this is when adjustments or function checks are carried out by appropriately trained technical staff!
- Work on the electrical equipment must only be carried out by technical staff who are qualified to do so!
- Work on parts or equipment connected to the power supply is not permitted! The only exceptions to this are specified in regulations EN 50110.
- Conversion or modification of the machine must only be carried out under observation of all relevant safety regulations!

**PFAFF** 1 - 1

# Safety

Only spare parts which have been approved by us are to be used for repairs! We draw special attention to the fact that spare parts and accessories not supplied by us have not been subjected to testing nor approval by us. Fitting and/or use of any such parts may cause negative changes to the design characteristics of the machine. We shall not accept any liability for damage caused by the use of non-original parts.

#### 1.03 Safety symbols



Danger!
Special points to observe.



Danger of injury to operating or technical staff!



#### Caution

Do not operate without finger guard and safety devices. Before threading, changing bobbin and needle, cleaning etc. switch off main switch.

#### 1.04 Important notes for the user

 This instruction manual belongs to the equipment of the machine and must be available to the operating staff at all times.

This instruction manual must be read before the machine is operated for the first time.

- Both operating and technical staff must be instructed on the safety devices of the machine and on safe working methods.
- It is the duty of the user to operate the machine in perfect running order only.
- The user must ensure that none of the safety devices are removed nor put out of working order.
- The user must ensure that only authorized persons operate and work on the machine.

For further information please refer to your PFAFF agency.

1 - 2 **PFAFF** 

## 1.05 Notes for operating and technical staff

#### 1.05.01 Operating staff

Operating staff are the persons responsible for setting up, operating and cleaning the machine and for removing any disturbances in the sewing area.

The operating staff are obliged to observe the following points, and must:

- always observe the notes on safety in this instruction manual!
- avoid using any working methods which adversely effect the safety of the machine!
- avoid wearing loose-fitting clothing or jewelry such as necklaces or rings!
- also ensure that only authorized persons are allowed near the danger area of the machine!
- immediately report to the user any changes to the machine that may affect its safety!

#### 1.05.02 Technical staff

Technical staff are persons who have been trained in electrical engineering, electronics, pneumatics and mechanical engineering. They are responsible for lubricating, servicing, repairing and adjusting the machine.

The technical staff are obliged to observe the following points, and must:

- always observe the notes on safety in this instruction manual!
- switch off the on/off switch before carrying out adjustment and repair work and ensure it cannot be switched on again unintentionally!
- never work on parts or equipment still connected to the power supply! Exceptions to this are only permissible according to regulations EN 50110;
- disconnected the machine from the compressed air supply when carrying out maintenance or repair work on pneumatic equipment!
   Exceptions to this are only permissible for function checks;
- replace all safety covers after carrying out maintenance or repair work!

**PFAFF** 1 - 3

#### 1.06 Danger warnings



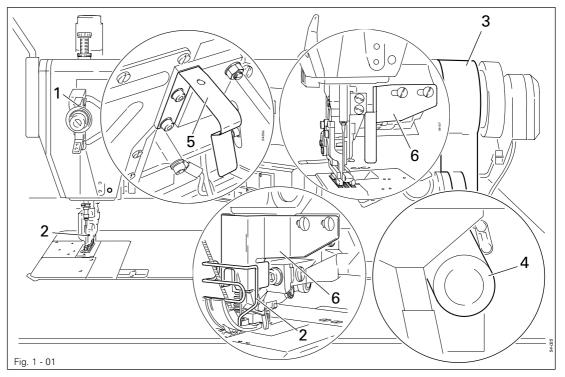
A working area of 1 m must be kept free both in front of and behind the machine, so that easy access is possible at all times.



Never put your hands in the sewing area during sewing! Danger of injury by the needle!



While setting or adjusting the machine do not leave any objects on the table nor in the needle plate area! Objects may be trapped or slung out of the mach-ine!





Do not operate the machine without take-up lever guard 1! Danger of injury from the movement of the take-up lever!



Do not operate the machine without finger guard 2! Danger of injury by the needle!



Do not operate the machine without belt guard 3 and 4! Danger of injury by running drive belts!



Do not operate the machine without tilt lock **5**!

Danger of crushing between the sewing head and table top!



Do not operate machines with edge trimming device without finger guard **6**! Do not place fingers in the cutting area between needle plate and knife! Danger of injury from the cutting motion of the knife!



Do not operate machines with a tape feeding device when this is disengaged. Danger of injury from the knife and needle!

# 2 Proper use

The **PFAFF 3811-2/55** is an integrated workplace used in the shoe industry for applying fullness to one material ply.

The PFAFF3811-11/55,

PFAFF3811-11/65,

PFAFF 3811-14/55 and

**PFAFF 3811-14/65** are integrated workplaces used in the upholstery industry for applying fullness to one material ply.

The PFAFF 3811-14/71 is an integrated workplace for bridle-taping the back, side and front parts of jackets with the application of fullness at the same time.

Maschinentyp	Ausstattung
3811-11/55	
3811-2/55	with edge guide (used in the shoe industry)
3811-11/65	with graphics operating panel
3811-14/55	with edge trimmer
3811-14/65	with graphics operating panel and edge trimmer
3811-14/71	with graphics control panel, edge trimmer, thread trimmer and tape feeding device.



Any use of these machines which is not approved by the manufacturer shall be considered as improper use! The manufacturer shall not be liable for any damage arising out of improper use! Proper use shall also be considered to include compliance with the operation, adjustment, service and repair measures specified by the manufacturer!

**PFAFF** 2 - 1

# Specifications

# 3 Specifications<sup>▲</sup>

Sewing machine head	
3811-2/55:	5487/5489-814/01
3811-11/55; -11/65:	5487/5489-814/01
3811-14/55; -14/65; -14/71:	5487/5489-814/01
Stitch type:	
Max. speed:	3200 stitches/min.
Basic stitch length	
3811-2/55:	
3811-11/55, -11/65, 3811-14/55, -14/65:	4.0 mm
3811-14/71:	
Second stitch length (not on the 3811-14/71)::	3 mm
Differential feed motion	
3811-2/55:	
3811-11/55, -11/65, 3811-14/55, -14/65:	4.0 – 8.0 mm
3811-14/71:	2.7 - 6.0 mm
Needle system (system for 3811-2/55 in brackets)	
Needle (Nm) size in 1/100 mm:	•
Sewing thread (thread for 3811-14/71 in brackets)	
Eff. balance wheel diameter:	65 mm
Presser foot clearance:	
3811-2/55	7 mm
3811-11/55; -11/65, -14/55; -14/65	
3811-14/71:	5 mm
Sewing motor:	see Motor Service Manual
Input power rating:	
Input voltage:	E 230 V, 50/60 Hz
Working air pressure:	6 bar
Air consumption:	
Noise data:	
Emission sound level at the workplace at a speed of 2600 spm:.	79 dB(A)
(Noise measurement in accordance with DIN 45 635-48-A-1, ISO	) 11204, ISO 3744, ISO 4871)
Machine dimensions:	
Length:	
Width (value for 3811-14/71 in brackets) app	
Height (with reel stand):	approx. 1700 mm
Weight (net).	Approx. 140 kg

<sup>▲</sup> Subject to alterations

3 - 1 **PFAFF** 

 $<sup>\</sup>ensuremath{^{\bullet}}$  Dependent on material, work cycle and stitch length

# 4 Disposal of Machine

- Proper disposal of the machine is the responsibility of the customer.
- The materials used for the machine are steel, aluminium, brass and various plastic materials.

The electrical equipment comprises plastic materials and copper.

• The machine is to be disposed of according to the locally valid pollution control regulations; if necessary, a specialist ist to be commissioned.



Care must be taken that parts soiled with lubricants are disposed of separately according to the locally valid pollution control regulations!

**PFAFF** 4 - 1

# Transportation, packing and storage

## 5 Transportation, packing and storage

#### 5.01 Transportation to customer's premises

All machines are delivered completely packed.

#### 5.02 Transportation inside the customer's premises

The manufacturer cannot be made liable for transportation inside the customer's premises nor to other operating locations. It must be ensured that the machines are only transported in an upright position.

#### 5.03 Disposal of packing materials

The packing materials of this machine comprise paper, cardboard and VCE fibre. Proper disposal of the packing material is the responsibility of the customer.

#### 5.04 Storage

If the machine is not in use, it can be stored as it is for a period of up to six months, but It should be protected against dust and moisture.

If the machine is stored for longer periods, the individual parts, especially the surfaces of moving parts, must be protected against corrosion, e.g. by a film of oil.

5 - 1 **PFAFF** 

# Explanation of symbols

# 6 Explanation of symbols

In this instruction manual, work to be carried out or important information is accentuated by symbols. These symbols have the following meanings:



Note, information



Cleaning, care



Lubrication



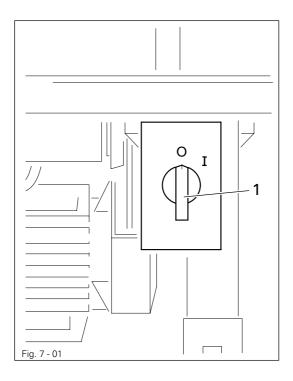
Maintenance, repairs, adjustment, service work (only to be carried out by technical staff)

**PFAFF** 6 - 1

# **Controls**

## 7 Controls

#### 7.01 Main switch

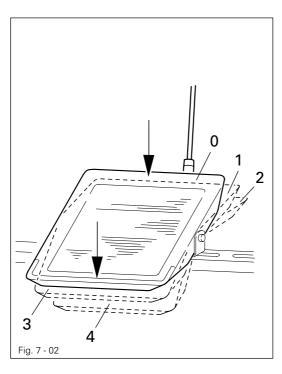


 The machine is switched on or off by turning main switch 1.



The illustrated main switch is fitted to machines with Quick motors. If other motors are used, different switches may be fitted.

#### 7.02 Pedal



0 = Neutral position

1 = Lower presser foot / Feed bridle tape

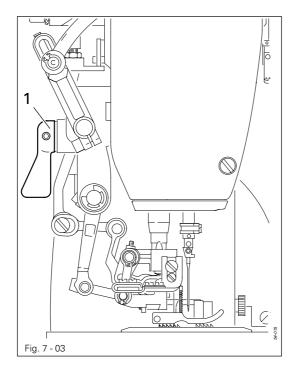
2 = Sewing

3 = Raise presser foot

4 = Trim threads / Prepare bridle tape

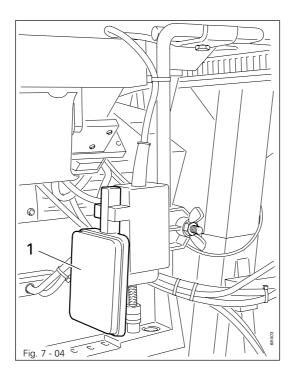
7 - 1 **PFAFF** 

# 7.03 Presser bar lifter



 The presser foot is raised by turning lever 1.

## 7.04 Knee Switch



## Manual sewing:

 By operating knee switch 1 it is possible to alternate between two pre-set amounts of fullness.

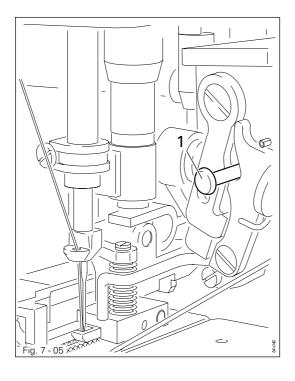
#### Programmed sewing:

 By operating knee switch 1 the amounts of fullness are changed according to the program selected.

**PFAFF** 7 - 2

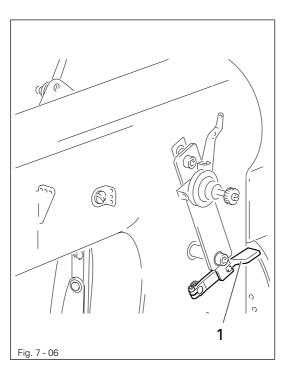
# **Controls**

# 7.05 Edge guide (only on PFAFF 3811-2/55 model)



- By pressing down lever 1 the edge guide is engaged.
- By raising lever 1 the edge guide is disengaged.

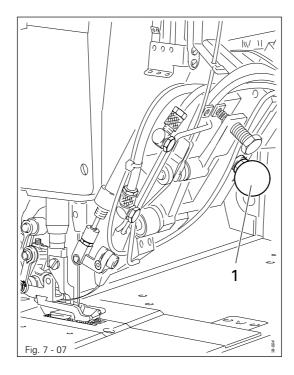
# 7.06 Reverse-feed control lever



 To sew condensed stitches, press lever 1 down.

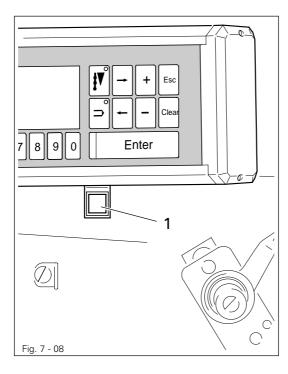
7 - 3 **PFAFF** 

# 7.07 Lever for disengaging the tape feeding device (only on the PFAFF 3811-14/71)



 The tape feeding device can be disengaged with lever 1.

# 7.08 Switch for the edge trimming device



• The edge trimming device can be switched on and off by pressing switch 1.

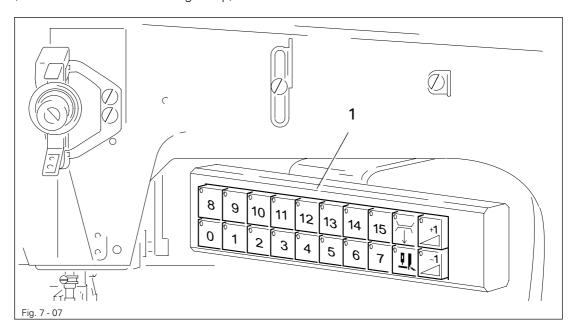
**PFAFF** 7 - 4

#### **7.09 Keyboard** (not on the PFAFF 3811-14/71)

Keyboard 1 helps to operate the machine quickly during sewing.

The respective diode of the 20 keys shows the activated key function.

(Function activated = diode lights up).



#### Number keys (0 - 15)

- By pressing a key the fullness to be applied is called up completely or partially.
  - Key 0: No fullness is applied.
  - Key 15: The maximum fullness (pre-set value) is called up.
- By pressing two neighbouring number keys at the same time, the corresponding intermediate value is called up.



On machines with a graphics operating panel the partial steps 0-15 can be defined as required, on machines without a graphics operating panel, the partial steps are set.



#### Tape brake

By pressing a key, the tape brake is engaged or disengaged.
 When the tape brake is engaged, the gathering of the material is increased.



#### Edge trimming mechanism

• By pressing a key the edge trimming mechanism is engaged or disengaged.



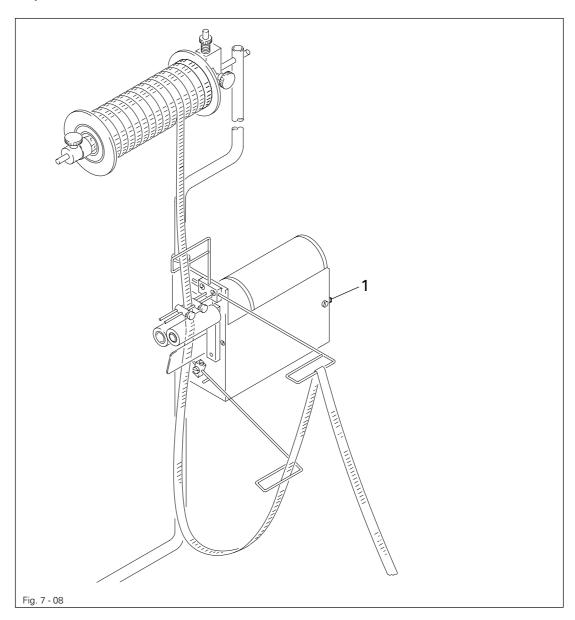


#### Corrective value + / corrective value -

• By pressing a key the fullness value is increased or reduced in 2 steps.

7 - 5 **PFAFF** 

# 7.10 Tape feeder (not on the PFAFF 3811-14/71)

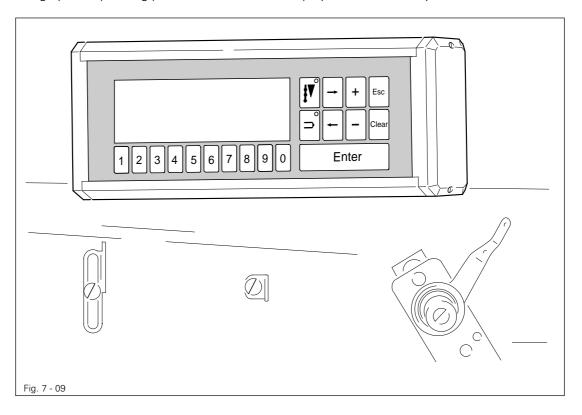


• The tape feeder is switched on and off with switch 1.

**PFAFF** 7 - 6

## 7.11 Graphics operating panel

The graphics operating panels consists of the display screen and 2 key zones.



# 7.11.01 Display

In its basic condition the displays on the screen are divided into 3 part sections:

#### Status line

In the top section of the display screen there is a status line, where up to 5 pictographs with their corresponding values can be displayed (e.g. program number, number of seam sections etc.).

#### Pictograph strip

In the bottom section there is the pictograph line. The functions of the symbols, which appear here, can be called up using the **number keys**. Activated functions are displayed by an inverse symbol.



Normal symbol (function not activated)



Inverse symbol (function activated)

7 - 7 **PFAFF** 

# 7.11.02 Operational mode keys

There are two different modes of operation. The selected mode is shown by the diode of the respective key.



Operational mode SEWING has been selected



- Operational mode ENTER has been selected
- If the operational mode **ENTER** has already been selected, the standard condition is selected.

## 7.11.03 Function keys



Arrow keys (right/left)

- Positioning of cursor if several values are entered in one line
- Turning over menu pages
- Changing zones during programming and seam interruption



#### Plus/Minus keys

- Increasing or reducing input values
- Selection of sign for sign-dependent inputs
- Selection of program number



#### Esc-key

- Interruption of functions without taking over the input value
- Return to superior menu functions

# Clear

#### Clear key

- Setting input values at 0

#### Enter

#### Enter key

- Confirmation of an input value / finishing an input
- Switching to another zone when programming or interrupting a seam
- Confirmation of error correction after error alarm

#### 7.11.04 Number keys



Beneath the display there is a strip with number keys.

Depending on the operating condition, the keys have the following functions:

- Executing a function illustrated by the symbol of the corresponding key
- Input of a numerical value (if no symbol is entered with a number key)
- Selection of functions or of the next menu level

**PFAFF** 7 - 8

The machine must only be installed and commissioned by qualified personnel! All relevant safety regulations must be observed!



If the machine is delivered without a table, be sure to use a stand and table top that can bear the weight of the machine and the motor reliably.

It is very important to ensure that support of the machine on its stand is firm and steady, also during sewing.

## 8.01 Installation

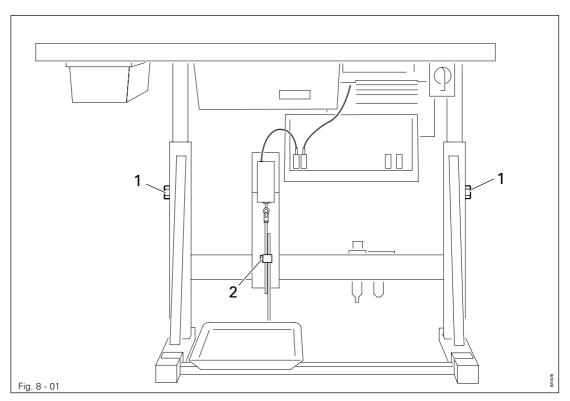
The site where the machine is installed must be provided with power connections (see Chapter 3, Specifications).

It must be ensured that the standing surface of the machine site is firm and horizontal, and that sufficient lighting is provided for.



For packing and transportation reasons the table top is in the lowered position. The table height is adjusted as described below.

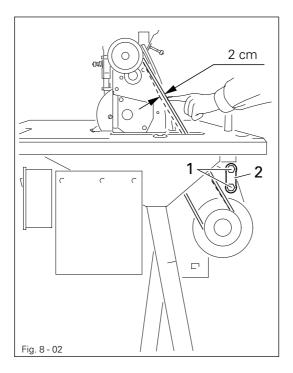
#### 8.01.01 Adjusting the table height



- Loosen screws 1 and 2 and set the table height as required.
- Firmly tighten screws 1.
- Set the required pedal position and tighten screw 2.

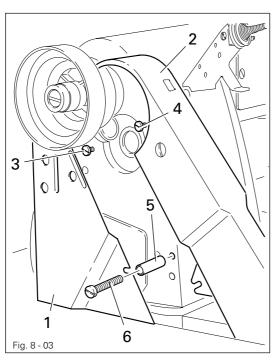
**PFAFF** 8 - 1

# 8.01.02 Tensioning the v-belt



- Loosen nuts 1.
- Tension the v-belt with motor bracket 2.
- Tighten nuts 1 firmly.

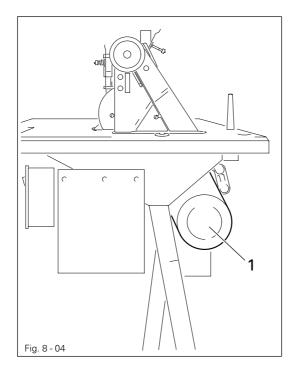
# 8.01.03 Fitting the upper belt guard



- Insert screws 1 and 2.
- Insert screw 3 with spacing sleeve 4.
- Slide belt guard section 5 so that the slots are behind the heads of screws 1 and 3.
- Slightly tighten screw 1.
- Making sure that the lug of belt guard section 6 is located between belt guard section 5 and the spacing sleeve 4, align the complete belt guard and tighten screws 1, 2 and 3.

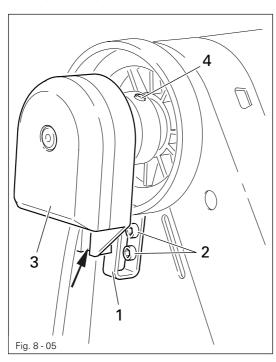
8 - 2 **PFAFF** 

# 8.01.04 Fitting the lower belt guard



 Position belt guard 1 so that motor pulley and v-belt can run freely.

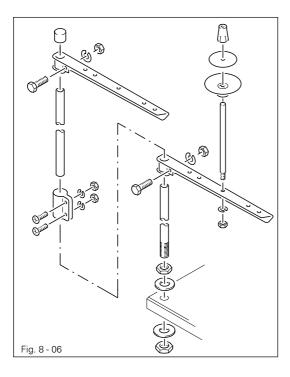
# 8.01.05 Fitting the synchronizer



- Screw on stop 1 with screws 2.
- Place synchronizer 3 on the shaft so that stop 1 is in the slot of synchronizer 3, see arrow.
- Tighten screws 4 just a little.
- Insert the plug for the synchronizer in the socket on the control box.
- Adjust synchronizer 3 (see Chapter 13.05.01, Adjusting the synchronizer).

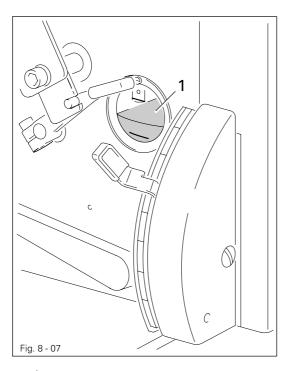
**PFAFF** 8 - 3

#### 8.01.06 Assembling and fitting the reel stand



- Assemble the reel stand as shown in Fig. 8-06.
- Fit the reel stand in the holes in the table top and secure it with the nuts provided.

# 8.02 Commissioning





Before setting up, remove the protective foil from oil glass 1!

- Clean the machine thoroughly and afterwards check the oil level (see Chapter 12, Care and Maintenance).
- Check the machine for any damage, especially the electrical leads.
- Have a qualified person check whether the motor can be driven with the existing power voltage and that it is correctly connected in the junction box.



If there are any differences, the machine must definitely not be operated!



The machine must only be connected to a suitably earthed socket!

- When the machine is running, the balance wheel must turn towards the operator; if it does not, have a qualified person change the motor connection.
- Machines with pneumatic equipment have to be connected to the compressed air supply. The pressure gauge must show a pressure of 6 bar. If necessary have this reading adjusted (see Chapter 12.04, Checking/adjusting the air pressure).

8 - 4 **PFAFF** 

# 8.03 Switching the machine on/off

- Switch the machine on or off, see Chapter 7.01 Main switch.
- Carry out a test run.

**PFAFF** 8 - 5

# 9 Setting up

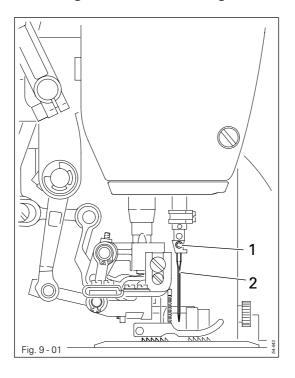


All instructions and regulations in this instruction manual must be observed. Special attention must be given to all safety regulations!



All setting-up work must only be done by personnel with the necessary training. For all setting-up work the machine must be isolated from its power supply by turning off the main switch or removing the machine plug from the electric power socket!

#### 9.01 Inserting the needle on single-needle machines





Switch off the machine!

Danger of injury by
unintentional starting of the
machine!

- Set the needle bar at its highest point.
- Loosen screw 1.
- Push needle 2 fully into the needle bar (the long needle groove must face to the front).
- Tighten screw 1.

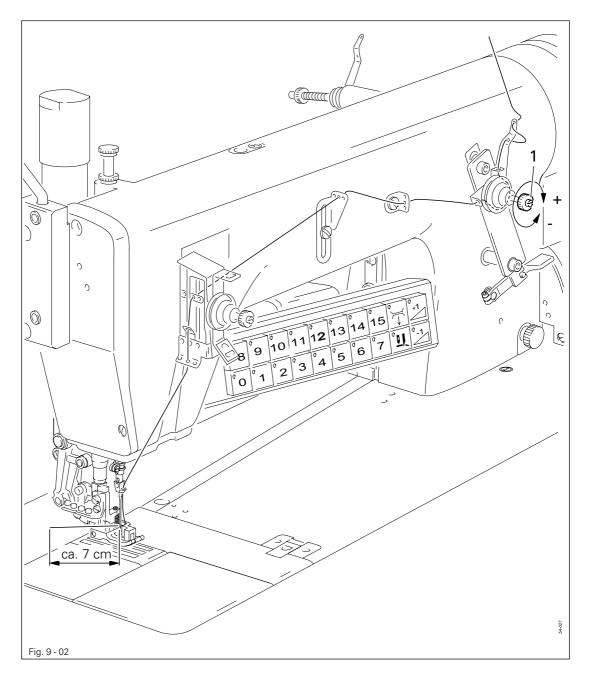


The choice of needle depends on the machine model and on the thread and material used (see **Chapter 3**, **Specifications**).

**PFAFF** 9 - 1

# Setting up

# 9.02 Threading the needle thread and regulating its tension





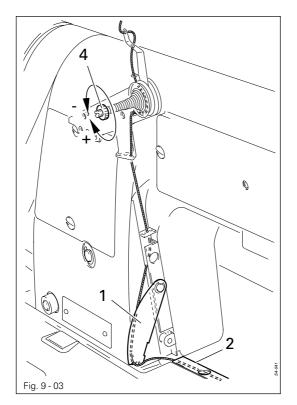
Switch off the machine!

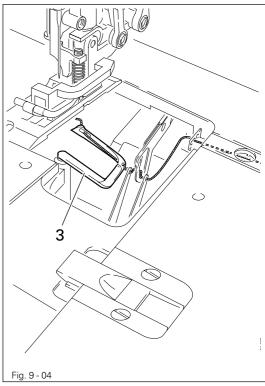
Danger of injury by unintentional starting of the machine!

- Thread the needle thread as shown in Fig. 9-02.
- Regulate the needle thread by turning knurled screw 1.

9 - 2 **PFAFF** 

# 9.03 Threading the looper thread and regulating its tension







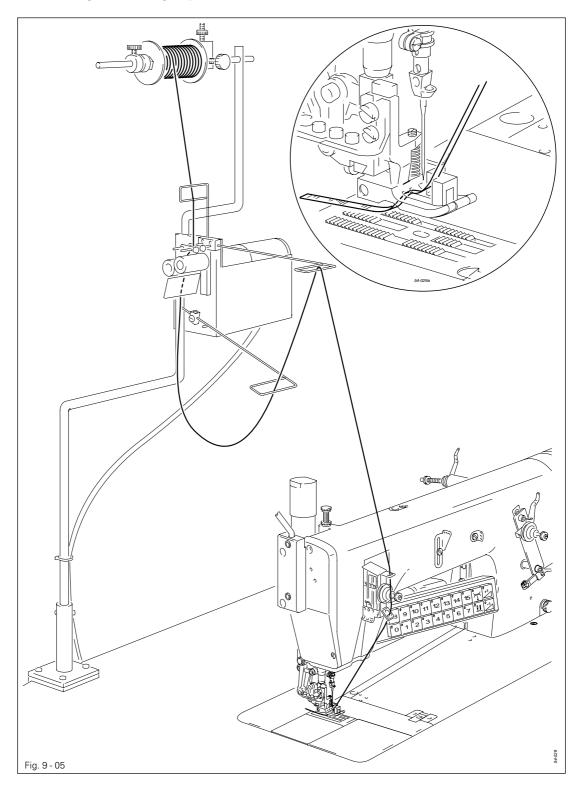
Switch off the machine!

Danger of injury by unintentional starting of the machine!

- Open the looper cover and swing out thread guide plate 1.
- Thread the looper thread as shown in Figs. 9-03 and 9-04 and pull it under guide plate 2.
- Thread looper 3 using tweezers.
- Regulate the looper thread by turning knurled screw 4.

**PFAFF** 9 - 3

# 9.04 Threading the fixing tape (not on the PFAFF 3811-14/71)





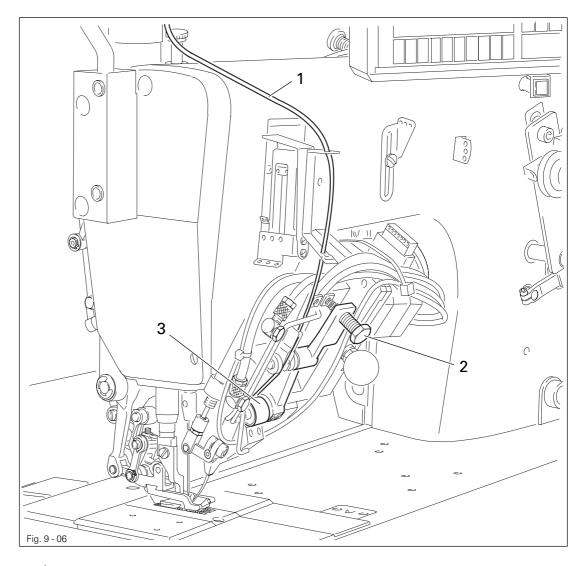
Switch off the machine!

Danger of injury if the machine is started accidentally!

• Thread the fixing tape as shown in the above illustration.

9 - 4 **PFAFF** 

# 9.05 Threading the bridle tape (only on the PFAFF 3811-14/71)





Switch off the machine!

Danger of injury if the machine is started accidentally!

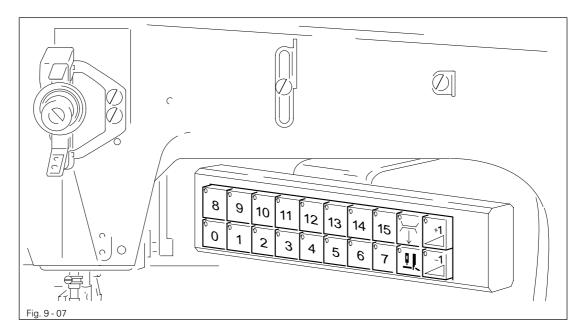
• Thread bridling tape 1 as shown in the above illustration.



- Operate lever 2 and guide bridle tape 1 between the feed rollers 3.
- Switch on the machine and select the **Thread tape** function (number key **3**).

**PFAFF** 9 - 5

# 9.06 Fullness input (not on the PFAFF 3811-14/71)



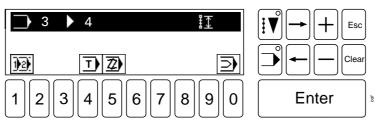
- Switch on the machine.
- Select the desired fullness using keys 0 15.

## 9.07 Selecting the language (only on machines with graphics operating panel)

Switch on the machine.



• Select mode INPUT.



- $\supseteq$
- With number key 0 call up the function input menu.
- 1 With number key 1 call up the function LANGUAGES.
- 1 to 4 Select the desired language with the number keys:
  - $1 = \mathbf{D}$
  - $2 = \overline{GB}$
  - 3 = F
  - 4 = E
  - After the corresponding number has been entered, the language is taken over immediately.

9 - 6 **PFAFF** 

# 10 Sewing

Irrespective of how the machine is equipped, following steps must be carried out before work begins:

- Check the oil level of the machine, see Chapter 12.02 Oil level of the machine.
- Check the air pressure, see Chapter 12.04 Check/adjust air pressure.
- Switch the machine on, see Chapter 7.01 Main switch.

## 10.01 Machines without graphics operating panel (manual sewing)

On machines without a graphics operating panel 2 values are set for the fullness. After the machine has been switched on, following functions are available:

- By operating the knee switch it is possible to change from one fullness to the other, see Chapter 7.04 Knee switch.
- Using the keyboard, the value for the selected amount of fullness can be changed in 30 part steps, see Chapter 7.09 Keyboard...

#### 10.02 Machines with graphics operating panel

10.02.01 Manual sewing with one amount of fullness (program number 0)



Call up mode SEWING.



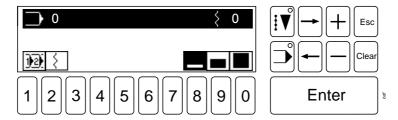
Call up function program selection (number key 1).



Enter program number 0.

Enter

Confirm input with Enter key.



 On machines with keyboard, the fullness value can be changed in 30 part steps, see Chapter 7.09 Keyboard...

Displays in the status line:



#### Program number

The number of the selected seam program appears after this symbol.

"Manual sewing with one amount of fullness" is called up with program number 0.

**PFAFF** 10 - 1

# Sewing



#### **Fullness**

The current fullness value is shown after this symbol.

Functions in the pictograph strip:



#### Program selection

This function opens a direct menu for the selection of the desired seam program.



#### **Fullness**

This function opens a direct menu for the input/alteration of the desired fullness (see **Chapter 9.05 Entering the fullness**).

#### Type of material

To achieve the same results (amounts of fullness) when working with different types of materials, with this function 3 types of material can be selected directly.



Light material (here without padding)

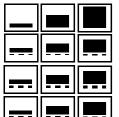


Medium weight material (here without padding)



Heavy material (here without padding)

The pictograph of the selected type of material is shown as inverse. In addition to the type of material, 4 different levels of padding can be called up. By pressing the corresponding number keys (8, 9, 0), the padding amounts are shown. The selected amount of padding is always set for all types of material and displayed accordingly.



without padding

approx. 80 g/m<sup>2</sup> padding

approx. 200 g/m<sup>2</sup> padding

approx. 400 g/m² padding

10 - 2 **PFAFF** 

10.02.02 Manual sewing of 2 amounts of fullness alternately (program number 1)



Call up mode SEWING.



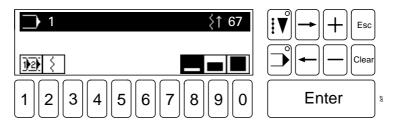
Call up function program selection (number key 1).



• Enter program number 1.

Enter

Confirm input with Enter key.



- Using the keyboard, the value for the amount of fullness can be changed in 30 part steps, see Chapter 7.09 Keyboard.
- Using the knee switch, it is possible to change from one amount of fullness to the other.

Displays in the status line:



### Program number

The number of the selected seam program appears after this symbol.

"Manual sewing of 2 amounts of fullness" is called up with program number "1".





### Top fullness/bottom fullness

The current value for the top or bottom fullness is shown after these symbols.

Functions in the pictograph strip:



### Program selection

This function opens a direct menu for the selection of the desired seam program.



### **Fullness**

This function opens a direct menu for the input/alteration of the desired fullness (see Chapter 9.05 Entering the fullness).



#### Type of material

To achieve the same results (amounts of fullness) when working with different types of materials, with these functions 3 types of material can be selected directly, see Explanations in Chapter 10.02.01 Manual sewing with one amount of fullness.

**PFAFF** 10 - 3

# Sewing

10.02.03 Programmed sewing (program numbers 2 – 200)

Using the program numbers 2-200 programmed beforehand seam programs can be called up .



• Call up mode **SEWING**.



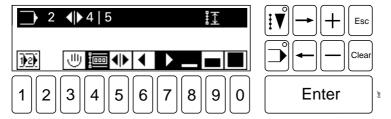
Call up function program selection.



• Enter desired program number from 2 - 200.

Enter

• Confirm input with Enter key.



 The programmed amounts of fullness (seam areas) are processed consecutively dependent on the programmed number of stitches.

In seam areas, which were programmed without details of the number of stitches (number of stitches = 0), switch to the next area using the knee switch.

Displays in the status line:



### Program number

The number of the selected seam program appears after this symbol.



#### Seam areas left/right

The number of the seam areas for left and right parts is shown after this symbol.



#### Number of stitches

The number of stitches for the corrent seam area is shown after this symbol. If there is no value after the symbol, switch to the next seam area using the knee switch.

Displays in description field:

Beginning of seam

✓ Seam area sewn

√ 4 
✓ Current seam area (with seam area number)

----- End of seam



Display representation is not true to scale.

10 - 4 **PFAFF** 

Functions in the pictograph strip:



### Program selection

This function opens a direct menu for the selection of the desired seam program.



### Program interruption

This function interrupts the seam program cycle (see **Chapter 10.02.04 Program interruption**).



#### Stitch counter on/off

With this function the stitch counter can be switched on or off.



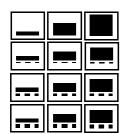
#### Alternate sewing

When this function is switched on, the left and right parts are processed alternately. The function is activated, when the symbol is shown inverse. If only one part is programmed, this symbol is not displayed.



### Left part/right part

The inverse symbol illustrated shows which part is being worked on currently. By calling up the corresponding function, it is possible to switch over to the desired part. The symbols are only displayed, if both parts are programmed.



#### Type of material

To achieve the same results (amounts of fullness) when working with different types of materials, with these functions 3 types of material can be selected directly, see Explanations in Chapter 10.02.01 Manual sewing with one amount of fullness.

# 10.02.04 Program interruption



If the cycle of a seam program has to be interrupted (e.g. due to thread breakage), the function **Program interruption** must be called up.

• Switch over to manual SEWING after the first time the key is pressed.



- It is possible to continue sewing manually.
- Using the **arrow keys** it is possible to select the seam area, in which the seam program should be continued.
- After pressing the key the second time, the selected seam area is entered, programmed SEWING is continued.



After cutting the thread using the pedal (pedal position 4 in Chapter 7.02 Pedal) the interrupted seam program starts from the beginning.

**PFAFF** 10 - 5

# Sewing

## 10.02.05 Error alarms

In case of an error alarm, the text description and pictograph lines are written over in the display. An error alarm is caused by false settings, defective elements or seam programs as well as by overload conditions.

• Before the operation of the machine can continue, the error must be eliminated.

Enter

How to eliminate the error:

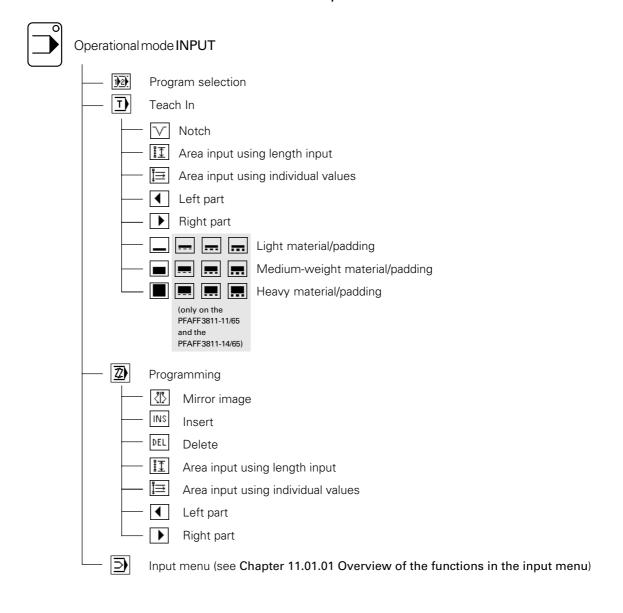
- Pressing the **Enter key** causes a move back to an incorrect input.
- Correct the input.

10 - 6 **PFAFF** 

## 11 Input (only on machines with graphics operating panel)

The operational mode Input is used to enter parameters and programs. In the function **Service** help for error search is offered. Functions for direct selection and functions for selection using a menu are available.

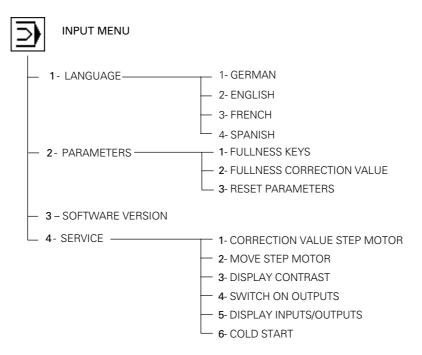
## 11.01 Overview of the functions in the operational mode INPUT



Î

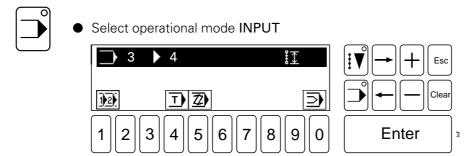
The functions with a grey background are only available on the PFAFF 3811-11/65 and the PFAFF 3811-14/65, also see Chapter 10.02.01 Manual sewing with one amount of fullness.

## 11.01.01 Overview of the functions in the input menu

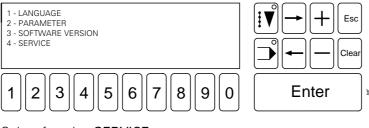


## 11.01.02 Selection of functions from the input menu

For example, the display contrast can be adjusted as follows:



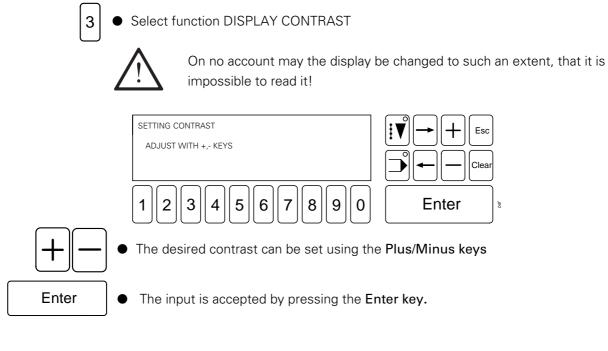
Select function Input menu (number key 0).



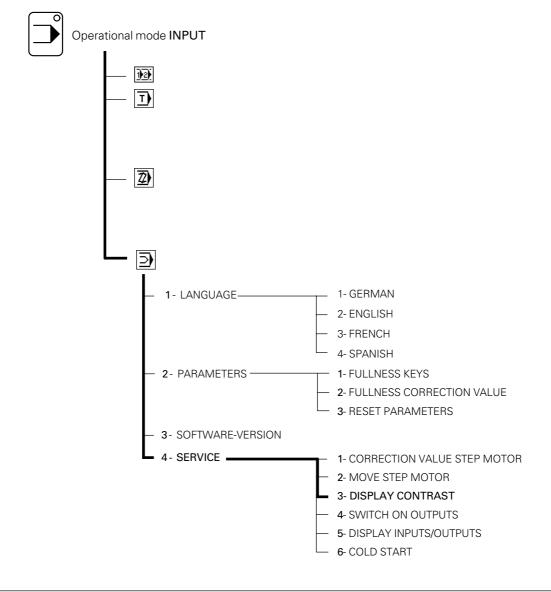
Select function SERVICE:



11 - 2 **PFAFF** 



Overview of the input steps

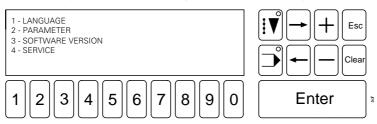


# Input

# 11.01.03 Explanation of the functions in input menu

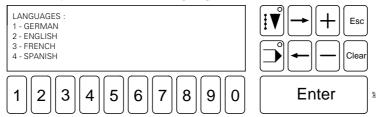


After calling up the function Input menu, following additional functions are available:



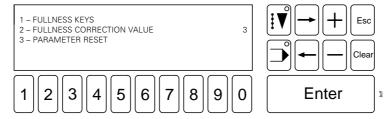
1 LANGUAGE

This function opens a menu on the display for the selection of the language (see Chapter 9.06 Select language):



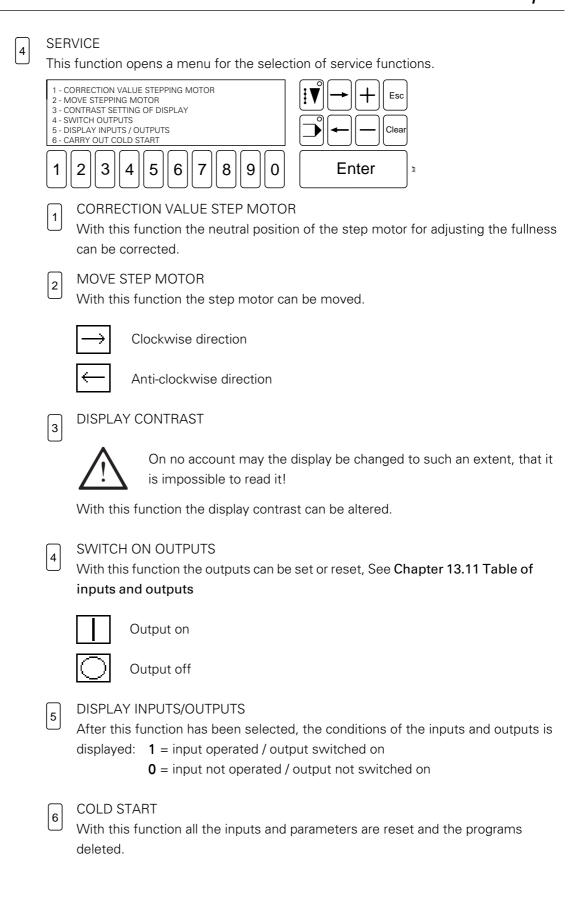
2 PARAMETER

This function calls up parameters, which can be altered.



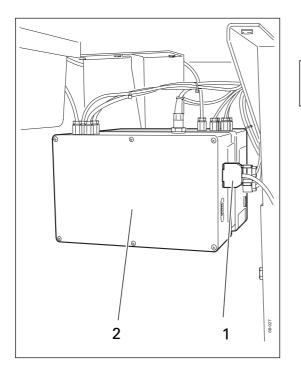
- 1 FULLNESS KEYS
  - With this function one amount of fullness can be allocated to each of the keys on the keyboard (on machines with keyboard).
- FULLNESS CORRECTION VALUE
  On machines with a keyboard this function can be used for setting the value for correcting the amount of fullness on the correction keys of the keyboard. The value applies for one operation of the respective key, see Chapter 7.09 Keyboard...
- RESET PARAMETERS
  After this function has been called up, the values for FULLNESS KEYS,
  FULLNESS CORRECTION VALUE and type of material can be reset.
- SOFTWARE VERSION
  After this function has been called up, the current software versions for control and the operating panel are displayed.

11 - 4 **PFAFF** 



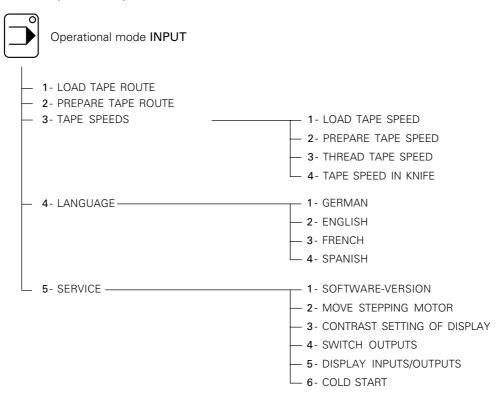
# 11.02 Summary of the functions of the tape feeding device (only on the 3811-14/71)

The control panel of the machine can be used to install the tape feeding device.



To select the functions of the tape feeding device on the control panel, the control panel plug 1 must be connected to the appropriate socket on the control box 2 of the tape feeding device.

Summary of the steps:

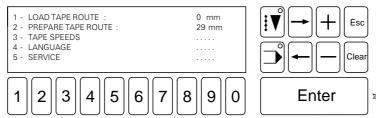


11 - 6 **PFAFF** 

# 11.02.01 Explanation of the functions of the tape feeding device



After the operational mode INPUT has been selected, following functions are available:

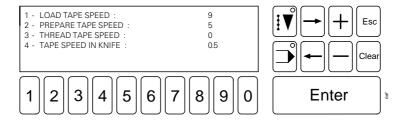


1 LOAD TAPE ROUTE

After selecting this function, the route of the bridle tape after sewing starts is established.

- PREPARE THE TAPE ROUTE

  After selecting this function, the lead length of the bridle tape after trimming can be defined.
- TAPE SPEEDS
  When this function is selected, a menu for entering the different tape speeds is opened.
  All speeds can be changed in steps from 0 to 9 or 0.9.



- LOAD TAPE SPEED

  After selecting this function, the corresponding tape speed can be changed.
- PREPARE TAPE SPEED

  After selecting this function, the corresponding tape speed can be changed.
- THREAD TAPE SPEED
  After selecting this function, the corresponding tape speed can be changed.
- TAPE SPEED IN KNIFE
  After selecting this function, the corresponding tape speed can be changed while the knife is being moved back.

# Input

4	LANGUAGE This function opens a menu for selecting the language displayed (see Chapter 9.07 Selecting the language)
9	SERVICE This function opens a menu for selecting service functions.
	1 - SOFTWARE-VERSIONS 2 - MOVE STEPPING MOTOR 3 - CONTRAST SETTING OF DISPLAY 4 - SWITCH OUTPUTS 5 - DISPLAY INPUTS/OUTPUTS 6 - COLD START  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 Enter
	SOFTWARE VERSIONS After this function is selected, the current software versions of the controller and the control panel are displayed.
	MOVE STEPPING MOTOR The stepping motor can be moved with the use of this function.
	1 Clockwise rotation direction
	2 Anti-clockwise rotation direction
	CONTRAST SETTING OF DISPLAY
	The display must never be adjusted to the extent that it is impossible to read the display.
	This function can be used to change the contrast setting of the display
	SWITCHOUTPUTS The outputs can be set or reset with this function, see Chapter 13.12 Table of inputs and outputs
	1 Output on
	2 Output off
	DISPLAY INPUTS/OUTPUTS  After this function has been selected, the status of the inputs and outputs is displayed: 1 = input activated/output switched  0 = input not activated/output not switched

11 - 8 **PFAFF** 

This function is used to reset all inputs.

**COLD START** 

# 11.03 Input and alteration of seam programs

### 11.03.01 Teach in

With the function **Teach in** the seam program can be entered during sewing.

The desired fullness can be selected and then, when the seam is sewn, the number of stitches to the end of this seam area is stored.



Select mode INPUT.



Call up function **program selection**.



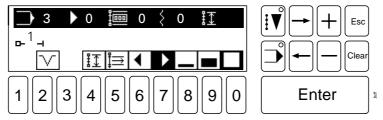
● Enter desired program number from 2 – 200.

Enter

Confirm input with Enter key.



Call up function Teach in.



Display in the status line:



### Program number

The number of the selected seam program appears after this symbol.



### Right seam areas

The number of seam areas for right parts is displayed after this symbol.



#### Number of stitches

The number of stitches in the current seam area is shown after this symbol.



### **Fullness**

The amount of fullness in the current area is shown after this symbol.



### Required seam length

The required seam length of the current area is shown after this symbol.

Displays in text description field:

Beginning of seam

# $\vee$ $\stackrel{2}{-}$ $\vee$ Seam area being inserted at present

—— End of seam

Explanation of the functions in the pictograph strip:



#### Notch

With this function the end of the seam area is determined. The number of stitches is stored and the required seam length calculated.

The same function is executed by pressing the **Enter key**.



By operating the knee switch, the stitch number = 0 is set, i.e. later, during the execution of the program, the move to the next seam area is carried out by operating the knee switch.



#### Seam area input using length input

By entering the starting length and the required length, with this function the required seam area values for number of stitches, fullness and required length are calculated and stored.



### Area input using individual values

After this function has been called up, each individual parameter can be entered and changed. If number of stitches = 0, the seam area is sewn without counting the stitches, and the required seam length is deleted.

If the number of stitches is 1 – 999, the number of stitches specified are sewn.

If the number of stitches = 1000, the number of stitches is calculated from the material class, gathering value and required length.



#### Left part/Right part

These functions are used for the selection of the part to be programmed or altered. The selection is shown by the inverse symbol.

#### Type of material

To achieve the same results (amounts of fullness) when working with different types of materials, with these functions 3 types of material can be selected directly.



Light material (without padding)



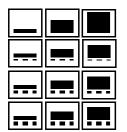
Medium weight material (without padding)



Heavy material (without padding)

The symbol for the currently selected material type is shown against a contrasting background.

On the PFAFF 3811-11/65 and the PFAFF 3811-14/65 in addition to the type of material 4 different amounts of padding can be selected. By pressing the appropriate number key (8, 9, 0) it is possible to move through the different amounts of padding. The selected quilting level is always set for all types of materials and shown on the display.



without padding

approx. 80 g/m<sup>2</sup> padding

approx. 200 g/m<sup>2</sup> padding

approx. 400 g/m<sup>2</sup> padding



By operating a mode key (SEWING or INPUT) the values entered are taken over and the teach in is completed.

11 - 10 **PFAFF** 

### 11.03.02 Programming / Alterations

With the function programming, seam programs, which have already been compiled, can be altered. However, new seam programs can also be compiled.



Select mode INPUT.



• Call up function program selection.



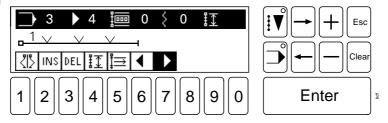
■ Enter desired program number from 2 – 200.



Confirm input with Enter key.



Call up function Programming.



Display in the status line:



### Program number

The number of the selected seam program appears after this symbol.



#### Right seam areas

The number of seam areas for right parts is displayed after this symbol.



#### Number of stitches

The number of stitches in the current seam area is shown after this symbol.



#### Fullness

The amount of fullness in the current area is shown after this symbol.



### Required seam length

The required seam length of the current area is shown after this symbol.

Displays in text description field:

Beginning of seam

√ 1 ✓ Current seam area

 $\vee$  \_2\_  $\vee$  Seam area being inserted at present

——— End of seam

Explanation of the functions in the pictograph strip:



### Mirror image

With this function it is possible to see the currently entered seam program as a mirror image. After the function has been called up, programming ends.



#### Insert

This function inserts a seam area at the current position. The contents of the current seam area are first taken over into the inserted seam area and can be changed if required. The following seam areas are moved one step back.



#### Delete

This function deletes the current seam area. Following seam areas are moved forward. If all seam areas are deleted, the program is left.



### Area input using length input

By entering the initial length and the required length, with this function the seam area values for number of stitches, fullness and required length are calculated and stored.



### Area input using individual values

After this function has been called up, each individual parameter can be entered and changed.

If number of stitches = 0, the seam area is sewn without counting the stitches, and the required seam length is deleted.

If the number of stitches is 1 – 999, the number of stitches specified are sewn.

If the number of stitches = 1000, the number of stitches is calculated from the material class, gathering value and required length.



### Left part/Right part

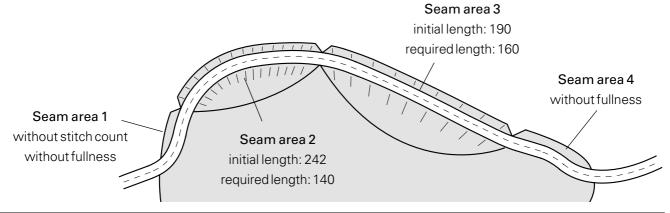
These functions are used for the selection of the part to be programmed or altered. The selection is shown by the inverse symbol.



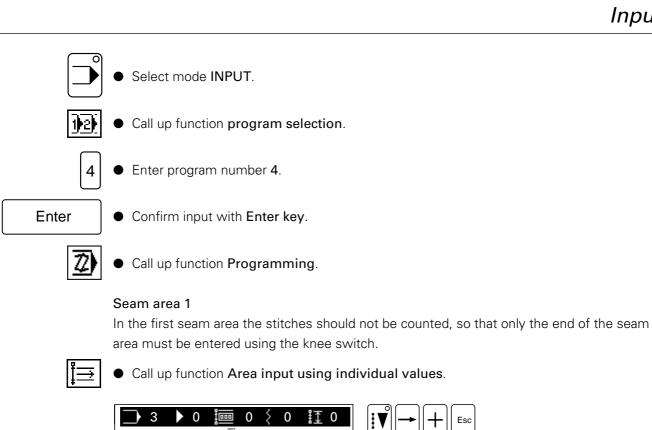
By operating a mode key (SEWING or INPUT) the values entered are taken over and the INPUT is completed.

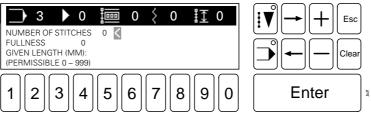
### 11.04 An example of seam programming

The seam to be programmed should consist of 4 seam areas and stored under program 4.



11 - 12 **PFAFF** 





Enter number of stitches (If "0" is entered, the end of the seam area will be called up by operating the knee switch.)

Enter

Enter

Enter

1

or

Confirm input with Enter key.

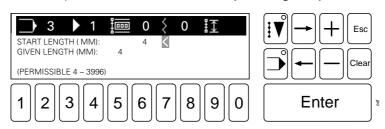
0 Enter fullness.

Confirm input with Enter key.

Switch to the next seam area by pressing the Enter or arrow key.

#### Seam area 2

Call up the function Seam area input (length input) .



# Input

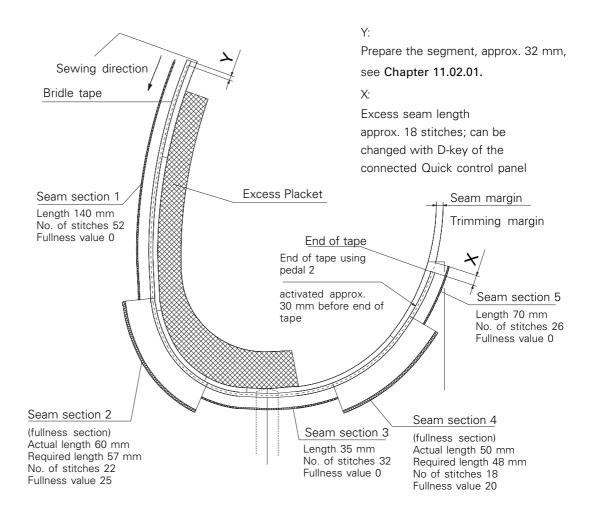
2 4 2	Enter initial length
Enter	• Confirm input with Enter key.
1 4 0	Enter required length.
Enter	Confirm input with Enter key.
Enter or →	Switch to the next seam area by pressing the Enter or arrow key,
<b>!</b>	Seam area 3  Call up the function Seam area input (length input).
190	Enter initial length
Enter	Confirm input with Enter key.
160	Enter required length.
Enter	• Confirm input with Enter key.
Enter or -	Switch to the next seam area by pressing the Enter or arrow key,
	Seam area 4 In the fourth seam area no application of fullness is required. As described for seam area 1 the value for fullness can be set at "0".  As this is the last seam area in the seam program, automatically no stitches are counted.
$\bigcirc$ or $$	<ul> <li>The end of the seam area is called up by operating the knee switch.</li> <li>Press operational mode key.</li> <li>The programming has been completed and the program is stored.</li> </ul>

11 - 14 **PFAFF** 

## 11.05 Example of seam programming with the Teach-in function

(for the PFAFF 3811-14/71)

The seam to be programmed for bridle-taping an armhole should consist of 5 seam sections and stored under program number 4.





Select the operational mode INPUT.



Select the Program selection function



Enter program number 4.

Enter

Confirm input with Enter.



Select **Teach in** function.

#### Seam section 1



Select the function Enter the section using individual values.



• Enter the fullness value.

Enter

- Confirm input by pressing Enter twice.
- Sew seam section 1.



By pressing the notch key the number of stitches sewn in seam section 1 is taken over and a switch is made to the next seam section.

#### Seam section 2



Select the function Enter the section using individual values.



• Enter the fullness value.

Enter

- Confirm input by pressing Enter twice.
- Sew seam section 2.



By pressing the notch key the number of stitches sewn in seam section 2 is taken over and a switch is made to the next seam section.

### Seam section 3



Select the function Enter the section using individual values.



• Enter the fullness value.

Enter

- Confirm input by pressing Enter twice.
- Sew seam section 3.



By pressing the notch key the number of stitches sewn in seam section 3 is taken over and a switch is made to the next seam section.

### Seam section 4



Select the function Enter the section using individual values.



• Enter the fullness value.

Enter

- Confirm input by pressing Enter twice.
- Sew seam section 4.

11 - 16 **PFAFF** 



 By pressing the notch key the number of stitches sewn in seam section 4 is taken over and a switch is made to the next seam section.

### Seam section 5



Select the function Enter the section using individual values.



• Enter the fullness value.



- Confirm input by pressing **Enter** twice.
- Sew seam section 5.
- (By operating the pedal in position "2", the teach-in mode is completed.)



• By selecting the SEWING mode the programming is completed and the program is saved.

# Care and Maintenance

### 12 Care and Maintenance

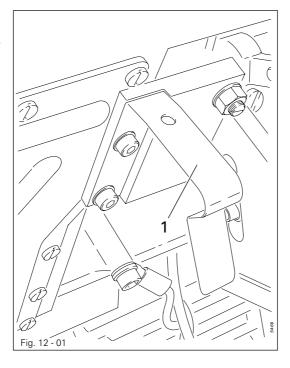
Clean looper compartment daily, seve	eral times if in continuous use
Clean the entire machine	once a week
Check the oil level	daily, before use
Lubricate the articulated joints of the top feed	once a week
Check/adjust the air pressure	daily, before use
Clean air filter of air filter/regulator	as required



These maintenance intervals are calculated for the average running time of a single shift operation. If the machine is operated for a longer period, shorter intervals are recommended.

# 12.01 Cleaning







Switch the machine off!

Danger of injury if the machine is started accidentally!

- Tilt sewing head back.
- Clean looper and looper compartment daily, several times if in continuous operation.
- When returning the machine to an upright position, make sure that tilt lock 1 is pressed.

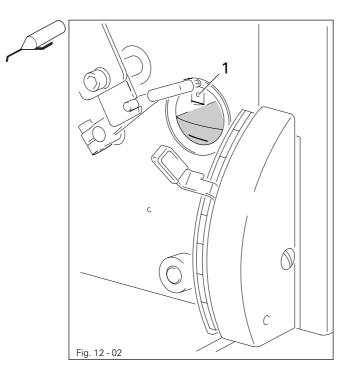


Use both hands to set the sewing head upright!
Danger of crushing between the sewing head and the table top!

12 - 1 **PFAFF** 

# Care and Maintenance

### 12.02 Machine oil level





Check oil level before each use.

- The oil level must be between the markings in the inspection glass.
- If required refill oil through hole 1.

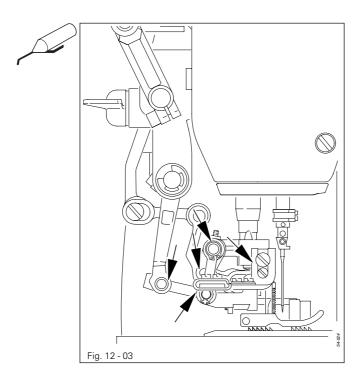


Only use oil with a mean viscosity of 22.0 mm<sup>2</sup>/s at 40° C and a density of 0.865 g/cm<sup>3</sup> at 15° C!.



We recommend PFAFF sewing machine oil. Order-No. 280-1-120 144.

## 12.03 Lubricating the top feed joints



 Lubricate the points marked in the illustration with a drop of oil once a week or after the machine has stood still for longer periods.



Only use oil with a medium viscosity of 10.00 mm<sup>2</sup>/s at 40°C and a density of 0.847 g/cm<sup>3</sup> at 15°C.

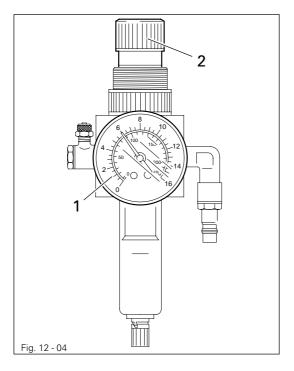


We recommend PFAFF sewing machine oil, part no. 280-1-120 105.

**PFAFF** 12 - 2

# Care and Maintenance

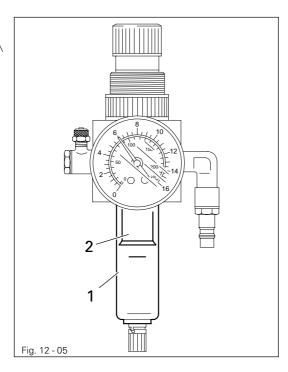
# 12.04 Checking/adjusting the air pressure



- Before operating the machine, always check the air pressure on gauge 1.
- Gauge 1 must show a pressure of 6 bar.
- If necessary adjust to this reading.
- To do so, pull knob 2 upwards and turn it so that the gauge shows a pressure of 6 bar.

## 12.05 Cleaning the air filter of the air-filter/lubricator







Switch the machine off! Disconnect the air hose at the air-filter/lubricator.

### To drain water bowl 1:

 Water bowl 1 drains itself automatically when the compressed-air hose is disconnected from the air-filter/lubricator.

### Cleaning filter 2:

- Unscrew water bowl 1.
- Take out filter 2.
- Clean filter 2 with compressed air or isopropyl alcohol (part No. 95-665 735-91).
- Screw in filter 2 and screw on water bowl 1.

12 - 3 **PFAFF** 

## 13 Adjustment

### 13.01 Notes on adjustment

All following adjustments are based on a fully assembled machine and may only be carried out by expert staff trained for this purpose.

Machine covers, which have to be removed and replaced to carry out checks and adjustments, are not mentioned in the text.

The order of the following chapters corresponds to the most logical work sequence for machines which have to be completely adjusted. If only specific individual work steps are carried out, both the preceding and following chapters must be observed.

Screws, nuts indicated in brackets () are fastenings for machine parts, which must be loosened before adjustment and tightened again afterwards.

### 13.02 Tools, gauges and other equipment

- 1 set of screwdrivers with blade widths from 2 to 10 mm
- 1 set of open-ended spanners/wrenches from 6 to 22 mm across flats
- 1 set of allen keys from 1.5 to 6 mm
- 1 screw clamp (part no. 61-111 600-35/001)
- 1 metal rule (part no. 08-880 218-00)
- 1 adjustment pin ø 5 mm (part no. 13-030 341-05)
- 1 adjustment gauge (part no. 61-111 642-19)
- 1 adjustment gauge (part no. 91-069 375-15)
- 1 hook adjustment gauge (part no. 61-111 643-06)

### 13.03 Abbreviations

t.d.c. = top dead centre

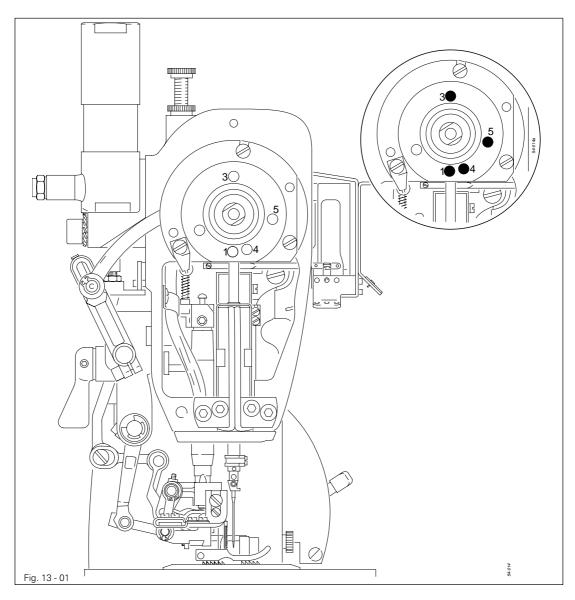
b.d.c. = bottom dead centre

**PFAFF** 13 - 1

## 13.04 Control and adjustment aids



By marking the holes 1, 3, 4 and 5 with the adjustment pin (Ø 5 mm), the desired needle bar positions can be fixed exactly.





- Turn the balance wheel until the needle bar is approximately in the desired position.
- Insert the adjustment pin into the appropriate hole and apply pressure.
- Turn the balance wheel slightly backwards and forwards, until the pin locks into the rear crank recess, in this way blocking the machine.

Adjustment hole 1 = top dead centre of the needle bar (t.d.c.)

Adjustment hole 3 = bottom dead centre of the needle bar (b.d.c.)

Adjustment hole 4 = 0.8 mm before top dead centre of the needle bar (0.8 before t.d.c.)

Adjustment hole 5 = 5.5 mm before top dead centre of the needle bar (5.5 before t.d.c.)

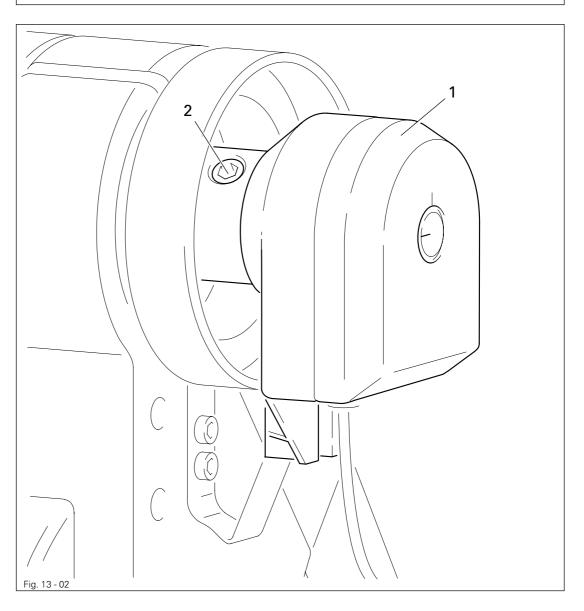
13 - 2 **PFAFF** 

# 13.05 Adjusting the basic machine

# 13.05.01 Adjust the synchonizer

### Requirement

After the thread has been trimmed, the machine should be positioned 0.3 - 0.4 mm after TDC.





Adjust synchronizer 1 (screw 2) according to the operating instructions for the motor. Also see Chapter 13.10 Parameter settings.

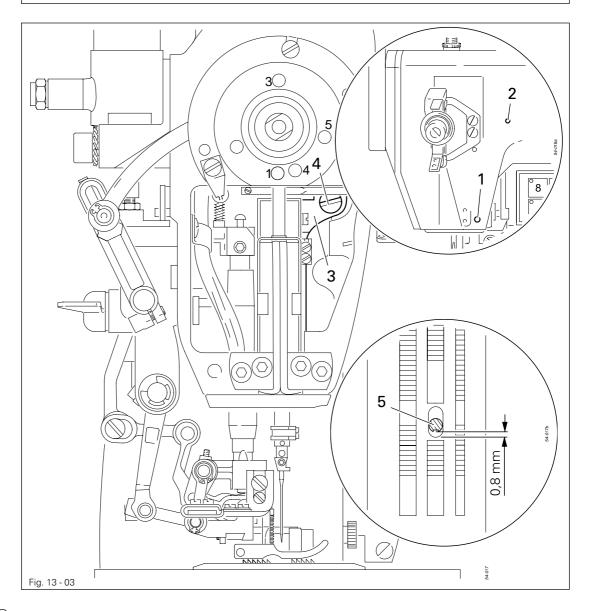
**PFAFF** 13 - 3

# Adjustment

### 13.05.02 Needle to needle hole

### Requirement

- 1. As seen crosswise to the direction of sewing, needle 5 should be in the centre of the needle hole.
- 2. The distance between needle 5 and the front edge of the needle hole should be approximately 0.8 mm.



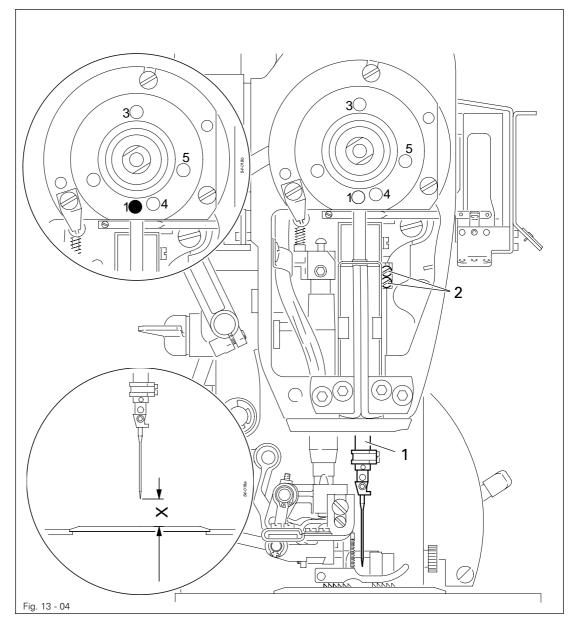


- Loosen screws 1 and 2.
- Adjust needle bar frame 3 according to requirement 1 and tighten screw 1.
- Loosen screw 4 and turn needle bar frame 3 according to requirement 2.
- Tighten screws 2 and 4.

13 - 4 **PFAFF** 

# 13.05.03 Preliminary adjustment of the needle height

Requirement	
3811 -2/55 -14/71	With the needle bar at t.d.c. (adjustment hole 1), the distance X between the needle plate and the needle tip should be <b>11 mm</b> .
3811 -11/55 -11/65 -14/55 -14/65	With the needle bar at t.d.c. (adjustment hole 1) the distance X between the needle plate and the needle tip should be 14 mm.





- Bring needle bar 1 to t.d.c.
- Adjust needle bar 1 (screws 2) according to the requirement.

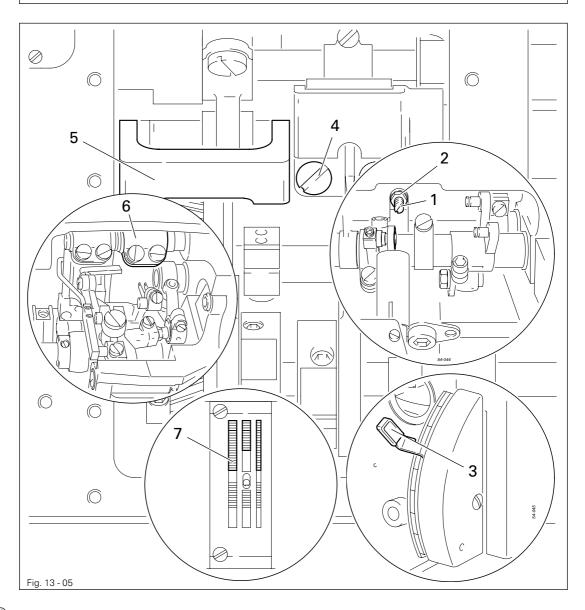
**PFAFF** 13 - 5

# Adjustment

## 13.05.04 Neutral position of the main feed dog

### Requirement

When the stitch length is set at "0", there should be no feeding motion of the main feed dog 7.





- Unscrew screw 1 (nut 2) (stitch length limitation deactivated).
- With adjustment lever 3 set stitch length to "0".
- Loosen screw 4 to such an extent that crank 5 can be moved on the shaft with difficulty.
- While turning the balance wheel continuously, adjust crank 5, so that crank 6 does not move.
- Tighten screw 4.



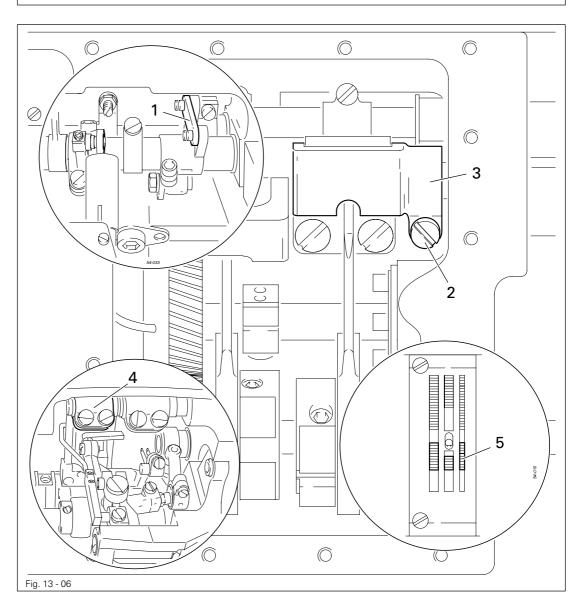
Screw 1 (nut 2) remains loosened for further adjustments. (Stitch length limitation is still deactivated).

13 - 6 **PFAFF** 

# 13.05.05 Neutral position of the differential feed dog

### Requirement

With the stitch length set at "0" and the adjustment gauge 1 fitted, there should be no movement of the differential feed dog 5.





- Set stitch length at "0".
- Fit adjustment gauge 1.
- Loosen screw 2 to such an extent that crank 3 can be moved on the shaft with difficulty.
- While turning the balance wheel continuously, adjust crank 3, so that crank 4 does not move.
- Tighten screw 2.



Adjustment gauge 1 remains fitted for further adjustments.

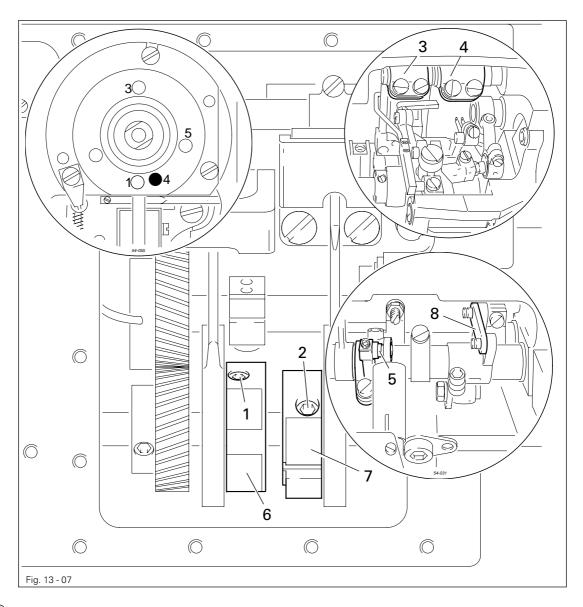
**PFAFF** 13 - 7

# Adjustment

# 13.05.06 Feeding motion of the main feed dog and the differential feed dog

### Requirement

When the stitch length is set at "4", the needle bar is positioned 0.8 before t.d.c. (adjustment hole 4) and the adjustment gauge 8 is fitted, the main feed dog and the differential feed dog should not move when roller 5 is operated.





- Slightly loosen screws 1 and 2 (4 screws).
- Bring needle bar to 0.8 before t.d.c. and adjust stitch length to "4".
- While moving roller 5 up and down continuously, turn eccentrics 6 and 7 so that the cutout is visible and the cranks 3 and 4 do not move.

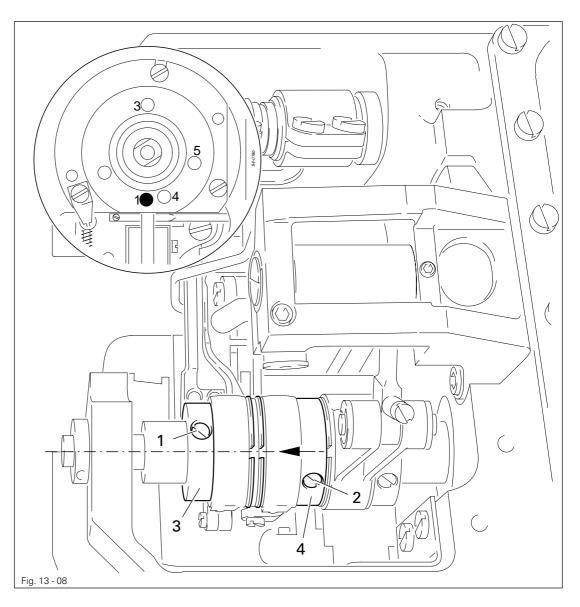
Tighten screws 1 and 2.

13 - 8 **PFAFF** 

13.05.07 Lifting motion of the main feed dog and differential feed dog (only on the PFAFF 3811-2/55 and the PFAFF 3811-14/71 models)

### Requirement

When the needle bar is at t.d.c. (adjustment hole 1), the cutouts of eccentrics 3 and 4 should point straight down.





- Loosen screws 1 and 2 (4 screws).
- Bring needle bar to t.d.c.
- Turn eccentrics 3 and 4 according to the requirement and tighten accessible screws 1 and 2.
- By turning the balance wheel, provide access to the remaining screws 1 and 2 and tighten them.

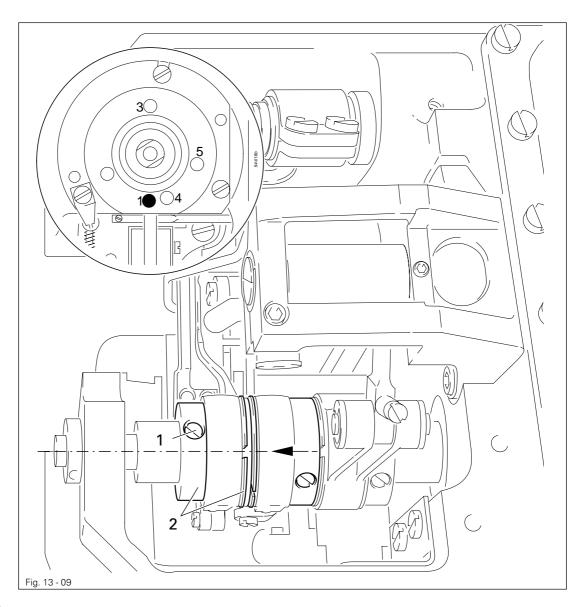
**PFAFF** 13 - 9

# Adjustment

# 13.05.08 Lifting motion of the main feed dog

### Requirement

When the needle bar is at t.d.c. (adjustment hole 1), the cutout of eccentric 2 should point straight down.





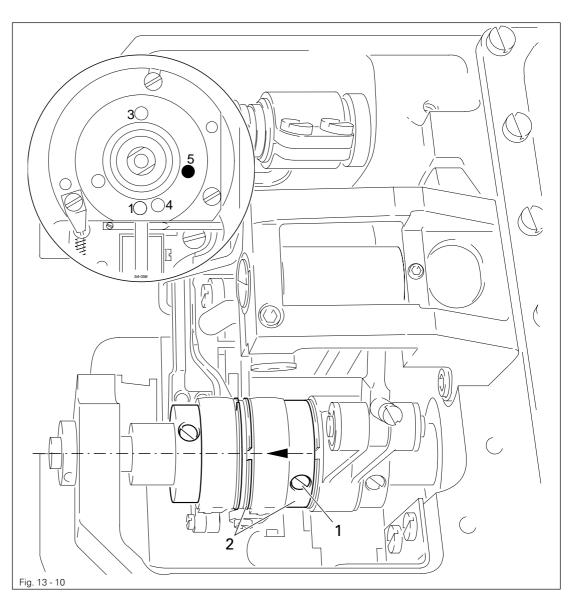
- Loosen both screws 1.
- Bring needle bar to t.d.c.
- Turn eccentric 2 according to the requirement and tighten accessible screw 1.
- By turning the balance wheel, provide access to the other screw 1 and tighten it.

13 - 10 **PFAFF** 

# 13.05.09 Lifting motion of the differential feed dog

### Requirement

With the needle bar positioned 5.5 mm before t.d.c. (adjustment hole 5), the cutout of eccentric 2 should point straight down.





- Loosen both screws 1.
- Bring needle bar to 5.5 mm before t.d.c.
- Turn eccentric 2 according to the requirement and tighten accessible screw 1.
- By turning the balance wheel, provide access to the other screw 1 and tighten it.

**PFAFF** 13 - 11

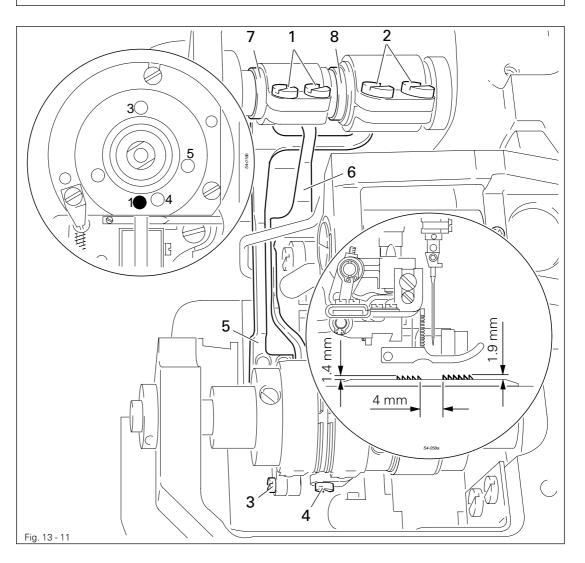
# Adjustment

# 13.05.10 Position of the main and the differential feed dog on the PFAFF 3811-2/55

### Requirement

With the needle bar at t.d.c (adjustment hole 1) and the longest stitch length set

- 1. The main feed dog should be **1.4 mm** parallel and the differential feed dog **1.9 mm** parallel above the needle plate.
- 2. Both feed dogs should be in the centre of the needle plate cutout and
- 3. be 4 mm apart.





- Bring needle bar to t.d.c. and set the longest stitch length.
- Loosen screws 1, 2, 3 and 4.
- Adjust feed dog carriers 5 and 6 according to requirement 1.
- Slightly tighten screws 1 and 2.
- Turn eccentric bushes 7 and 8 according to requirement 2 and 3.
- In this position tighten screws 3 and 4.
- In compliance with requirement 1 tighten screws 1 and 2.

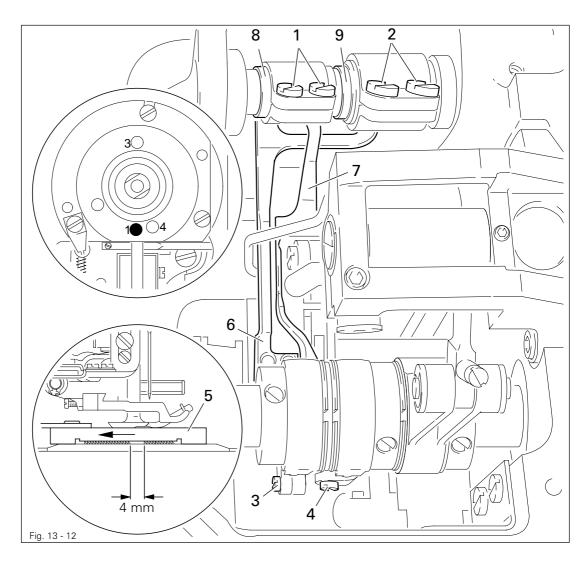
13 - 12 **PFAFF** 

## 13.05.11 Position of the main and the differential feed dog on the PFAFF 3811-14/71

#### Requirement

When the needle bar is at t.d.c. (adjustment hole 1) and the longest stitch length is set, the main and the differential feed dog should

- 1. be touching adjustment gauge **5** over their whole length
- 2. be located in the centre of the needle plate cutout
- 3. be spaced 4 mm apart.





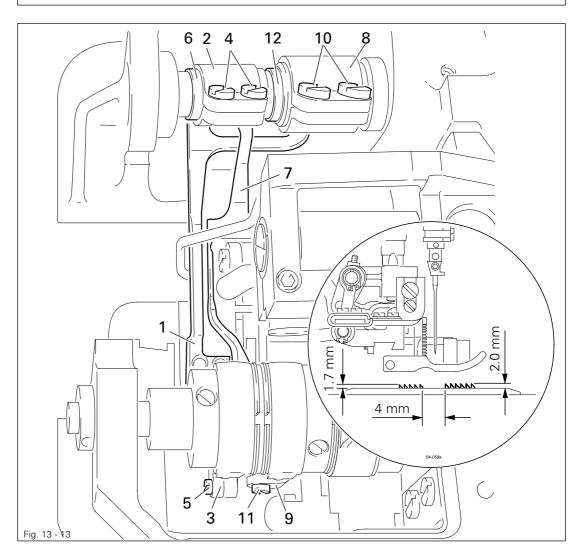
- Bring the needle bar to t.d.c. and set the longest stitch length.
- Loosen screws 1, 2, 3 and 4.
- Raise the presser foot and slide adjustment gauge 5 (part no. 61 111 642-19) under the presser foot as shown in Fig. 13-10.
- Move feed dog carriers 6 and 7 until both bottom feed dogs are touching adjustment gauge 5 and then slightly tighten screws 1 and 2.
- Adjust eccentric bushings 8 and 9 in accordance with requirements 2 and 3.
- In this position tighten screws 3 and 4.
- In observance with **requirement 1** tighten screws **1** and **2**.

13.05.12 Position of the main and the differential feed dog on the PFAFF 3811-11/55, -14/55, -11/65, -14/65

#### Requirement

With the longest stitch length set and in their highest position

- 1. The main feed dog should be 1.7 mm and the differential feed dog 2.0 mm parallel above the needle plate.
- 2. Both feed dogs should be in the centre of the needle plate cutout and be approximately 4 mm apart.





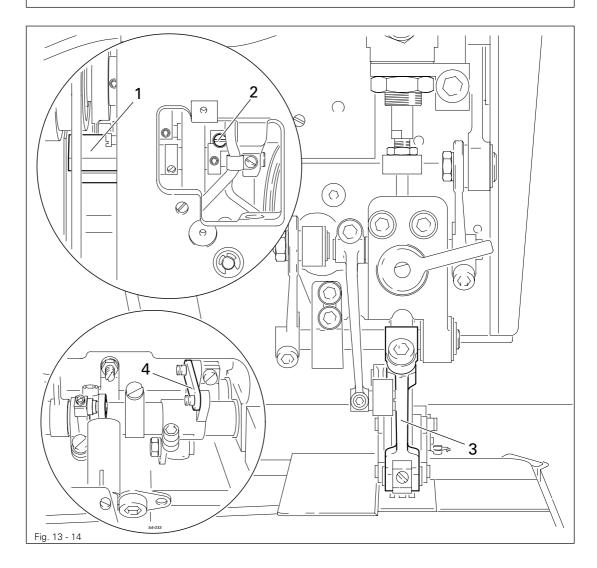
- Set the longest stitch length and bring the main feed dog into its highest position.
- According to requirement 1 and 2, adjust carrier 1 of the main feed dog by turning crank
   2 and 3 (screws 4 and 5) as well as the eccentric clamp bush 6.
- Bring differential feed dog carrier 7 into its highest position.
- According to requirement 1 and 2, adjust differential feed dog by turning crank 8 and 9 (screws 10 and 11) as well as the eccentric clamp bush 12.

13 - 14 **PFAFF** 

## 13.05.13 Neutral position of the top feed dog

### Requirement

When the stitch length is set at "0" and with the adjustment gauge 4 fitted, there should be no feeding motion of the top feed dog.





The stitch length limitation (screw 1 in Chapter 13.05.04 Neutral position of the main feed dog) must be deactivated.

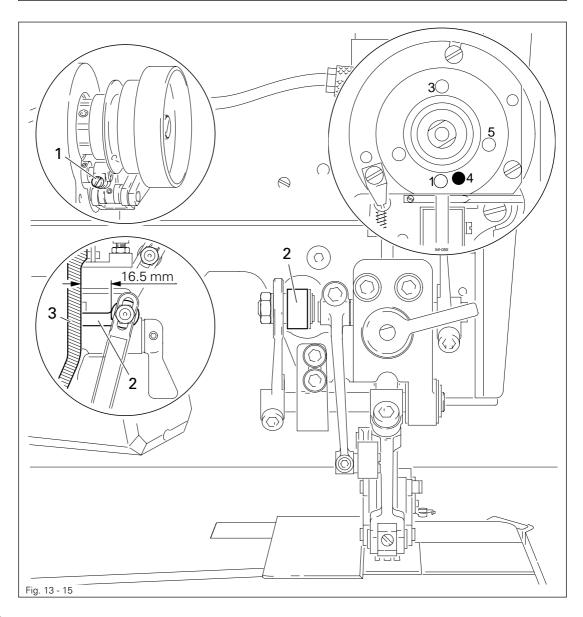


- Set stitch length at "0".
- While continuously turning the balance wheel, turn crank 1 (screw 2) so that lever 3 does not move.

## 13.05.14 Front linkage rod to top feed drive

### Requirement

With the needle bar positioned 0.8 before t.d.c. (adjustment hole 4), there must be a distance of approx. 16.5 mm between the eye of the linkage rod 2 and machine case 3.





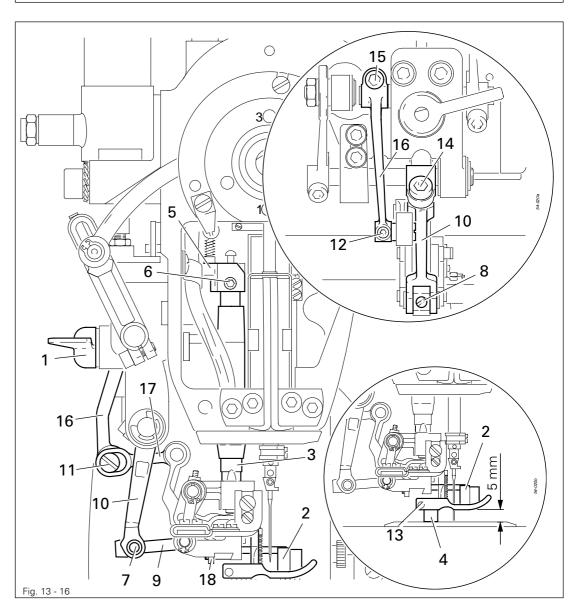
- Bring needle bar to 0.8 before t.d.c..
- Loosen screw 1.
- Adjust linkage rod 2 according to the requirement.
- Tighten screw 1.
- Check the setting.

13 - 16 **PFAFF** 

## 13.05.15 Aligning the presser foot

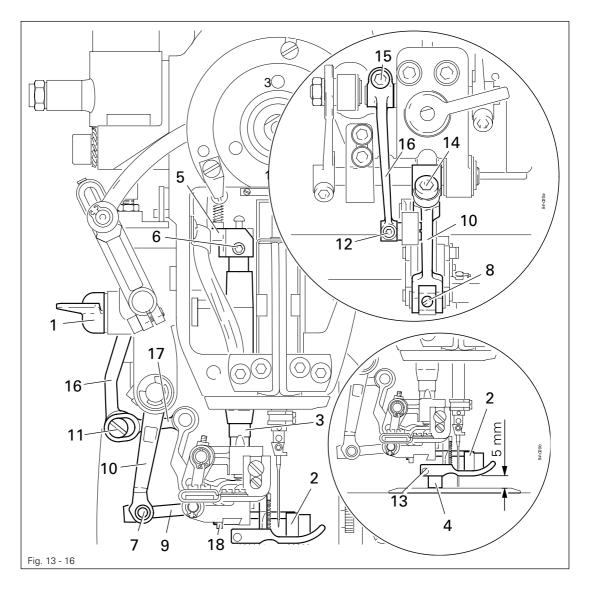
#### Requirement

- 1. With the hand lever 1 raised, there should be a clearance of 5 mm between the presser foot 13 and the needle plate.
- 2. The needle should penetrate the presser foot 13 in the centre of the needle hole.
- 3. The presser foot edge should be parallel to the bottom feed dog.





- Raise hand lever 1.
- By turning the balance wheel, bring top feed dog 2 to its t.d.c.
- Raise presser rod 3 and from the rear insert the 5 mm thick part of adjustment gauge 4 (part no. 61-111 642-19) under the presser foot.
- Lower presser rod lifter 5 (screw 6) as far as possible.
- Remove pin 7 (screw 8).
- Disengage lever 9 from lever bracket 10.
- Remove eccentric pin 11 (screw 12).
- Align presser foot 13 according to the requirements.



- Tighten screw 6.
- Remove adjustment gauge 4 and let presser foot 13 rest on the needle plate.
- Loosen screw 14.
- Engage lever 9 in lever bracket 10.
   (Lever 9 must move smoothly. If not, adjust lever 10).
- Insert pin 7 (screw 8), paying attention to smooth running.
- If necessary adjust lever 10.
- Bring needle bar to 0.8 before t.d.c.
- Bring top feed dog 2 in sewing direction into the centre of the presser foot cutout and tighten screw 14.
- Loosen screw 15.
- Connect lever 16 to the linkage rod 17 with eccentric pin 11 (screw 12), placing eccentric pin 11 with its greatest eccentricity pointing downwards.
- Bring lever 16 into contact with eccentric pin 11 and tighten screw 15.
- Align top feed dog 2 (screw 18) so that its side does not touch presser foot 13.



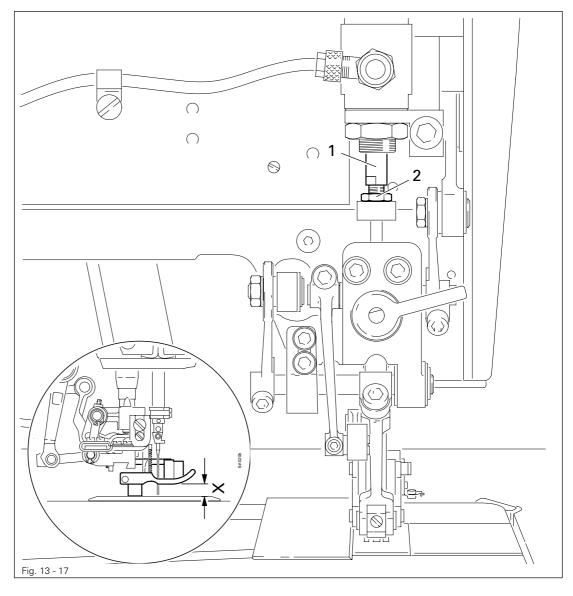
All moving parts of the top feed drive must run smoothly and without any

Lubricate the joints at regular intervals, see Chapter 12.03 Lubricating the top feed joints.

13 - 18 **PFAFF** 

# 13.05.16 Lift height of the automatic presser foot lift

Requirement		
3811 -2/55	When plunger 1 is retracted the distance X between the presser foot 3 and the needle plate should be 7 mm.	
3811 -11/55 -11/65 -14/55 -14/65	When plunger 1 is retracted the distance X between the presser foot 3 and the needle plate should be 11 mm.	
3811 -14/71	When plunger 1 is retracted the distance <b>X</b> between the presser foot <b>3</b> and the needle plate should be <b>5 mm</b> .	



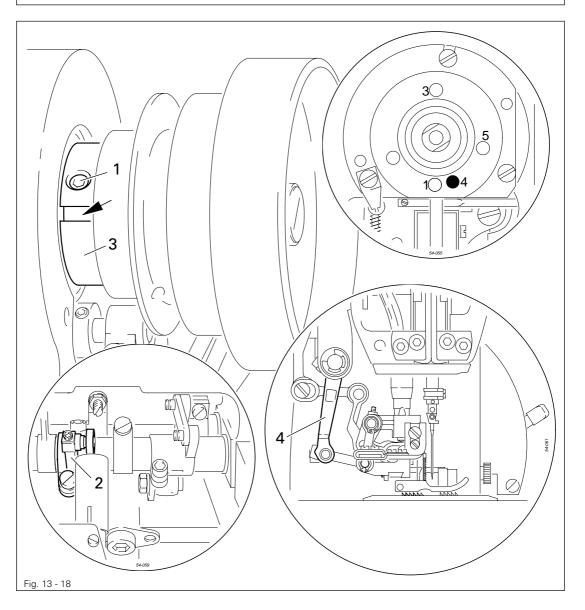


• Adjust plunger 1 (nut 2) in accordance with the requirment.

## 13.05.17 Feeding motion of the top feed dog

## Requirement

With the stitch length set at "4", the needle bar positioned 0.8 mm before t.d.c. (adjustment hole 4), lever 4 should not move when lever 2 is operated.





- Loosen both screws 1.
- While continuously moving lever 2 up and down, adjust eccentric 3, so that the slot is pointing towards the operator and lever 4 does not move.

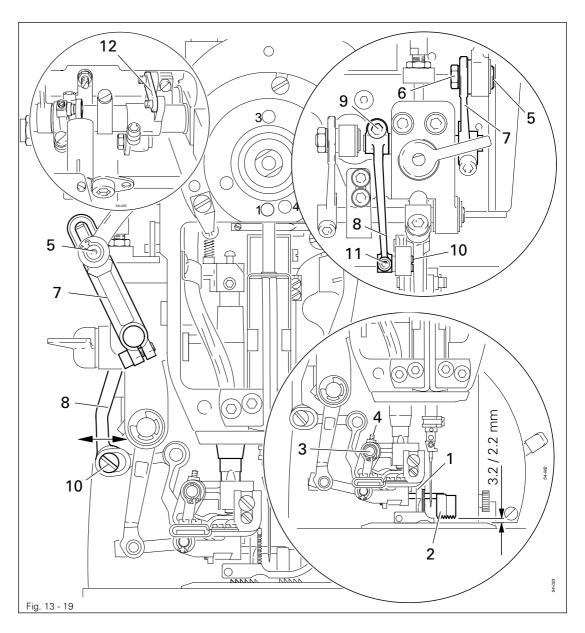
• Tighten screws 1.

13 - 20 **PFAFF** 

## 13.05.18 Top feed stroke

#### Requirement

With the stitch length set at "4" and adjustment gauge 12 fitted, at t.d.c. the top feed dog 2 should be 3.2 mm (or 2.2 mm on the 3811-14/71) from the needle plate.



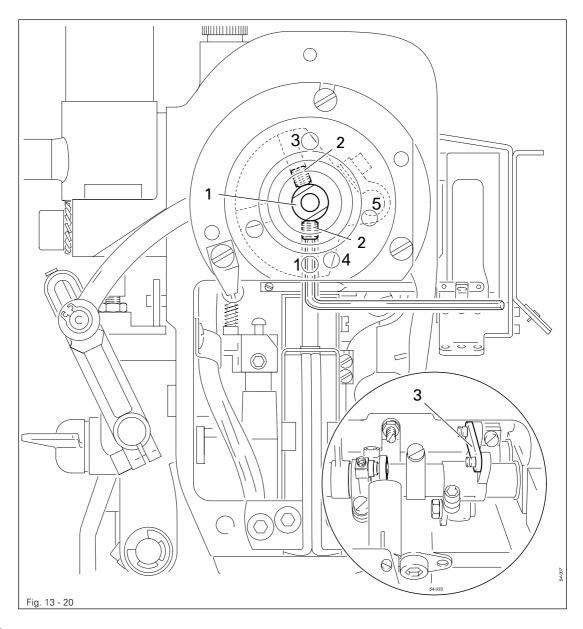


- Allow the presser foot 1 to touch the needle plate.
- Set the stitch length "4".
- By turning the balance wheel bring the top feed dog 2 to t.d.c.
- Adjust the eccentric pin 3 (screw 4) so that its maximum eccentricity is pointing towards the needle.
- Move pin 5 (nut 6) to the bottom of the elongated hole of lever 7.
- To pre-set the distance of the top feed dog 2 from the needle plate adjust lever 8 (screw 9).
- Adjust eccentric pin 10 (screw 11) in accordance with the requirement.

## 13.05.19 Lifting motion of the top feed dog

### Requirement

When the stitch length is set at "4" and with adjustment gauge **3** fitted, the top feed dog should rest on the ascending bottom feed dog, when this reaches the top edge of the needle plate.



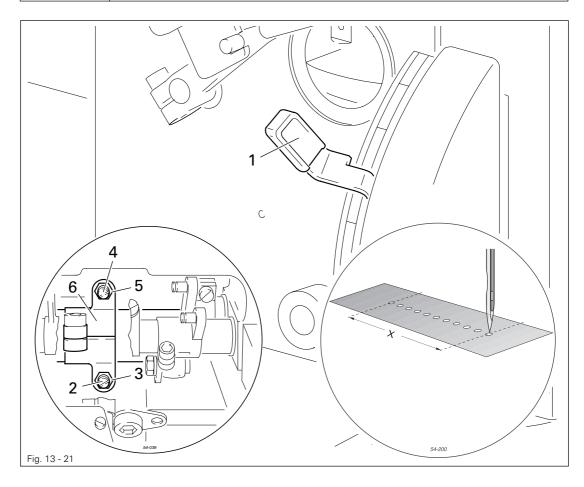


- Set stitch length to "4".
- Adjust eccentric 1 (screws 2) according to the requirement.

13 - 22 **PFAFF** 

## 13.05.20 Stitch length limitation

Requirement			
3811 -2/55	<ol> <li>The bottom stroke of rocking bar 6 should be set so that the stitch length is 2.2 mm (x = 22 mm with 11 penetrations).</li> <li>With the same stitch length set, screw 4 should rest lightly on the casting. (It should no longer be possible to move rocking bar 6.</li> </ol>		
3811 -11/55 -11/65 -14/55 -14/65	<ol> <li>1. 1.The bottom stroke of rocking bar 6 should be set so that the stitch length is 4.2 mm (x = 42 mm with 11 penetrations).</li> <li>2. The top stroke of rocking bar 6 should be set so that the stitch length is 3.1 mm (x = 31 mm with 11 penetrations).</li> </ol>		
3811 -14/71	<ol> <li>The bottom stop of bar 6 should be set so that the stitch length is 2.7 mm (x = 27 mm with 11 penetrations)</li> <li>With the same stitch length screw 4 should lightly touch the casting. (There should be no more movement of bar 6).</li> </ol>		

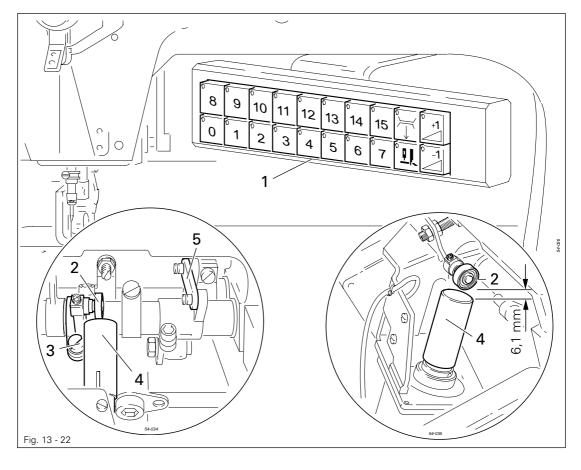




- Set the stitch length on lever 1 according to requirement 1.
- Adjust screw 2 (nut 3) according to requirement 1.
- Set the stitch length on lever 1 according to requirement 2.
- Adjust screw 4 (nut 5) according to requirement 2

## 13.05.21 Basic setting of the differential adjustment mechanism

Requirement		
3811 -2/55	With the fullness set at "0", the stitch length at "2.2" and the adjustment gauge <b>5</b> fitted, the roller <b>2</b> should be touching pressure sleeve <b>4</b> .	
3811 -11/55 -11/65 -14/55 -14/65	With the fullness set at its highest level "key 15", the stitch length set at "4" and the adjustment gauge 5 fitted, the roller 2 should be 6.1 mm from pressure sleeve 4.	
3811 -14/71	With the amount of fullness set at "0", the stitch length set at "2.7" and the adjustment gauge 5 fitted, roller 2 should be touching the pressure sleeve 4.	





- Switch on the machine.
- The following work step is dependent on the type of machine.

PFAFF 3811-11/55, -11/65, -14/55, -14/65:

Press key "15" on keyboard 1 (LED must light up).

PFAFF 3811-2/55, -14/71:

Set fullness at "0".

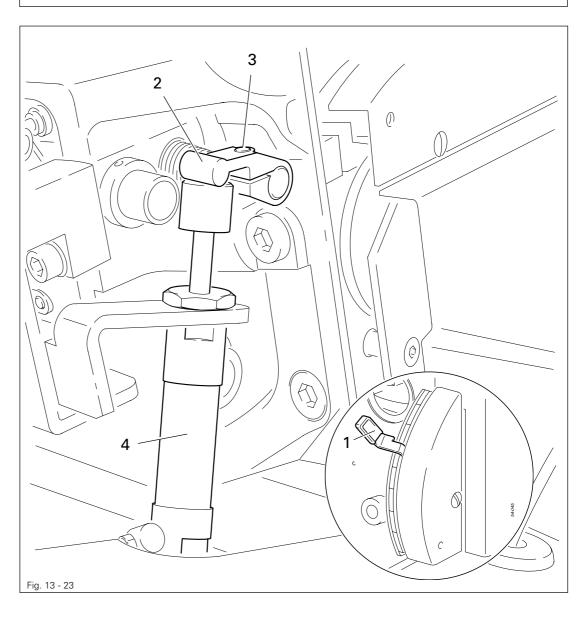
- Switch off the machine.
- Adjust roller 2 (screw 3) according to the requirement.

13 - 24 **PFAFF** 

## 13.05.22 Setting the standard stitch length (not on the PFAFF 3811-2/55 and -14/71)

### Requirement

When the stitch length is set at "3" and key "15" is activated (cylinder 4 completely extended), the stitch length should be 3 mm.



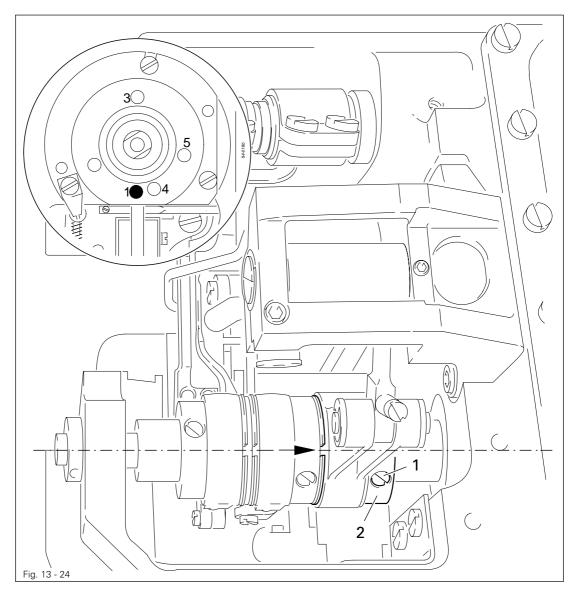


- Set stitch length "3" (lever 1).
- Switch on the machine and press key "15" on the keyboard.
- Adjust crank 2 (screw 3) according to the requirement.

## 13.05.23 Looper avoiding motion

### Requirement

With the needle bar at t.d.c. (adjustment hole 1) the cutout of eccentric 2 should be positioned vertically below the centre of the axis.





- Loosen both screws 1.
- Bring needle bar to t.d.c.
- Adjust eccentric **2** according to the **requirement**.
- Tighten screws 1.

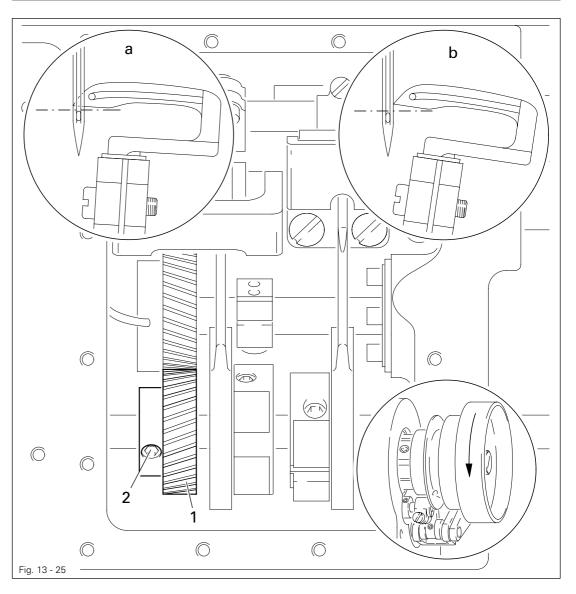
13 - 26 **PFAFF** 

### 13.05.24 Looper motion

#### Requirement

In the following positions the looper point should be positioned at the same height:

- a) When, after turning the balance wheel in the sewing direction, the looper point is on the left side of the needle.
- b) When, after turning the balance wheel back from position a), the looper point is on the right side of the needle.





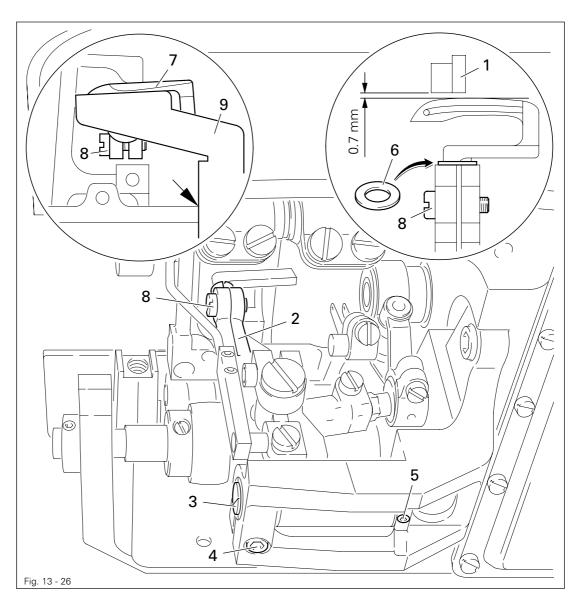
- Insert a new needle.
- Turn the balance wheel until the looper point approaching from the right is positioned on the left side of the needle.
- In this position fasten the screw clamp (part no. 08-880 137-00) on the needle bar, so that the upward movement of the needle bar is blocked.
- Turn the balance wheel against the sewing direction, until the screw clamp is touching the needle bar frame again.
- Check requirement.
- If necessary, remove the screw clamp and adjust gear 1 (screws 2) according to the requirement.

## 13.05.25 Looper height and looper angle

### Requirement

When the looper carrier 2 is in a vertical position there should be

- 1. a distance of **0.7 mm** between the highest point of the looper back and the needle plate rest and
- 2. looper 7 should be resting on looper adjustment gauge 9.





- Remove needle plate and bottom feed dog.
- Place adjustment gauge 1 (part no. 61-111 642-19) on the needle plate rest.
- Set looper carrier 2 into a vertical position.

13 - 28 **PFAFF** 

- Adjust eccentric bearing pin 3 (screws 4 and 5) according to requirement 1.
- Check the setting.



If the required distance is not achieved, replace spacer 6. To do so, looper 7 (screw 8) must be removed.

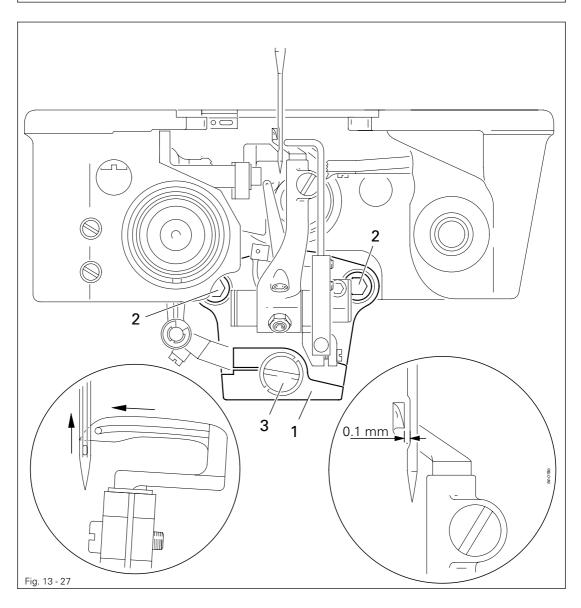
- Place looper adjustment gauge 9 (part no. 61-111 643-06) on the left edge of the cover plate guide (see arrow) and push it against looper 7.
- Position looper 7 (screw 8) on the looper adjustment gauge 9 (requirement 2).

Spacer	Part No.
0.3 mm	91-170 693-05
0.5 mm	91-169614-05
0.8 mm	91-169615-05
1.2 mm	91-170 694-05

13.05.26 Looper-to-needle clearance in sewing direction

### Requirement

In sewing direction there must be a cleaance of approx. **0.1 mm** between looper point and needle.





- Turn the balance wheel until the looper point coming from the right reaches the left side of the needle.
- Align looper unit 1 (screw 2) according to the requirement.



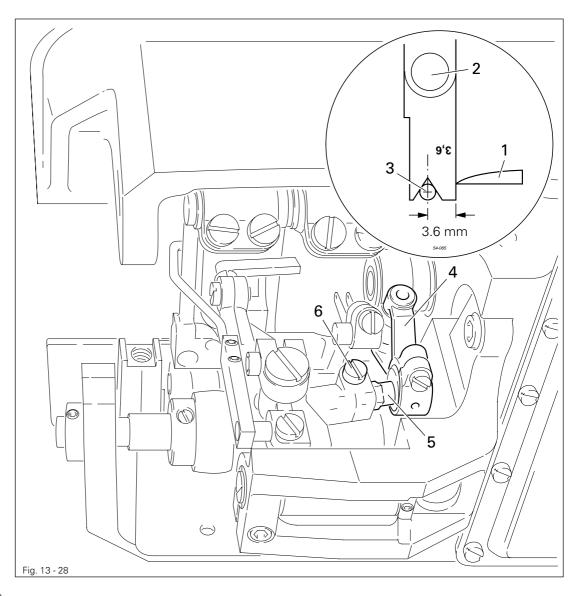
If a clearance of **0.1 mm** cannot be obtained, the setting of the eccentric bearing stud **3** can be corrected. In this case the looper height and angle must be checked, see **Chapter 13.05.25 Looper height and looper angle**.

13 - 30 **PFAFF** 

## 13.05.27 Looper-to-needle clearance crosswise to sewing direction

#### Requirement

When the looper 1 is at its right point of reversal, there must be a clearance between the looper point crosswise to the sewing direction and the needle center of 3.6 mm.



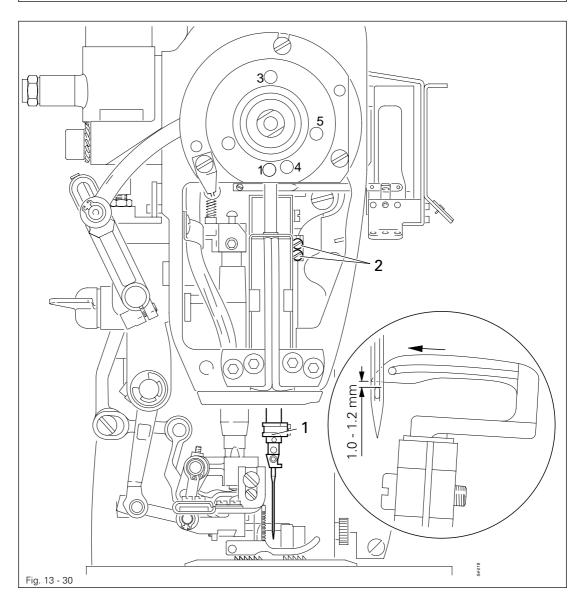


- By turning the balance wheel bring the looper 1 to its right point of reversal.
- Place the "3.6" blade of looper gauge 2 (Order No. 61-111 643-06) against the needle 3 with its notch facing the direction of feed.
- Make sure that the driving link 4 is vertical and turn the ball pin 5 (screw 6) with the aid
  of an open-ended spanner (size 6), until the looper point 1 contacts the blade.

## 13.05.28 Final adjustment of the needle height

### Requirement

When the point of the looper advancing from the right reaches the left side of the needle, the top edge of the needle eye must be 1.0 - 1.2 mm below the bottom edge of the looper.





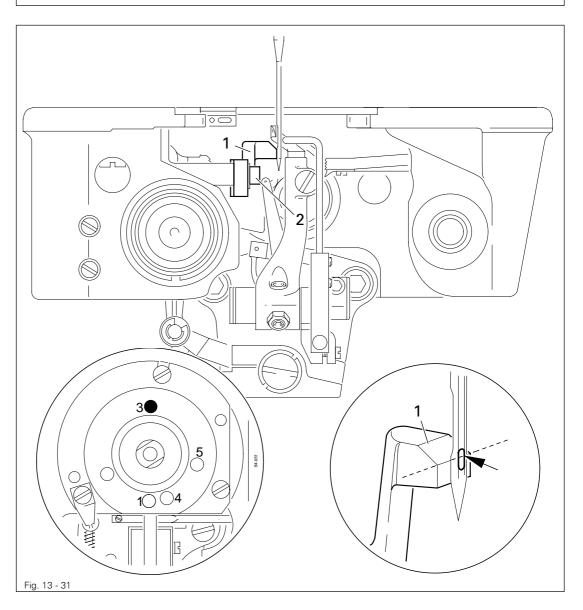
- Turn the balance wheel until the looper point, which is coming from the right, reaches the left side of the needle.
- Without turning the needle bar 1 (screw 2) adjust it according to the requirement.

13 - 32 **PFAFF** 

## 13.05.29 Height of rear needle guard

### Requirement

When the needle bar is at bottom dead center (pin in hole 3), the vertical surface of the needle guard 1 must cover about 2/3 of the needle eye.



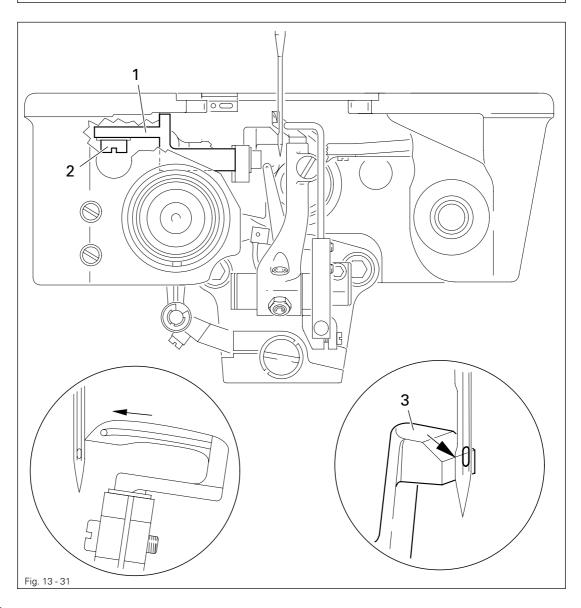


- Bring the needle bar to BDC.
- Adjust needle guard 1 (screw 2) according to the requirement.

## 13.05.30 Clearance between rear needle guard and needle

### Requirement

When the point of the looper, which is advancing from the right, reaches the right side of the needle, the needle guard 3 must still be in slight contact with the needle.





- Turn the balance wheel until the looper point is located at the right side of the needle.
- Adjust bracket 1 (screw 2) according to the requirement.



Under no circumstances should the needle be deflected by the needle guard 3!

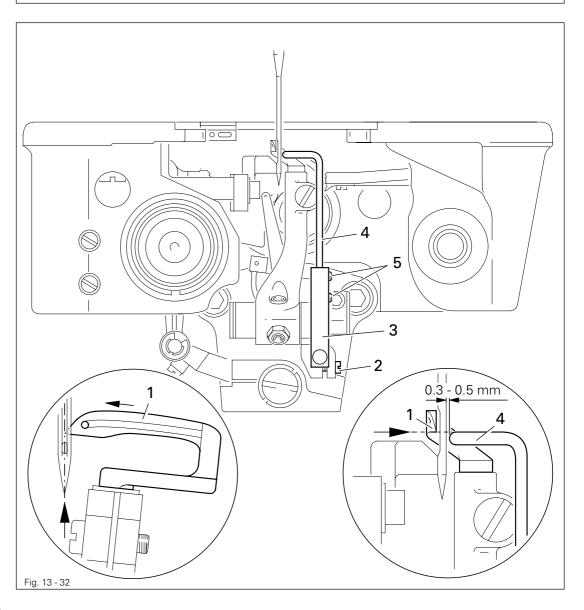
13 - 34 **PFAFF** 

### 13.05.31 Position of the front needle guard (does not apply to all machines)

#### Requirement

When the point of the looper 1, which is advancing from the right, is positioned in the center of the needle, the needle guard clip 4 must

- 1. have a side clearance to the needle of 0.3 0.5 mm
- 2. be parallel to the looper blade
- 3. have its top edge at the same height as the point of looper 1.



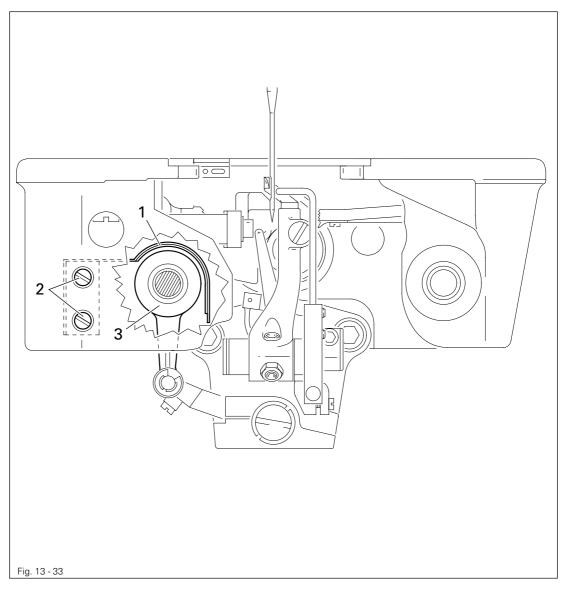


- By turning the balance wheel bring looper 1 to its left point of reversal.
- Loosen screws 2.
- Adjust needle guard bracket 3 so that in this position the needle guard clip 4 is not in contact with looper 1.
- Slightly tighten screws 2.
- Turn the balance wheel until the point of the looper 1, when coming from the right, is positioned in the center of the needle.
- Adjust needle guard bracket 3 according to requirement 1.
- Align needle guard clip 4 (screws 5) according to requirement 2 and 3.

# 13.05.32 Guard of looper-avoiding-motion eccentric

## Requirement

During motion the eccentric 3 must not touch guard 1.





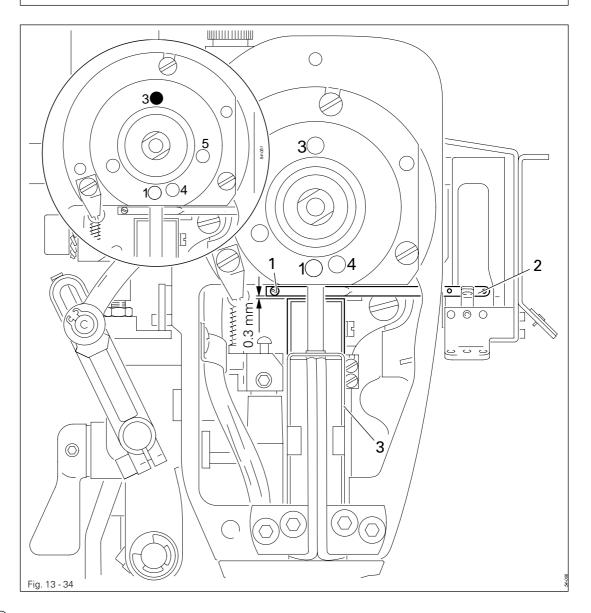
 Adjust guard 1 (screws 2, accessible through adjustment holes) according to the requirement.

13 - 36 **PFAFF** 

## 13.05.33 Take- up lever

#### Requirement

- 1. When the needle bar is at BDC (pin in hole 3) there must be a clearance of about 0.3 mm between the take-up lever 2 and the needle bar frame 3.
- 2. The take-up lever 2 must be able to move freely in the center of the needle head slot, and must not have any contact either at TDC or BDC.



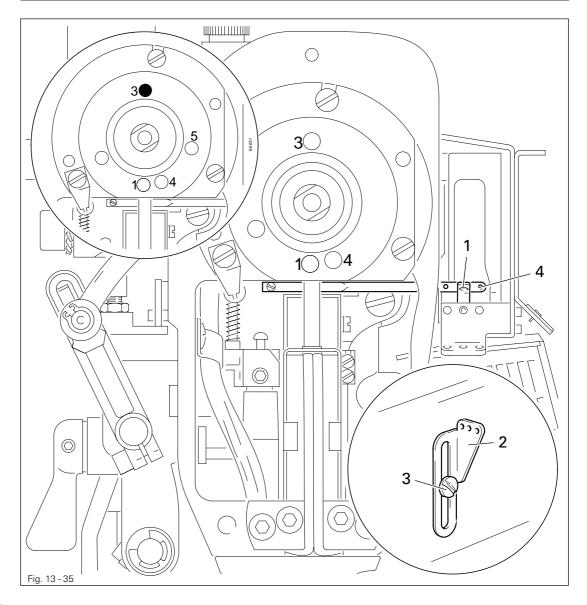


- By turning the handwheel make screw 1 accessible and loosen it slightly.
- Bring needle bar to BDC.
- Adjust take-up lever 2 according to requirement 1.
- Tighten screw 1 in compliance with requirement 2.

13.05.34 Basic setting of the needle thread regulator and the thread guide

#### Requirement

- 1. With the needle bar at BDC (pin in hole 3) the eye of the needle thread regulator 1 and the adjustment hole of the take-up lever 4 must be in line.
- 2. The thread guide 2 must be vertical and attached with a screw in the center of the elongated hole.





- Bring the needle bar to bottom dead center.
- After loosening the screw, adjust the needle thread regulator 1 according to requirement 1.
- Tighten the screw of the needle thread regulator.
- Align thread guide 2 (screw 3) according to requirement 2.



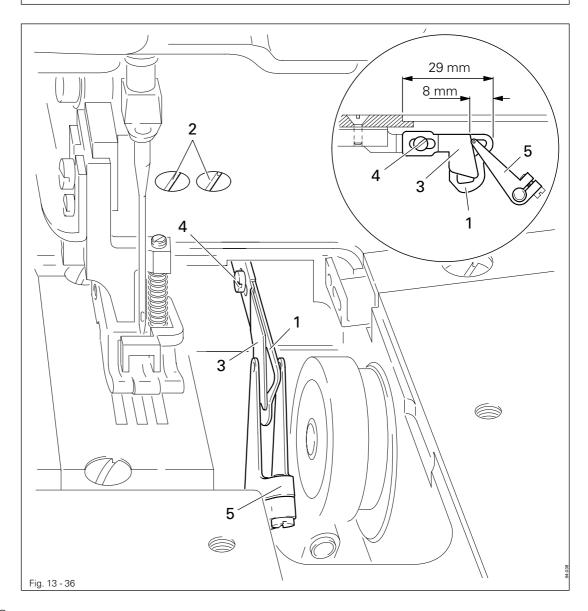
Depending on the type of material and thread used, the basic setting may have to be modified.

13 - 38 **PFAFF** 

## 13.05.35 Looper thread regulator and looper thread take-up

### Requirement

- 1. The distance between the front edge of looper thread regulator 1 and the rear needle plate edge guide must be 29 mm.
- 2. The front edges of the thread take-up device **3** and the thread regulator **1** must be about **8 mm** apart.





- Adjust thread regulator 1 (screws 2) according to requirement 1.
- Adjust thread take-up device 3 (screw 4) according to requirement 2.

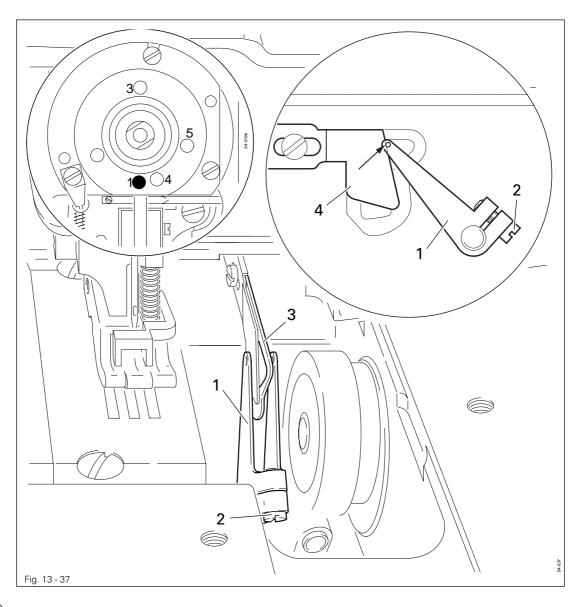


Depending on the type of material and thread used, the basic setting may have to be modified.

## 13.05.36 Looper thread puller

### Requirement

With the needle bar in top dead center (pin in hole 1) both eyes of looper thread puller 1 must be at the front edge of the thread take-up device 4.





- Bring needle bar to top dead center.
- Turn thread puller 1 (screw 2) according to the **requirement**, making sure that the prongs of thread puller 1 are in the middle of the thread regulator 3.



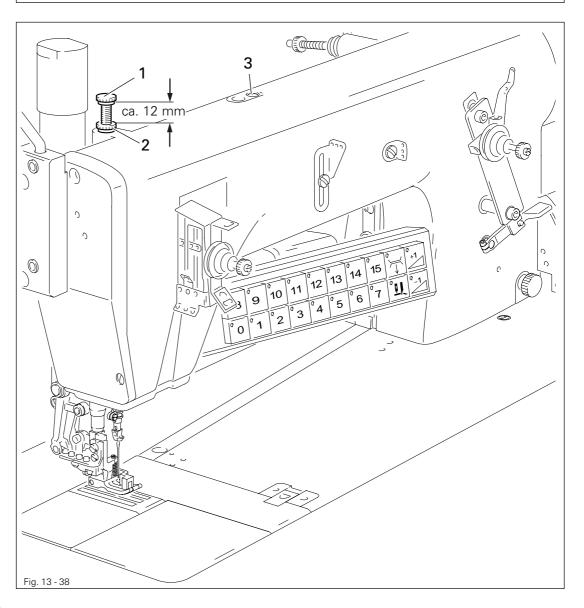
Depending on the type of material and thread used, the basic setting may have to be modified.

13 - 40 **PFAFF** 

## 13.05.37 Top feed dog and sewing foot pressure

### Requirement

The pressure of the top feed dog and the sewing foot should be set, so that the best possible feeding of the workpiece is achieved at every speed.





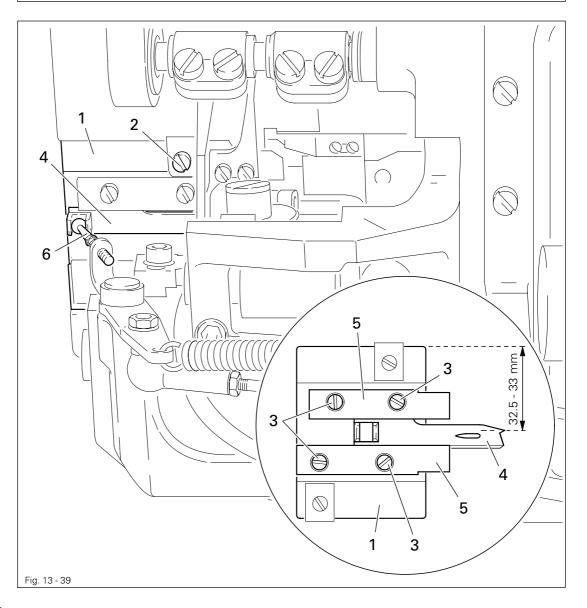
- Adjust sewing foot pressure with screw 1 (nut 2) according to the requirement.
- With screw 3 adjust the pressure of the top feed dog according to the requirement.

### 13.06 Adjusting the thread-trimming device -900/71

### 13.06.01 Pre-adjust the thread catcher

### Requirement

- 1. Between the point of the thread catcher 4 and the front edge of the mounting plate 1 there must be a clearance of 32.5 33 mm.
- 2. The guide plates 5 must be parallel to the mounting plate 1.
- 3. The thread catcher 4 should move freely and with little play.





- Remove mounting plate 1 (screws 2).
- Loosen screws 3.
- Adjust thread catcher 4 according to requirement 1.
- Align guide plates 5 according to requirements 2 and 3 and tighten screws 3.
- Making sure that the ball stud 6 engages in the actuator of thread catcher 4, unscrew the mounting plate 1.

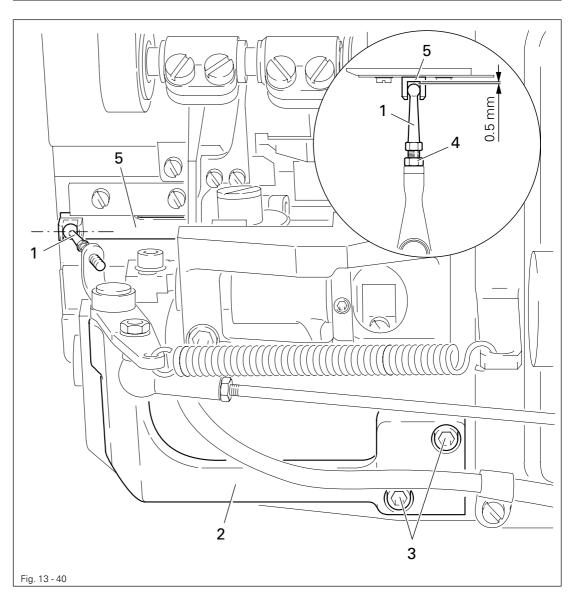
13 - 42 **PFAFF** 

## 13.06.02 Positioning the ball stud

### Requirement

In a vertical position the ball stud 1 must

- 1. be located in the middle of actuator 5 and
- 2. have a clearance of **0.5 mm** to the bottom of actuator **5**.



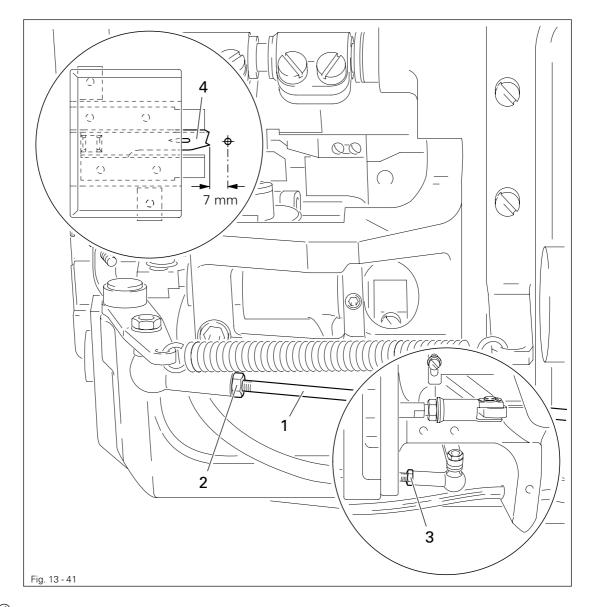


- Set ball stud 1 in a vertical position.
- Adjust bracket 2 (screws 3) according to requirement 1.
- Turn ball stud 1 (nut 4) according to requirement 2.

### 13.06.03 Position of thread catcher to needle

### Requirement

When the thread-trimming device is in a neutral position, there must be a clearance of **7 mm** between the point of the thread catcher **4** and the needle center.





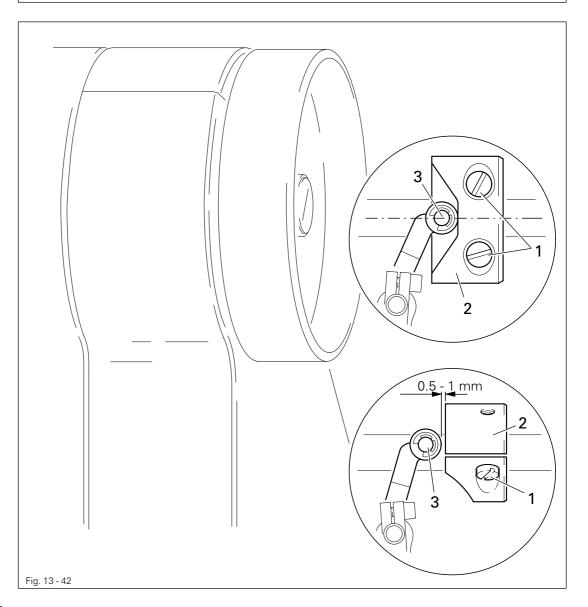
- Bring the thread-trimming device into its neutral position.
- Turn linkage rod 1 (nut 2, nut 3 with left-handed thread) according to the requirement.

13 - 44 **PFAFF** 

### 13.06.04 Thread catcher interlock

#### Requirement

- 1. When the needle bar is at TDC, the roller 3 must be located in the center of the cutout of the interlocking cam 2.
- 2. When the thread-trimming device is in a neutral position and the needle bar is at BDC, there must be a clearance of 0.5 1 mm between the interlocking cam 2 and the roller 3.



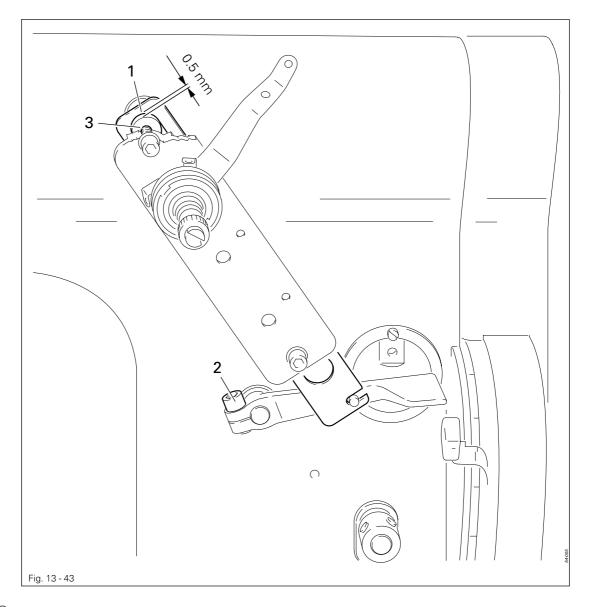


- Loosen screws 1 so that the interlocking cam can be turned on its shaft with resistance.
- Bring the needle bar to TDC.
- In this position turn the interlocking cam 2 according to requirement 1.
- Bring the thread-trimming device to its neutral position and the needle bar to BDC.
- Adjust interlocking cam 2 according to requirement 2 and tighten screws 1.

### 13.06.05 Tension release

### Requirement

When the cylinder is fully actuated, there must be a clearance of about 0.5 mm between the top end of the elongated hole in plate 1 and the guide pin 3.





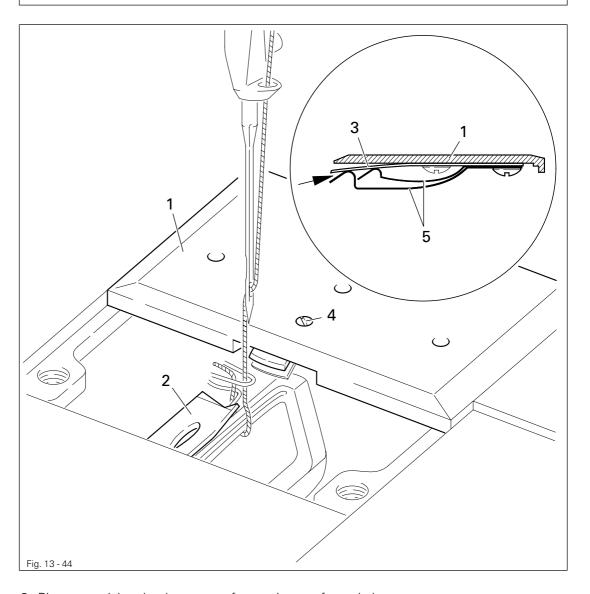
- Fully actuate the cylinder of the thread-trimming device.
- Adjust plate 1 (screw 2) according to the requirement.

13 - 46 **PFAFF** 

### 13.06.06 Cutting test

#### Requirement

- 1. The point of the thread catcher 2 must pick up the looper thread and the rear part of the needle thread loop reliably.
- 2. When the cover plate 1 is removed, the threads must remain undamaged.
- 3. When the cover plate 1 is in position, the thread catcher 2 must move between the knife 3 and the clamp springs 5, during which the threads are properly cut and bound.



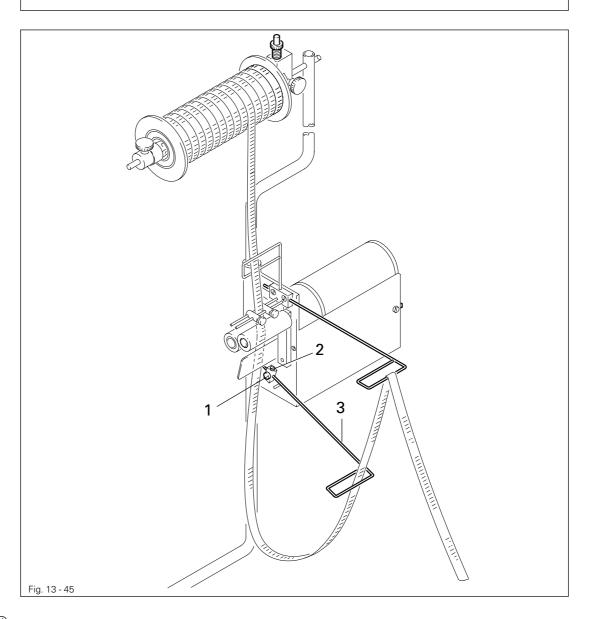


- Place material under the presser foot and sew a few stitches.
- Remove cover plate 1.
- Position the needle as in Chapter 13.06.04 Thread catcher interlock.
- Operate the cutting cylinder manually, checking **requirements 1** and **2**.
- If necessary, readjust thread catcher 2 accordingly.
- Set cover plate 1 into place.
- Screw on cover plate 1.
- Operate cutting cylinder again, checking requirement 3.
- If necessary, carefully turn screw 4 according to requirement 3 (increase the pressure of the knife).

# 13.07 Adjusting the tape dispenser (not on the PFAFF 3811-14/71)

### Requirement

When the switch bar 3 is raised by approx. 3 cm, the motor should start running.





• Adjust shaft 1 (screw 2) according to the requirement.

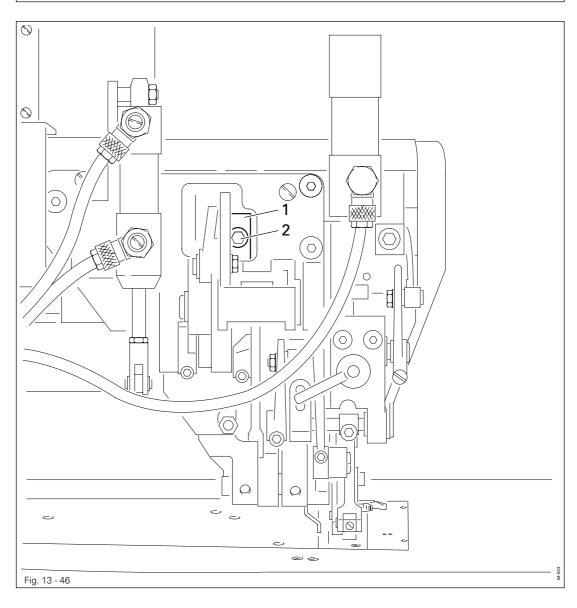
13 - 48 **PFAFF** 

### 13.08 Adjusting the edge trimming mechanism

#### 13.08.01 Knife stroke

#### Requirement

When the needle bar is at t.d.c., the knife should be at the top of its stroke.



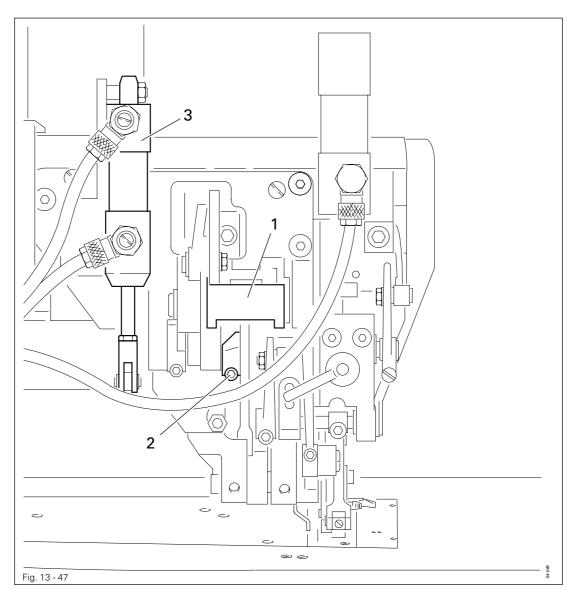


• Adjust eccentric 1 (screw 2) according to the requirement.

### 13.08.02 Neutral position

#### Requirement

When cylinder 3 is fully extended, the knife should not move when the balance wheel is turned.





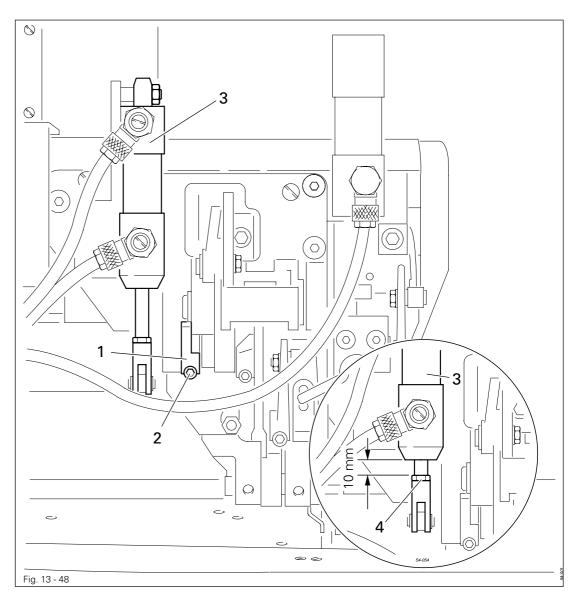
• Turn crank 1 (screws 2) according to the requirement.

13 - 50 **PFAFF** 

### 13.08.03 Starting position of the cylinder

#### Requirement

When cylinder 3 is retracted, nut 4 should be 10 mm from the bottom edge of cylinder 3.



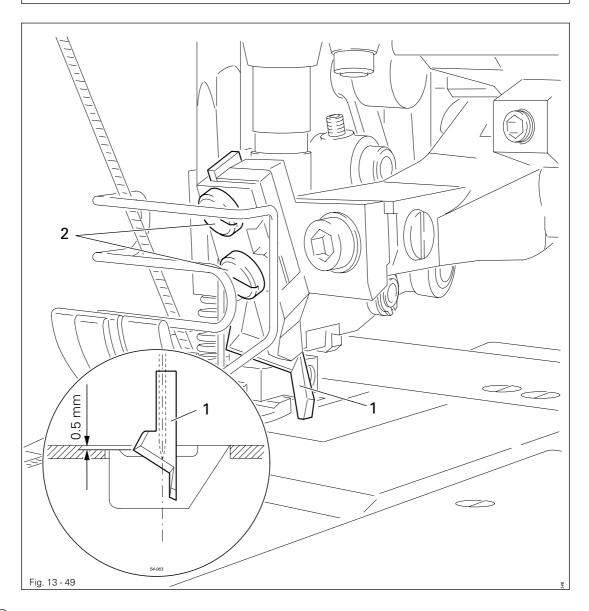


• Adjust stop 1 (screw 2) according to the requirement.

### 13.08.04 Knife height

#### Requirement

When the knife 1 is at b.d.c., the front edge of knife 1 should be approx. 0.5 mm below the top edge of the needle plate.





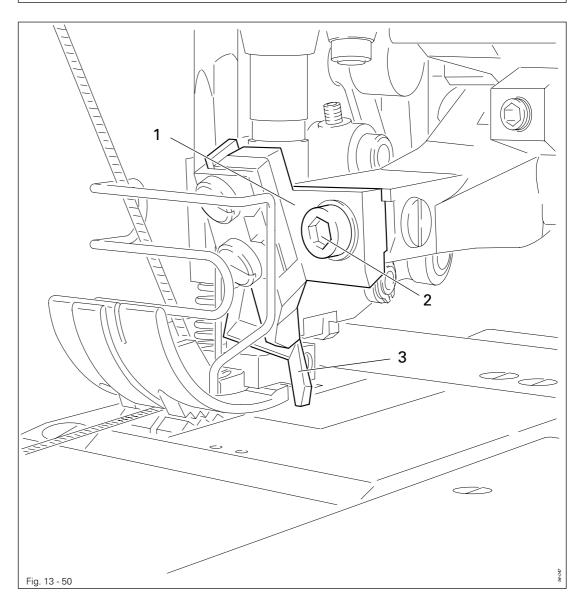
• Adjust knife 1 (screw 2) according to the requirement.

13 - 52 **PFAFF** 

### 13.08.05 Knife position crosswise to sewing direction

#### Requirement

- 1. The knife 3 must rest with light pressure against the stationary knife.
- 2. The knife 3 should, however, not strike the needle plate.





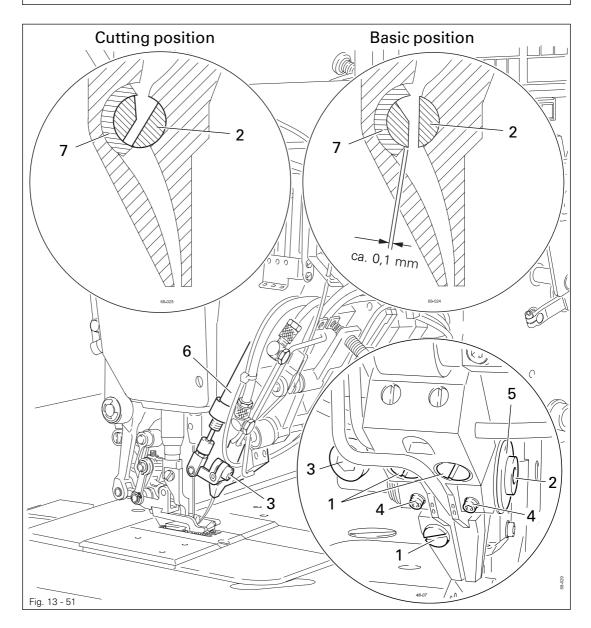
Bring the knife into its lowest position and adjust knife mounting 1 (screw 2) according to the requirements.

### 13.09 Adjusting the tape feeding device

### 13.09.01 Adjusting the knife

#### Requirement

With cylinder 6 extended, the edge of the inside blade 2 should be approx. 0.1 mm above the edge of the outside blade 7.





- Remove cover (screw 1).
- Adjust inside blade 2 (screw 3) in accordance with the requirement.

#### Changing the knife:

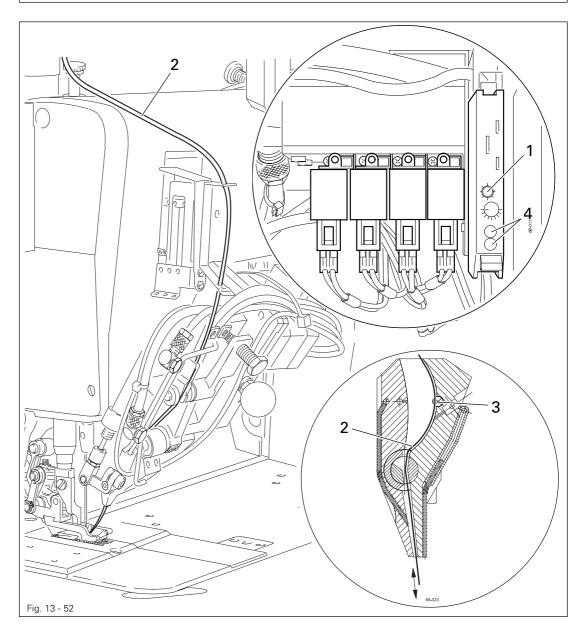
- Loosen screw 4.
- Remove retaining ring 5 and pull out the complete knife towards the left.
- Assembly in the reverse order.

13 - 54 **PFAFF** 

### 13.09.02 Setting the evaluation function of the photoelectric beam

#### Requirement

- 1. If the bridle tape 2 is in the detection range of the photoelectric beam 3 (regulate air jet on, valve Y52 activated), none of the LEDs 4 should be on.
- 2. If the bridle tape 2 is outside the detection range of the photoelectric beam 3, both LEDs 4 should be on.





• Adjust the trimmer 1 in accordance with the requirements.

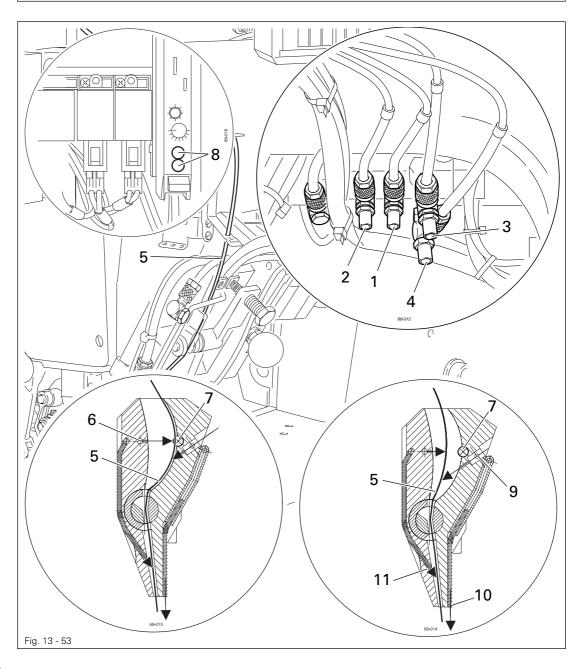


To check the setting tighten and release bridle tape 2. For further information see Data sheet for the evaluation of the photoelectric beam.

#### 13.09.03 Adjusting the air jets

#### Requirement

- 1. Open throttle 1 far enough to press bridle tape 5 over air jet 6 into the range of the photoelectric beam 7, so that the switch status of the photoelectric beam is displayed (LEDs 8 are not on).
- 2. Open throttle 2 (jet 10) far enough to ensure a reliable sewing start.
- 3. Open throttle 3 (jet 11) far enough to ensure that the tape is dispensed reliably after trimming.
- 4. During the feed motion throttle **4** should only be opened far enough to press bridle tape **5** over air jet **9** out of the detection range of the photoelectric beam **7**.

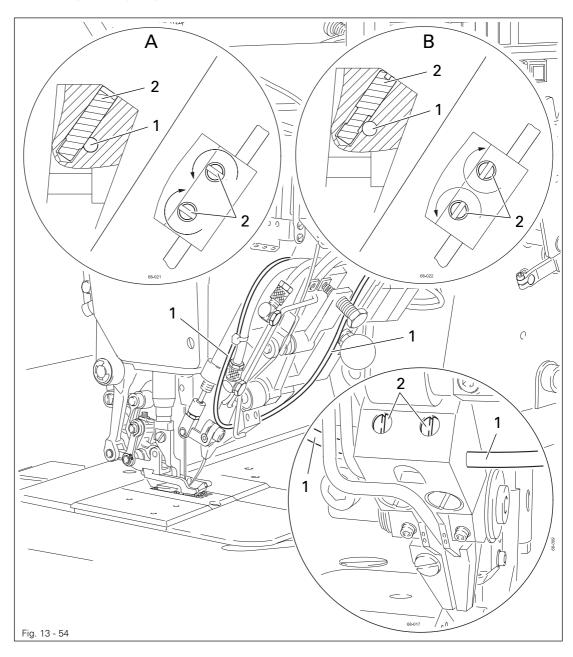




• Adjust throttles 1 to 4 in accordance with requirements 1 to 4.

13 - 56 **PFAFF** 

13.09.04 Fastening the light guides





Light guides 1 are fed into the appropriate holes of the tape feeding device and clamped into place with pins 2, see enlarged drawing A.

To release the clamps pins 2 must be turned by 90°, see enlarged drawing B.



To cut or shorten the light guides **1** we recommend the use of the appropriate knife (part no. 99-137 071-91).

# 13.10 Parameter settings

Group	Parameter	Description	Adjustment range	Standard value
1	110	Speed for condensed end stitches		2000
5	585	Speed limiter N1	300 – 6400	3800 3200 <b>▲</b>
	586	Speed limiter N2	300 - 6400	3200
	587	Speed limiter N3	300 – 6400	1200
	591	Speed limiter I = yes II = no	1/11	1
6	601	Cut I = yes II = no	1/11	1
	607 Max. speed 609 Cutting speed 1		100 – 10000	4200 3800 <b>▲</b>
			30 – 500	180
	651▲	Automatic lowering of presser foot when the machine stops I = yes, II = no	1/11	II
7	700	Needle position 0 Needle reference position	0 – 239	0
	701	Angle setting I = Synchronizer setting with balance wheel (teach-in) II = Synchronizer setting	I/II	I
	702 Needle position 1 (needle lov		0 – 239	
	703	Needle position 2 (take-up lever raised)	0 – 239	
	705	Needle position 5 (end cutting signal 1)	0 –239	
	799	Machine class Chainstitch	5	
9	904▲	(ML) output Ax  Motor operation activated  I = with running motor  II = with stationary motor	1/11	11

<sup>▲</sup> Values for the PFAFF 3811-14/71



For more information see the motor instruction manual.

13 - 58 **PFAFF** 

# 13.11 Table of inputs and outputs

Inputs						
Input	Signal	M-DX-6	Connection	Terminal		
E1	Counting signal	1	Quick-motor A16	X1/21		
E2	Switch to next area	2	Knee switch S102			
GND	Switch to next area	3	Knee switch S102			
E3	Thread wiper	4	Quick-Motor A3	X1/7		
E4	GST-step motor	5	Initiator B200	X20/2		
GND		6	Initiator B200			
E5	Motor running	7	Quick-Motor A8	X1/4		
E6	Tape control	8	Tape control A4	18		
GND		9	Tape control GND	3		
GND			Without tape control			
			Bridge from terminal			
			8 to 9			
E7	Error tape control	10	Tape control A6	21		
E8	Condensed stitches	11	Quick-motor A5	X1/11		
GND		12	Quick-Motor 0V	X1/24		

Outputs						
Output	Code	Signal	Terminal	Connection	Terminal	
	number		MD-DX-6			
+ 24 V			13	Initiator B200	X20/1	
A1	1	Start inhibitor	14	Quick-Motor E6	X1/6	
A2	2	Speedlimiter	15	Quick-Motor E13	X1/20	
+ 24 V			16	Valve/stitch length		
A3	3	Speed limiter	17	Quick-Motor E1	X1/3	
A4	4		18			
+ 24 V			19	Valve Y17		
A5	5	Stitch length 3 mm	20	Valve Y11		
A6	6	Cut tape	21	Tape control E2	2	
+ 24 V			22	Valve Y13		
A7	7	Tape brake or		Valve Y17		
		adjust tape	23	Tape control E1	1	
A8	8	Edge trimmer	24	Valve Y13		

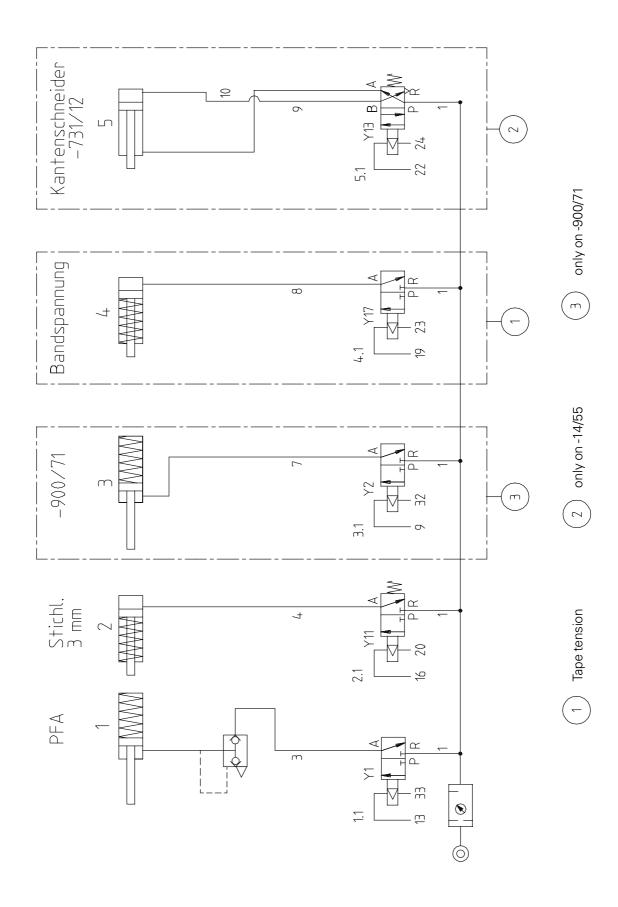
# 13.12 Table of inputs and outputs for the tape feeding device

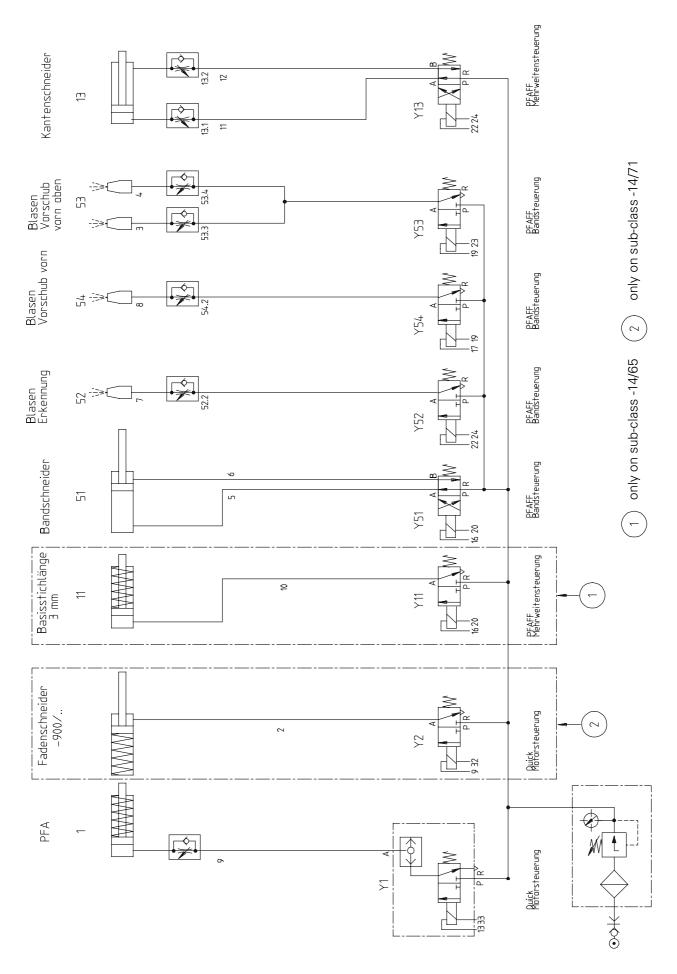
Inputs						
Input	Signal	Terminal PFAFF	Connection	Terminal		
BAR	Regulate on	1				
BAS	Trimming on/prepare off	2				
GND		3				
E3	Tape on/off	4				
E4		5				
GND		6				
E5	Code input 1	7				
E6	Code input 2	8				
GND		9				
E7	ERROR – Reset threading	10				
E8	Photoelectric beam B50	11	Photoelectric beam (out)	black		
GND		12	Photoelectric beam 0 V	blue		

			Outputs		
Output	Code number	Signal	Terminal PFAFF	Connection	Terminal
+ 24 V			13	Photoelectric beam (12 – 24 V)	brown
A1	1		14		
A2	2	Tape inserted	15	Switch	
+ 24 V			16	Y51	
Y54	3	B1 forward feed motion	17	Y54	
TAPE	4	Tape feed	18		
+ 24 V			19	Y54	
Y51	5	Tape knife	20	Y51	
BAF	6	Tape error	21	Switch/Quick	
+ 24 V			22	Y52/Y53	
Y53	7	Air jet feed motion	23	Y53	
Y52	8	Regulate air jet	24	Y52	

13 - 60 **PFAFF** 

## 14 Circuit diagrams





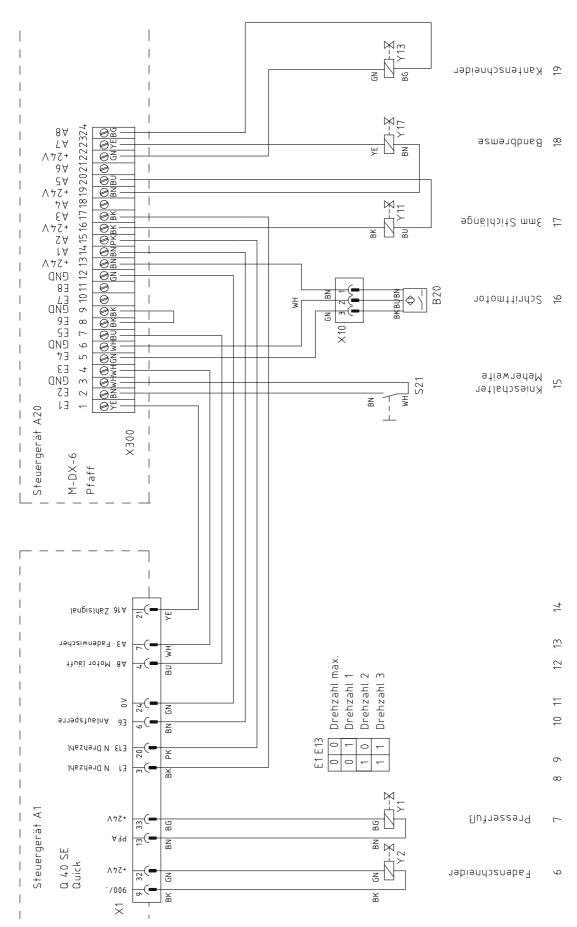
14 - 2 **PFAFF** 

# Reference list for the circuit diagrams

		3811-2/55	3811-11/55	3811-14/55	3811-11/65	3811-14/65	3811-14/71
A1	Controller Quick Q 40 SE	•	•	•	•	•	•
A20	Fullness control unit	•	•	•	•	•	•
A50	Tape control						•
B20	Sensor stepping motor	•	•	•	•	•	$  \bullet  $
B50	Photoelectric beam						•
G1	Quick control panel (OC-TOP)	•	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b>	•	•	
G20	Graphics control panel				•	•	•
G21	20 control panel	•	•	•	•	•	
G50	Graphics control panel (optional)						•
H1	Sewing lamp						
M1	Sewing motor	•	•	•	•	•	•
M20	Fullness stepping motor	•	•	•	•	•	•
M50	Tape feed steppingmotor						•
Q1	Main switch	•	•	•	•	•	•
S1	Command for pedal	•	•	•	•	•	•
S20	Edge trimmer			•		•	•
S21	Knee switch for fullness	•	•	•	•	•	•
Y1	Presserfoot	•	•	•	•	•	•
Y2	Thread trimmer	<b>A</b>	•	<b>A</b>		•	•
Y11	3 mm stitch length		•	•	•	•	
Y17	Tape brake		•	<b>A</b>	•	•	
Y13	Edge trimmer			•		•	•
Y51	Cut tape						•
Y52	Regulate air jet						•
Y53	Air jet feed motion						•
Y54	Air jet front feed motion						•

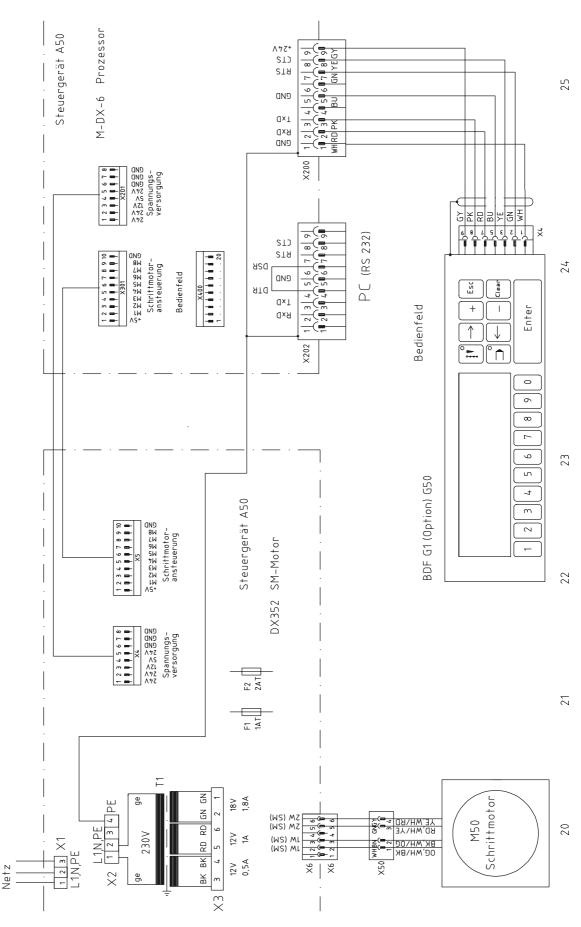
<sup>▲</sup> connectable (optional)

#### Controller A1 and A20 for sub-classes -11/55, -11/65, -14/55, -14/65

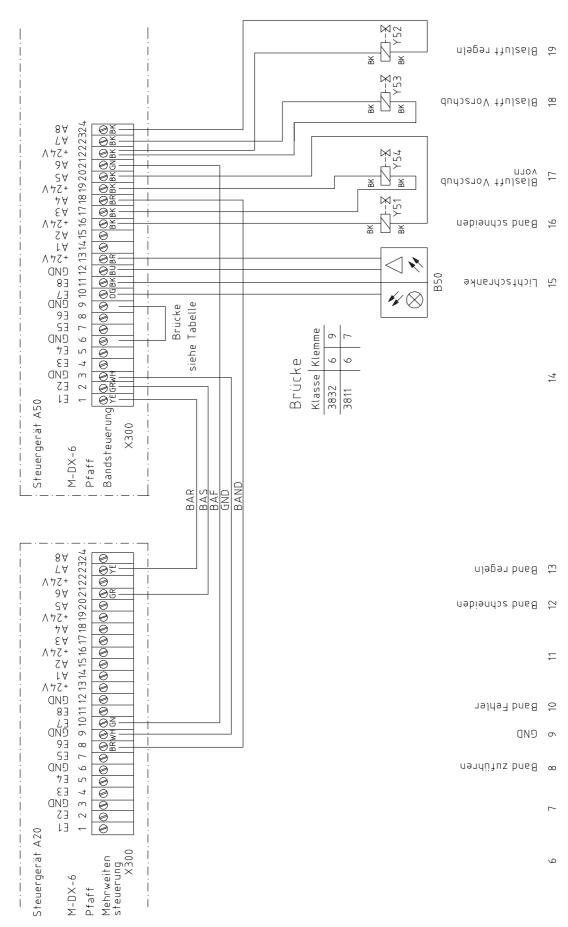


14 - 4 **PFAFF** 

### Tape control unit A50

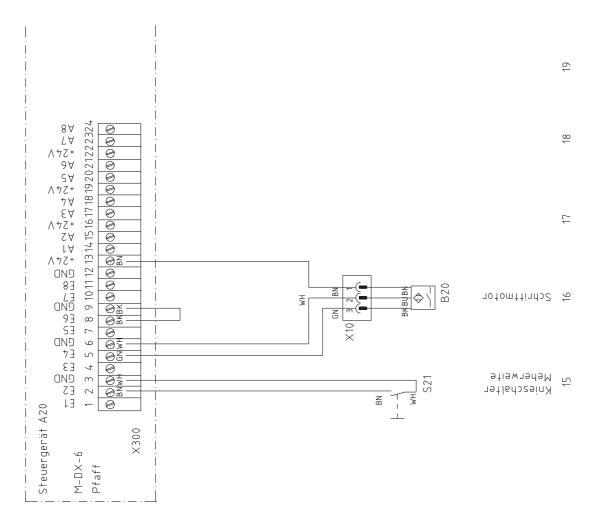


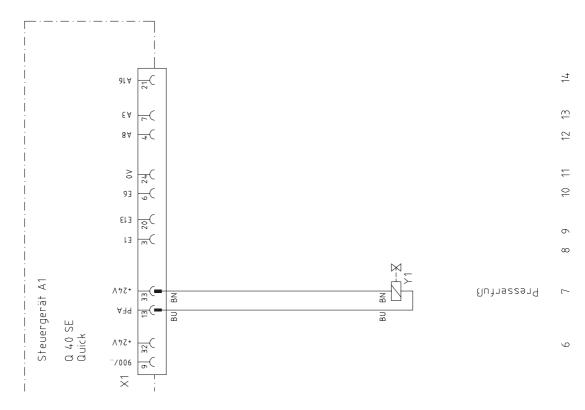
#### Tape control unit A20 and A50



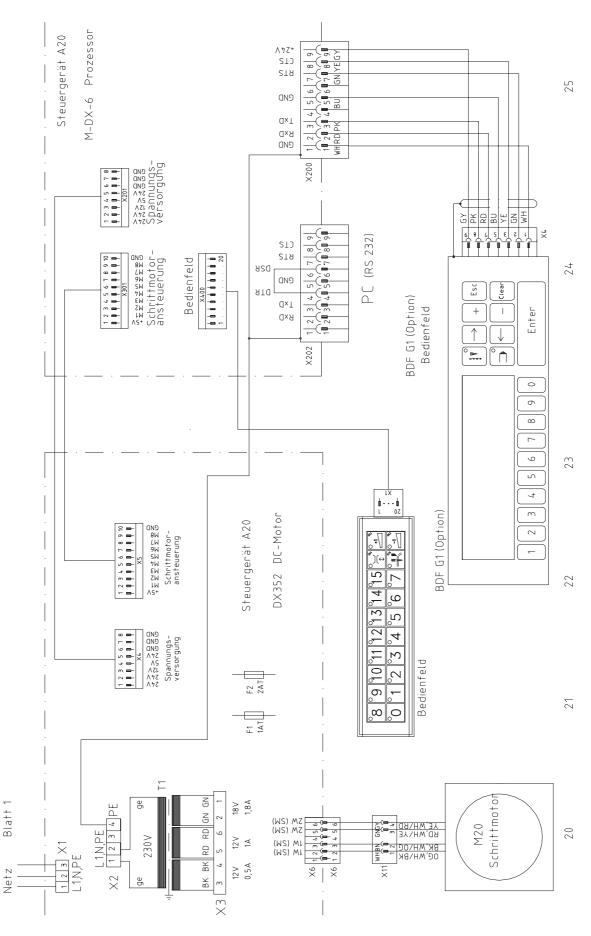
14 - 6 **PFAFF** 

#### Controller A1 and A 20 for sub-class -2/55



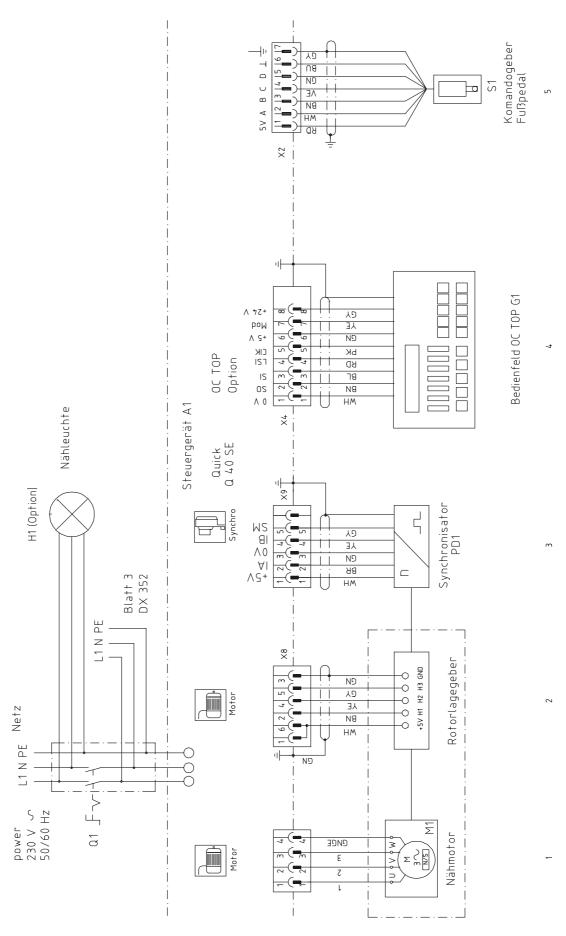


#### Controller A 20 for sub-classes -2/55, -11/55, -11/65

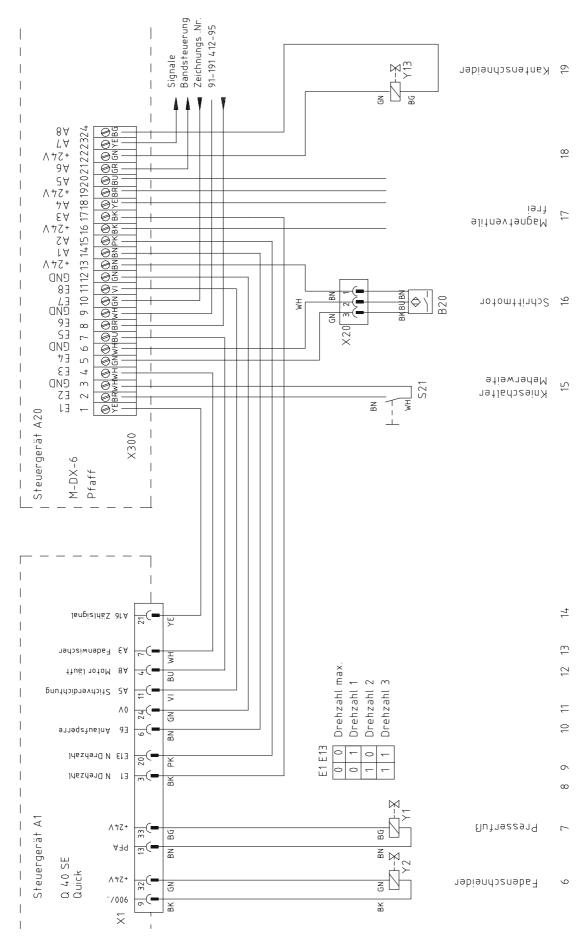


14 - 8 **PFAFF** 

### Sewing motor for sub-class -14/71

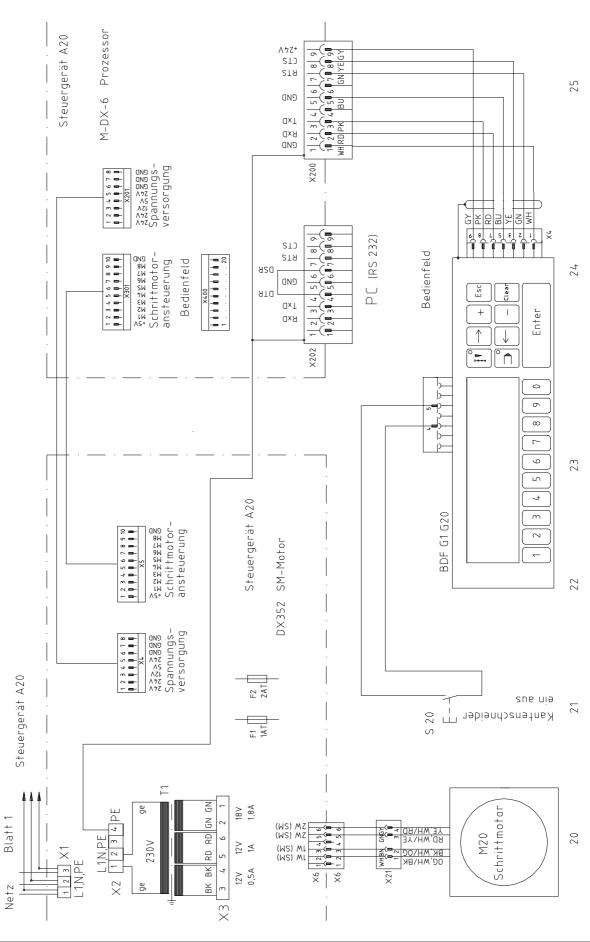


#### Controller A1 and A20 for sub-class -14/71

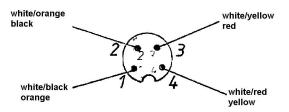


14 - 10 **PFAFF** 

#### Controller A20 for sub-class -14/71



## Typ: HY 200 - 2232-160 B8 Firma: MAF



Stepper motor for 3811-11/35 is #91-093 059-91
Stepper motor for 3811-11/55 or 11/65 is #71-52 00-0056

Anschlußbild

\_! Auf Anschlusse gesehen)





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